1	ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AMENDMENTS
2	2020 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jacob L. Anderegg
5	House Sponsor: Marc K. Roberts
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions relating to administrative rulemaking.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	creates and modifies definitions;
13	 creates a director position within the Office of Administrative Rules and defines the
14	duties of the director;
15	 requires the Office of Administrative Rules to make administrative rules regarding
16	the administrative rulemaking process;
17	 modifies the duties of the executive director of the Department of Administrative
18	Rules;
19	 clarifies that rulemaking grants in education related sections are subject to the Utah
20	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
21	makes technical changes.
22	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
23	None
24	Other Special Clauses:
25	None
26	Utah Code Sections Affected:
27	AMENDS:



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             53E-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
29
             53E-3-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
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             53E-3-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 187
31
             53E-3-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 226
32
             53E-3-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
33
             53E-3-512, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
34
             53E-3-516, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 324
             53E-3-519, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 41
35
36
             53E-4-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
37
             53E-4-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
             53E-4-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
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             53E-4-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
40
             53E-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
             53E-5-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
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             53E-5-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
43
             53E-5-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
44
             53E-5-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
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             53E-5-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
             53E-6-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
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47
             53E-6-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
             53E-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
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49
             53E-6-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
50
             53E-6-903, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 487
51
             53E-8-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186, 314, and 324
52
             53E-8-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 314
53
             53E-8-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 314
54
             53E-9-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 87, 175, 186, and 342
55
             53E-9-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
56
             53E-9-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
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             53E-9-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
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             53E-9-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
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59	53E-10-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 324
60	53E-10-705, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
61	53F-2-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
62	53F-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
63	53F-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
64	53F-2-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
65	53F-2-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 324
66	53F-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 191
67	53F-2-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
68	53F-2-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 136 and 186
69	53F-2-415, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 446
70	53F-2-416, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 505
71	53F-2-417, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 408
72	53F-2-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
73	53F-2-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 324
74	53F-2-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
75	53F-2-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 324
76	53F-2-510, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 324
77	53F-2-511, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
78	53F-2-512, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 324
79	53F-2-513, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
80	53F-2-514, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
81	53F-2-520, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186 and renumbered and
82	amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 408
83	53F-4-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
84	53F-4-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
85	53F-4-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
86	53F-4-514, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
87	53F-5-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
88	53F-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 283
89	53F-5-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 324

90	53F-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
91	53F-5-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
92	53F-5-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
93	53F-5-212, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 173
94	53F-5-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
95	53F-5-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
96	53F-5-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 186 and 324
97	53F-5-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
98	53F-9-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
99	53G-4-410, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
100	53G-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
101	53G-5-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
102	53G-5-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
103	53G-5-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
104	53G-5-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
105	53G-5-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
106	53G-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 293 and 316
107	53G-6-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
108	53G-6-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
109	53G-6-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 202 and 293
110	53G-7-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
111	53G-7-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 223 and 293
112	53G-7-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 223 and 293
113	53G-7-1004, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
114	53G-7-1206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 293 and 505
115	53G-7-1304 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 505
116	53G-7-1306 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 505
117	53G-8-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 293 and 441
118	53G-8-802, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 441
119	53G-9-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
120	53G-9-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293

121	53G-9-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
122	53G-10-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
123	53G-10-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 196 and 293
124	53G-10-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
125	53G-10-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
126	53G-10-507, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
127	53G-10-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 293 and 325
128	53G-11-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 205
129	53G-11-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
130	53G-11-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
131	53G-11-510, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
132	53G-11-511, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 293 and 324
133	53G-11-518, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
134	63A-1-105.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
135	63G-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 281
136	63G-3-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 325
137	63G-3-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 454
138	63G-3-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 193
139	63G-3-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 193
140	63G-3-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 193
141	63G-3-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 181
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143 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

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Section 1. Section **53E-1-102** is amended to read:

53E-1-102. Public education code definitions.

Unless otherwise indicated, as used in this title, Title 53F, Public Education System --

- Funding, and Title 53G, Public Education System -- Local Administration:
- 148 (1) "Charter agreement" means an agreement made in accordance with Section
- 149 53G-5-303 that authorizes the operation of a charter school.
- 150 (2) "Charter school governing board" means the board that governs a charter school.
- 151 (3) "District school" means a public school under the control of a local school board.

152	(4) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement for a
153	student with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the
154	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
155	(5) "LEA governing board" means:
156	(a) for a school district, the local school board;
157	(b) for a charter school, the charter school governing board; or
158	(c) for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, the state board.
159	(6) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:
160	(a) a school district;
161	(b) a charter school; or
162	(c) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
163	(7) "Local school board" means a board elected under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Part 2,
164	Election of Members of Local Boards of Education.
165	(8) "Minimum School Program" means the same as that term is defined in Section
166	53F-2-102.
167	(9) "Parent" means a parent or legal guardian.
168	(10) "Public education code" means:
169	(a) this title;
170	(b) Title 53F, Public Education System Funding; and
171	(c) Title 53G, Public Education System Local Administration.
172	[(11) "Rule" means a rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
173	Administrative Rulemaking Act.]
174	[(12)] (11) "Section 504 accommodation plan" means a plan developed in accordance
175	with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 701 et seq., for a student
176	with a disability, to meet the student's educational needs and ensure equitable access to a free
177	appropriate public education.
178	[(13)] (12) "State board" means the State Board of Education.
179	[(14)] (13) "State superintendent" means the state superintendent of public instruction
180	appointed under Section 53E-3-301.
181	Section 2. Section 53E-3-401 is amended to read:
182	53E-3-401. Powers of the state board Adoption of rules Enforcement

183	Attorney.
184	(1) As used in this section:
185	(a) "Education entity" means:
186	(i) an entity that receives a distribution of state funds through a grant program managed
187	by the state board under this public education code;
188	(ii) an entity that enters into a contract with the state board to provide an educational
189	good or service;
190	(iii) a school district; or
191	(iv) a charter school.
192	(b) "Educational good or service" means a good or service that is required or regulated
193	under:
194	(i) this public education code; or
195	(ii) a rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
196	Rulemaking Act, and authorized under this public education code.
197	(2) (a) The state board has general control and supervision of the state's public
198	education system.
199	(b) "General control and supervision" as used in Utah Constitution, Article X, Section
200	3, means directed to the whole system.
201	(3) The state board may not govern, manage, or operate school districts, institutions,
202	and programs, unless granted that authority by statute.
203	(4) (a) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
204	Rulemaking Act, the state board may make rules to execute the state board's duties and
205	responsibilities under the Utah Constitution and state law.
206	(b) The state board may delegate the state board's statutory duties and responsibilities
207	to state board employees.
208	(5) (a) The state board may sell any interest it holds in real property upon a finding by
209	the state board that the property interest is surplus.
210	(b) The state board may use the money it receives from a sale under Subsection (5)(a)
211	for capital improvements, equipment, or materials, but not for personnel or ongoing costs.
212	(c) If the property interest under Subsection (5)(a) was held for the benefit of an agency

or institution administered by the state board, the money may only be used for purposes related

214 to the agency or institution.

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- (d) The state board shall advise the Legislature of any sale under Subsection (5)(a) and related matters during the next following session of the Legislature.
- (6) The state board shall develop policies and procedures related to federal educational programs in accordance with Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs.
- (7) On or before December 31, 2010, the state board shall review mandates or requirements provided for in state board rule to determine whether certain mandates or requirements could be waived to remove funding pressures on public schools on a temporary basis.
- (8) (a) If an education entity violates this public education code or rules authorized under this public education code, the state board may, in accordance with the rules described in Subsection (8)(c):
- 226 (i) require the education entity to enter into a corrective action agreement with the state 227 board;
 - (ii) temporarily or permanently withhold state funds from the education entity;
 - (iii) require the education entity to pay a penalty; or
 - (iv) require the education entity to reimburse specified state funds to the state board.
 - (b) Except for temporarily withheld funds, if the state board collects state funds under Subsection (8)(a), the state board shall pay the funds into the Uniform School Fund.
 - (c) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules:
 - (i) that require notice and an opportunity to be heard for an education entity affected by a state board action described in Subsection (8)(a); and
 - (ii) to administer this Subsection (8).
 - (d) (i) An individual may bring a violation of statute or state board rule to the attention of the state board in accordance with a process described in rule adopted by the state board.
 - (ii) If the state board identifies a violation of statute or state board rule as a result of the process described in Subsection (8)(d)(i), the state board may take action in accordance with this section.
 - (e) The state board shall report criminal conduct of an education entity to the district attorney of the county where the education entity is located.

243	(9) The state board may addit the use of state funds by an education entity that receive
246	those state funds as a distribution from the state board.
247	(10) The state board may require, by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
248	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that if an LEA contracts with a third party contractor
249	for an educational good or service, the LEA shall require in the contract that the third party
250	contractor shall provide, upon request of the LEA, information necessary for the LEA to verify
251	that the educational good or service complies with:
252	(a) this public education code; and
253	(b) state board rule authorized under this public education code.
254	(11) (a) The state board may appoint an attorney to provide legal advice to the state
255	board and coordinate legal affairs for the state board and the state board's employees.
256	(b) An attorney described in Subsection (11)(a) shall cooperate with the Office of the
257	Attorney General.
258	(c) An attorney described in Subsection (11)(a) may not:
259	(i) conduct litigation;
260	(ii) settle claims covered by the Risk Management Fund created in Section 63A-4-201
261	or
262	(iii) issue formal legal opinions.
263	(12) The state board shall ensure that any training or certification that an employee of
264	the public education system is required to complete under this title or by rule complies with
265	Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements.
266	Section 3. Section 53E-3-503 is amended to read:
267	53E-3-503. Education of individuals in custody of or receiving services from
268	certain state agencies Establishment of coordinating council Advisory councils.
269	(1) (a) The state board is directly responsible for the education of all individuals who
270	are:
271	(i) (A) younger than 21 years old; or
272	(B) eligible for special education services as described in Chapter 7, Part 2, Special
273	Education Program; and
274	(ii) (A) receiving services from the Department of Human Services;
275	(B) in the custody of an equivalent agency of a Native American tribe recognized by

the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs and whose custodial parent resides within the state; or

(C) being held in a juvenile detention facility.

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- (b) The state board shall make rules <u>in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,</u> to provide for the distribution of funds for the education of individuals described in Subsection (1)(a).
- (2) Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) does not apply to an individual taken into custody for the primary purpose of obtaining access to education programs provided for youth in custody.
- (3) The state board shall, where feasible, contract with school districts or other appropriate agencies to provide educational, administrative, and supportive services, but the state board shall retain responsibility for the programs.
- (4) The Legislature shall establish and maintain separate education budget categories for youth in custody or who are under the jurisdiction of the following state agencies:
- (a) detention centers and the Divisions of Juvenile Justice Services and Child and Family Services;
 - (b) the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health; and
 - (c) the Division of Services for People with Disabilities.
- (5) (a) The Department of Human Services and the state board shall appoint a coordinating council to plan, coordinate, and recommend budget, policy, and program guidelines for the education and treatment of persons in the custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services and the Division of Child and Family Services.
- (b) The Department of Human Services and the state board may appoint similar councils for those in the custody of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health or the Division of Services for People with Disabilities.
- (6) A school district contracting to provide services under Subsection (3) shall establish an advisory council to plan, coordinate, and review education and treatment programs for individuals held in custody in the district.
 - Section 4. Section **53E-3-505** is amended to read:
- 304 53E-3-505. Financial and economic literacy education.
- 305 (1) As used in this section:
- 306 (a) "Financial and economic activities" include activities related to the topics listed in

307	Subsection (1)(b).
308	(b) "Financial and economic literacy concepts" include concepts related to the
309	following topics:
310	(i) basic budgeting;
311	(ii) saving and financial investments;
312	(iii) banking and financial services, including balancing a checkbook or a bank account
313	and online banking services;
314	(iv) career management, including earning an income;
315	(v) rights and responsibilities of renting or buying a home;
316	(vi) retirement planning;
317	(vii) loans and borrowing money, including interest, credit card debt, predatory
318	lending, and payday loans;
319	(viii) insurance;
320	(ix) federal, state, and local taxes;
321	(x) charitable giving;
322	(xi) identity fraud and theft;
323	(xii) negative financial consequences of gambling;
324	(xiii) bankruptcy;
325	(xiv) economic systems, including a description of:
326	(A) a command system such as socialism or communism, a market system such as
327	capitalism, and a mixed system; and
328	(B) historic and current examples of the effects of each economic system on economic
329	growth;
330	(xv) supply and demand;
331	(xvi) monetary and fiscal policy;
332	(xvii) effective business plan creation, including using economic analysis in creating a
333	plan;
334	(xviii) scarcity and choices;
335	(xix) opportunity cost and tradeoffs;
336	(xx) productivity;
337	(xxi) entrepreneurism; and

338	(xxii) economic reasoning.
339	(c) "General financial literacy course" means the course of instruction administered by
340	the state board under Subsection (3).
341	(2) The state board shall:
342	(a) more fully integrate existing and new financial and economic literacy education into
343	instruction in kindergarten through grade 12 by:
344	(i) coordinating financial and economic literacy instruction with existing instruction in
345	other areas of the core standards for Utah public schools, such as mathematics and social
346	studies;
347	(ii) using curriculum mapping;
348	(iii) creating training materials and staff development programs that:
349	(A) highlight areas of potential coordination between financial and economic literacy
350	education and other core standards for Utah public schools concepts; and
351	(B) demonstrate specific examples of financial and economic literacy concepts as a
352	way of teaching other core standards for Utah public schools concepts; and
353	(iv) using appropriate financial and economic literacy assessments to improve financial
354	and economic literacy education and, if necessary, developing assessments;
355	(b) work with interested public, private, and nonprofit entities to:
356	(i) identify, and make available to teachers, online resources for financial and
357	economic literacy education, including modules with interactive activities and turnkey
358	instructor resources;
359	(ii) coordinate school use of existing financial and economic literacy education
360	resources;
361	(iii) develop simple, clear, and consistent messaging to reinforce and link existing
362	financial literacy resources;
363	(iv) coordinate the efforts of school, work, private, nonprofit, and other financial
364	education providers in implementing methods of appropriately communicating to teachers,
365	students, and parents key financial and economic literacy messages; and
366	(v) encourage parents and students to establish higher education savings, including a
367	Utah Educational Savings Plan account;
368	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

369	make rules to develop guidelines and methods for school districts and charter schools to more
370	fully integrate financial and economic literacy education into other core standards for Utah
371	public schools courses; and
372	(d) in cooperation with school districts, charter schools, and interested private and
373	nonprofit entities, provide opportunities for professional development in financial and
374	economic literacy concepts to teachers, including:
375	(i) a statewide learning community for financial and economic literacy;
376	(ii) summer workshops; and
377	(iii) online videos of experts in the field of financial and economic literacy education.
378	(3) The state board shall:
379	(a) administer a general financial literacy course in the same manner that the state
380	board administers other core standards for Utah public school courses for grades 9 through 12;
381	(b) adopt standards and objectives for the general financial literacy course that address
382	(i) financial and economic literacy concepts;
383	(ii) the costs of going to college, student loans, scholarships, and the Free Application
384	for Federal Student Aid;
385	(iii) financial benefits of pursuing concurrent enrollment as defined in Section
386	53E-10-301; and
387	(iv) technology that relates to banking, savings, and financial products; and
388	(c) (i) contract with a provider, through a request for proposals process, to develop an
389	online, end-of-course assessment for the general financial literacy course;
390	(ii) require a school district or charter school to administer an online, end-of-course
391	assessment to a student who takes the general financial literacy course; and
392	(iii) develop a plan, through the state superintendent, to analyze the results of an
393	online, end-of-course assessment in general financial literacy that includes:
394	(A) an analysis of assessment results by standard; and
395	(B) average scores statewide and by school district and school.
396	(4) (a) The state board shall establish a task force to study and make recommendations
397	to the state board on how to improve financial and economic literacy education in the public
398	school system.

399	(b) The task force membership shall include representatives of:
400	(i) the state board;
401	(ii) school districts and charter schools;
402	(iii) the State Board of Regents; and
403	(iv) private or public entities that teach financial education and share a commitment to
404	empower individuals and families to achieve economic stability, opportunity, and upward
405	mobility.
406	(c) The state board shall convene the task force at least once every three years to
407	review and recommend adjustments to the standards and objectives of the general financial
408	literacy course.
409	Section 5. Section 53E-3-508 is amended to read:
410	53E-3-508. Rulemaking Standards for high quality programs operating outside
411	of the regular school day.
412	(1) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
413	Act, the state board shall, in consultation with the Department of Workforce Services, make
414	rules that describe the standards for a high quality program operating outside of the regular
415	school day:
416	(a) for elementary or secondary students; and
417	(b) offered by a:
418	(i) school district;
419	(ii) charter school;
420	(iii) private provider, including a non-profit provider; or
421	(iv) municipality.
422	(2) The standards described in Subsection (1) shall specify that a high quality program
423	operating outside of the regular school day:
424	(a) provides a safe, healthy, and nurturing environment for all participants;
425	(b) develops and maintains positive relationships among staff, participants, families,
426	schools, and communities;
427	(c) encourages participants to learn new skills; and
428	(d) is effectively administered.
429	Section 6. Section 53E-3-512 is amended to read:

430	53E-3-512. State board rules establishing basic ethical conduct standards
431	Local school board policies.
432	(1) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
433	Act, the state board shall make rules that establish basic ethical conduct standards for public
434	education employees who provide education-related services outside of their regular
435	employment to their current or prospective public school students.
436	(2) The rules shall provide that a local school board may adopt policies implementing
437	the standards and addressing circumstances present in the district.
438	Section 7. Section 53E-3-516 is amended to read:
439	53E-3-516. School disciplinary and law enforcement action report Rulemaking
440	authority.
441	(1) As used in this section:
442	(a) "Disciplinary action" means an action by a public school meant to formally
443	discipline a student of that public school that includes a suspension or expulsion.
444	(b) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
445	77-7a-103.
446	(c) "Minor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-6-201.
447	(d) "Other law enforcement activity" means a significant law enforcement interaction
448	with a minor that does not result in an arrest, including:
449	(i) a search and seizure by an SRO;
450	(ii) issuance of a criminal citation;
451	(iii) issuance of a ticket or summons;
452	(iv) filing a delinquency petition; or
453	(v) referral to a probation officer.
454	(e) "School is in session" means the hours of a day during which a public school
455	conducts instruction for which student attendance is counted toward calculating average daily
456	membership.
457	(f) (i) "School-sponsored activity" means an activity, fundraising event, club, camp,
458	clinic, or other event or activity that is authorized by a specific public school, according to LEA
459	governing board policy, and satisfies at least one of the following conditions:
460	(A) the activity is managed or supervised by a school district, public school, or public

401	school employee;
462	(B) the activity uses the school district or public school facilities, equipment, or other
463	school resources; or
464	(C) the activity is supported or subsidized, more than inconsequentially, by public
465	funds, including the public school's activity funds or Minimum School Program dollars.
466	(ii) "School-sponsored activity" includes preparation for and involvement in a public
467	performance, contest, athletic competition, demonstration, display, or club activity.
468	(g) "Student resource officer" or "SRO" means the same as that term is defined in
469	Section 53G-8-701.
470	(2) Beginning on July 1, 2020, the state board, in collaboration with school districts,
471	charter schools, and law enforcement agencies, shall develop an annual report regarding the
472	following incidents that occur on school grounds while school is in session or during a
473	school-sponsored activity:
474	(a) arrests of a minor;
475	(b) other law enforcement activities; and
476	(c) disciplinary actions.
477	(3) The report described in Subsection (2) shall include the following information by
478	school district and charter school:
479	(a) the number of arrests of a minor, including the reason why the minor was arrested;
480	(b) the number of other law enforcement activities, including the following information
481	for each incident:
482	(i) the reason for the other law enforcement activity; and
483	(ii) the type of other law enforcement activity used;
484	(c) the number of disciplinary actions imposed, including:
485	(i) the reason for the disciplinary action; and
486	(ii) the type of disciplinary action; and
487	(d) the number of SROs employed.
488	(4) The report described in Subsection (2) shall include the following information, in
489	aggregate, for each element described in Subsections (3)(a) through (c):
490	(a) age;
491	(b) grade level;

492	(c) race;
493	(d) sex; and
494	(e) disability status.
495	(5) Information included in the annual report described in Subsection (2) shall comply
496	with:
497	(a) Chapter 9, Part 3, Student Data Protection;
498	(b) Chapter 9, Part 2, Student Privacy; and
499	(c) the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1232g and 1232h.
500	(6) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
501	Act, the state board shall make rules to compile the report described in Subsection (2).
502	(7) The state board shall provide the report described in Subsection (2) in accordance
503	with Section 53E-1-203 for incidents that occurred during the previous school year.
504	Section 8. Section 53E-3-519 is amended to read:
505	53E-3-519. School counselor services.
506	(1) No later than July 1, 2019, the state board shall make rules in accordance with Title
507	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, specifying:
508	(a) the recommended direct and indirect services a school counselor may provide;
509	(b) the recommended amount of time a school counselor may spend on direct and
510	indirect services; and
511	(c) recommended activities for a school counselor.
512	(2) No later than November 30, 2019, the state board shall prepare and submit to the
513	Education Interim Committee a report on the state board's strategic efforts to address
514	counseling services in schools.
515	Section 9. Section 53E-4-205 is amended to read:
516	53E-4-205. American civics education initiative.
517	(1) As used in this section:
518	(a) "Adult education program" means an organized educational program below the
519	postsecondary level, other than a regular full-time K-12 secondary education program,
520	provided by an LEA or nonprofit organization that provides the opportunity for an adult to
521	further the adult's high school level education.
522	(b) "Basic civics test" means a test that includes 50 of the 100 questions on the civics

523	test form used by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services:
524	(i) to determine that an individual applying for United States citizenship meets the
525	basic citizenship skills specified in 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1423; and
526	(ii) in accordance with 8 C.F.R. Sec. 312.2.
527	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the state board shall require:
528	(i) a public school student who graduates on or after January 1, 2016, to pass a basic
529	civics test as a condition for receiving a high school diploma; and
530	(ii) a student enrolled in an adult education program to pass a basic civics test as a
531	condition for receiving an adult education secondary diploma.
532	(b) The state board may require a public school student to pass an alternate assessment
533	instead of a basic civics test if the student qualifies for an alternate assessment, as defined in
534	state board rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
535	Rulemaking Act.
536	(3) An individual who correctly answers a minimum of 35 out of the 50 questions on a
537	basic civics test passes the test and an individual who correctly answers fewer than 35 out of 50
538	questions on a basic civics test does not pass the test.
539	(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
540	Act, the state board shall make rules that:
541	(a) require an LEA that serves secondary students to administer a basic civics test or
542	alternate assessment to a public school student enrolled in the LEA;
543	(b) require an adult education program provider to administer a basic civics test to an
544	individual who intends to receive an adult education secondary diploma;
545	(c) allow an individual to take a basic civics test as many times as needed in order to
546	pass the test; and
547	(d) for the alternate assessment described in Subsection (2)(b), describe:
548	(i) the content of an alternate assessment;
549	(ii) how a public school student qualifies for an alternate assessment; and
550	(iii) how an LEA determines if a student passes an alternate assessment.
551	Section 10. Section 53E-4-206 is amended to read:
552	53E-4-206. Career and college readiness mathematics competency standards.
553	(1) As used in this section, "qualifying score" means a score established as described in

554	Subsection (4), that, if met by a student, qualifies the student to receive college credit for a
555	mathematics course that satisfies the state system of higher education quantitative literacy
556	requirement.
557	(2) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
558	Act, the state board shall make rules that:
559	(a) (i) establish the mathematics competency standards described in Subsection (3) as a
560	graduation requirement beginning with the 2016-17 school year; and
561	(ii) include the qualifying scores described in Subsection (4); and
562	(b) establish systematic reporting of college and career ready mathematics
563	achievement.
564	(3) In addition to other graduation requirements established by the state board, a
565	student shall fulfill one of the following requirements to demonstrate mathematics competency
566	that supports the student's future college and career goals as outlined in the student's college
567	and career plan:
568	(a) for a student pursuing a college degree after graduation:
569	(i) receive a score that at least meets the qualifying score for:
570	(A) an Advanced Placement calculus or statistics exam;
571	(B) an International Baccalaureate higher level mathematics exam;
572	(C) a college-level math placement test described in Subsection (5);
573	(D) a College Level Examination Program precalculus or calculus exam; or
574	(E) the ACT Mathematics Test; or
575	(ii) receive at least a "C" grade in a concurrent enrollment mathematics course that
576	satisfies the state system of higher education quantitative literacy requirement;
577	(b) for a non college degree-seeking student, the student shall complete appropriate
578	math competencies for the student's career goals as described in the student's college and career
579	plan;
580	(c) for a student with an individualized education program prepared in accordance with
581	the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq., the student shall
582	meet the mathematics standards described in the student's individualized education program; or
583	(d) for a senior student with special circumstances as described in state board rule
584	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

585	student shall fulfill a requirement associated with the student's special circumstances, as
586	established in state board rule.
587	(4) The State Board of Regents shall, in consultation with the state board, determine
588	qualifying scores for the tests and exams described in Subsection (3)(a)(i).
589	(5) The State Board of Regents, established in Section 53B-1-103, shall make a policy
590	to select at least two tests for college-level math placement.
591	(6) The State Board of Regents shall, in consultation with the state board, make
592	policies to:
593	(a) develop mechanisms for a student who completes a math competency requirement
594	described in Subsection (3)(a) to:
595	(i) receive college credit; and
596	(ii) satisfy the state system of higher education quantitative literacy requirement;
597	(b) allow a student, upon completion of required high school mathematics courses with
598	at least a "C" grade, entry into a mathematics concurrent enrollment course;
599	(c) increase access to a range of mathematics concurrent enrollment courses;
600	(d) establish a consistent concurrent enrollment course approval process; and
601	(e) establish a consistent process to qualify high school teachers with an upper level
602	mathematics endorsement to teach entry level mathematics concurrent enrollment courses.
603	Section 11. Section 53E-4-302 is amended to read:
604	53E-4-302. Statewide assessments Duties of the state board.
605	(1) The state board shall:
606	(a) require the state superintendent to:
607	(i) submit and recommend statewide assessments to the state board for adoption by the
608	state board; and
609	(ii) distribute the statewide assessments adopted by the state board to a school district
610	or charter school;
611	(b) provide for the state to participate in the National Assessment of Educational
612	Progress state-by-state comparison testing program; and
613	(c) require a school district or charter school to administer statewide assessments.
614	(2) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking

Act, the state board shall make rules for the administration of statewide assessments.

616	(3) The state board shall ensure that statewide assessments are administered in
617	compliance with the requirements of Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection.
618	Section 12. Section 53E-4-408 is amended to read:
619	53E-4-408. Instructional materials alignment with core standards for Utah public
620	schools.
621	(1) For a school year beginning with or after the 2012-13 school year, a school district
622	may not purchase primary instructional materials unless the primary instructional materials
623	provider:
624	(a) contracts with an independent party to evaluate and map the alignment of the
625	primary instructional materials with the core standards for Utah public schools adopted under
626	Section 53E-3-501;
627	(b) provides a detailed summary of the evaluation under Subsection (1)(a) on a public
628	website at no charge, for use by teachers and the general public; and
629	(c) pays the costs related to the requirements of this Subsection (1).
630	(2) The requirements under Subsection (1) may not be performed by:
631	(a) the state board;
632	(b) the state superintendent or employees of the state board;
633	(c) the State Instructional Materials Commission appointed pursuant to Section
634	53E-4-402;
635	(d) a local school board or a school district; or
636	(e) the instructional materials creator or publisher.
637	(3) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
638	Act, the state board shall make rules that establish:
639	(a) the qualifications of the independent parties who may evaluate and map the
640	alignment of the primary instructional materials in accordance with the provisions of
641	Subsection (1)(a); and
642	(b) requirements for the detailed summary of the evaluation and its placement on a
643	public website in accordance with the provisions of Subsection (1)(b).
644	Section 13. Section 53E-5-202 is amended to read:
645	53E-5-202. Statewide school accountability system State board rulemaking.
646	(1) There is established a statewide school accountability system

647	(2) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
648	Act, the state board shall make rules to implement the school accountability system in
649	accordance with this part.
650	Section 14. Section 53E-5-301 is amended to read:
651	53E-5-301. Definitions.
652	As used in this part:
653	(1) "Charter school authorizer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
654	53G-5-102.
655	(2) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53E-6-102.
656	(3) "Final remedial year" means the second school year following the initial remedial
657	year.
658	(4) "Independent school turnaround expert" or "turnaround expert" means a person
659	identified by the state board under Section 53E-5-305.
660	(5) "Initial remedial year" means the school year a district school or charter school is
661	designated as a low performing school under Section 53E-5-302.
662	(6) "LEA governing board" means a local school board or charter school governing
663	board.
664	(7) "Low performing school" means a district school or charter school that has been
665	designated a low performing school by the state board because the school is:
666	(a) for two consecutive school years in the lowest performing 3% of schools statewide
667	according to the percentage of possible points earned under the school accountability system;
668	and
669	(b) a low performing school according to other outcome-based measures as may be
670	defined in rules made by the state board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
671	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
672	(8) "School accountability system" means the school accountability system established
673	in Part 2, School Accountability System.
674	(9) "School grade" or "grade" means the letter grade assigned to a school as the
675	school's overall rating under the school accountability system.
676	(10) "School turnaround committee" means a committee established under:
677	(a) for a district school, Section 53E-5-303; or

678	(b) for a charter school, Section 53E-5-304.
679	(11) "School turnaround plan" means a plan described in:
680	(a) for a district school, Section 53E-5-303; or
681	(b) for a charter school, Section 53E-5-304.
682	Section 15. Section 53E-5-305 is amended to read:
683	53E-5-305. State board to identify independent school turnaround experts
684	Review and approval of school turnaround plans Appeals process.
685	(1) The state board shall identify two or more approved independent school turnaround
686	experts, through a standard procurement process, that a low performing school may contract
687	with to:
688	(a) respond to the needs assessment conducted under Section 53E-5-302; and
689	(b) provide the services described in Section 53E-5-303 or 53E-5-304, as applicable.
690	(2) In identifying independent school turnaround experts under Subsection (1), the state
691	board shall identify experts that:
692	(a) have a credible track record of improving student academic achievement in public
693	schools with various demographic characteristics, as measured by statewide assessments
694	described in Section 53E-4-301;
695	(b) have experience designing, implementing, and evaluating data-driven instructional
696	systems in public schools;
697	(c) have experience coaching public school administrators and teachers on designing
698	data-driven school improvement plans;
699	(d) have experience working with the various education entities that govern public
700	schools;
701	(e) have experience delivering high-quality professional development in instructional
702	effectiveness to public school administrators and teachers; and
703	(f) are willing to partner with any low performing school in the state, regardless of
704	location.
705	(3) (a) The state board shall:
706	(i) review a proposal submitted for approval under Section 53E-5-303 or 53E-5-304 no
707	later than 30 days after the day on which the proposal is submitted;

(ii) review a school turnaround plan submitted for approval under Subsection

709	53E-5-303(7)(b) or under Subsection 53E-5-304(9)(b) within 30 days of submission; and
710	(iii) approve a school turnaround plan that:
711	(A) is timely;
712	(B) is well-developed; and
713	(C) meets the criteria described in Subsection 53E-5-303(5).
714	(b) The state board may not approve a school turnaround plan that is not aligned with
715	the needs assessment conducted under Section 53E-5-302.
716	(4) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, when a school turnaround plan is approved
717	by the state board, the state board shall distribute funds to each LEA governing board with a
718	low performing school to carry out the provisions of Sections 53E-5-303 and 53E-5-304.
719	(b) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
720	Act, the state board shall make rules establishing a distribution method and allowable uses of
721	the funds described in Subsection (4)(a).
722	(5) The state board shall:
723	(a) monitor and assess progress toward the goals, benchmarks and timetable in each
724	school turnaround plan; and
725	(b) act as a liaison between a local school board, low performing school, and
726	turnaround expert.
727	(6) (a) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
728	Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules to establish an appeals process for:
729	(i) a low performing district school that is not granted approval from the district
730	school's local school board under Subsection 53E-5-303(7)(b);
731	(ii) a low performing charter school that is not granted approval from the charter
732	school's charter school governing board under Subsection 53E-5-304(9)(b); and
733	(iii) a local school board or charter school governing board that is not granted approval
734	from the state board under Subsection (3)(a) or (b).
735	(b) The state board shall ensure that rules made under Subsection (6)(a) require an
736	appeals process described in:
737	(i) Subsections (6)(a)(i) and (ii) to be resolved on or before July 1 of the initial
738	remedial year; and

(ii) Subsection (6)(a)(iii) to be resolved on or before August 15 of the initial remedial

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740	year.
741	(7) The state board may use up to 4% of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to
742	carry out the provisions of this part for administration if the amount for administration is
743	approved by the state board in an open meeting.
744	Section 16. Section 53E-5-306 is amended to read:
745	53E-5-306. Implications for failing to improve school performance.
746	(1) As used in this section, "high performing charter school" means a charter school
747	that:
748	(a) satisfies all requirements of state law and state board rules made in accordance with
749	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
750	(b) meets or exceeds standards for student achievement established by the charter
751	school's charter school authorizer; and
752	(c) has received at least a B grade under the school accountability system in the
753	previous two school years.
754	(2) (a) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
755	Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules establishing:
756	(i) exit criteria for a low performing school;
757	(ii) criteria for granting a school an extension as described in Subsection (3); and
758	(iii) implications for a low performing school that does not meet exit criteria after the
759	school's final remedial year or the last school year of the extension period described in
760	Subsection (3).
761	(b) In establishing exit criteria for a low performing school the state board shall:
762	(i) determine for each low performing school the number of points awarded under the
763	school accountability system in the final remedial year that represent a substantive and
764	statistically significant improvement over the number of points awarded under the school
765	accountability system in the school year immediately preceding the initial remedial year;
766	(ii) establish a method to estimate the exit criteria after a low performing school's first
767	remedial year to provide a target for each low performing school; and
768	(iii) use generally accepted statistical practices.

(c) The state board shall through a competitively awarded contract engage a third party

with expertise in school accountability and assessments to verify the criteria adopted under this

//1	Subsection (2).
772	(3) (a) A low performing school may petition the state board for an extension to
773	continue school improvement efforts for up to two years if the low performing school does not
774	meet the exit criteria established by the state board as described in Subsection (2).
775	(b) A school that has been granted an extension under this Subsection (3) is eligible
776	for:
777	(i) continued funding under Section 53E-5-305; and
778	(ii) (A) the school teacher recruitment and retention incentive under Section
779	53E-5-308; or
780	(B) the School Recognition and Reward Program under Section 53E-5-307.
781	(4) If a low performing school does not meet exit criteria after the school's final
782	remedial year or the last school year of the extension period, the state board may intervene by:
783	(a) restructuring a district school, which may include:
784	(i) contract management;
785	(ii) conversion to a charter school; or
786	(iii) state takeover;
787	(b) restructuring a charter school by:
788	(i) terminating a school's charter agreement;
789	(ii) closing a charter school; or
790	(iii) transferring operation and control of the charter school to:
791	(A) a high performing charter school; or
792	(B) the school district in which the charter school is located; or
793	(c) other appropriate action as determined by the state board.
794	Section 17. Section 53E-5-308 is amended to read:
795	53E-5-308. Turnaround school teacher recruitment and retention.
796	(1) As used in this section, "plan" means a teacher recruitment and retention plan.
797	(2) On a date specified by the state board, an LEA governing board of a low
798	performing school shall submit to the state board for review and approval a plan to address
799	teacher recruitment and retention in a low performing school.
800	(3) The state board shall:
801	(a) review a plan submitted under Subsection (2);

802	(b) approve a plan if the plan meets criteria established by the state board in rules made
803	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
804	(c) subject to legislative appropriations, provide funding to an LEA governing board
805	for teacher recruitment and retention efforts identified in an approved plan if the LEA
806	governing board provides matching funds in an amount equal to at least the funding the low
807	performing school would receive from the state board.
808	(4) The money distributed under this section may only be expended to fund teacher
809	recruitment and retention efforts identified in an approved plan.
810	Section 18. Section 53E-5-309 is amended to read:
811	53E-5-309. School Leadership Development Program.
812	(1) As used in this section, "school leader" means a school principal or assistant
813	principal.
814	(2) There is created the School Leadership Development Program to increase the
815	number of highly effective school leaders capable of:
816	(a) initiating, achieving, and sustaining school improvement efforts; and
817	(b) forming and sustaining community partnerships as described in Section 53F-5-402.
818	(3) The state board shall identify one or more providers, through a request for
819	proposals process, to develop or provide leadership development training for school leaders
820	that:
821	(a) may provide in-depth training in proven strategies to turn around low performing
822	schools;
823	(b) may emphasize hands-on and job-embedded learning;
824	(c) aligns with the state's leadership standards established by state board rule;
825	(d) reflects the needs of a school district or charter school where a school leader serves
826	(e) may include training on using student achievement data to drive decisions;
827	(f) may develop skills in implementing and evaluating evidence-based instructional
828	practices;
829	(g) may develop skills in leading collaborative school improvement structures,
830	including professional learning communities; and
831	(h) includes instruction on forming and sustaining community partnerships as
832	described in Section 53F-5-402.

833	(4) Subject to legislative appropriations, the state board shall provide incentive pay to a
834	school leader who:
835	(a) completes leadership development training under this section; and
836	(b) agrees to work, for at least five years, in a school that received an F grade or D
837	grade under the school accountability system in the school year previous to the first year the
838	school leader:
839	(i) completes leadership development training; and
840	(ii) begins to work, or continues to work, in a school described in this Subsection
841	(4)(b).
842	(5) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state
843	board shall make rules specifying:
844	(a) eligibility criteria for a school leader to participate in the School Leadership
845	Development Program;
846	(b) application procedures for the School Leadership Development Program;
847	(c) criteria for selecting school leaders from the application pool; and
848	(d) procedures for awarding incentive pay under Subsection (4).
849	Section 19. Section 53E-6-201 is amended to read:
850	53E-6-201. State board licensure.
851	(1) To be fully implemented by July 1, 2020, and, if technology and funds are
852	available, the state board shall establish in rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
853	<u>Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act</u> , a system for educator licensing that includes:
854	(a) an associate educator license that permits an individual to provide educational
855	services in a public school while working to meet the requirements of a professional educator
856	license;
857	(b) a professional educator license that permits an individual to provide educational
858	services in a public school after demonstrating that the individual meets licensure requirements
859	established in state board rule; and
860	(c) an LEA-specific educator license issued by the state board at the request of an
861	LEA's governing body that is valid for an individual to provide educational services in the
862	requesting LEA's schools.
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- (3) (a) The state board may by rule <u>made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,</u> rank, endorse, or otherwise classify licenses and establish the criteria for obtaining, retaining, and reinstating licenses.
- (b) An educator who is enrolling in a course of study at an institution within the state system of higher education to satisfy the state board requirements for retaining a license is exempt from tuition, except for a semester registration fee established by the State Board of Regents, if:
- (i) the educator is enrolled on the basis of surplus space in the class after regularly enrolled students have been assigned and admitted to the class in accordance with regular procedures, normal teaching loads, and the institution's approved budget; and
- (ii) enrollments are determined by each institution under rules and guidelines established by the State Board of Regents in accordance with findings of fact that space is available for the educator's enrollment.
 - Section 20. Section **53E-6-301** is amended to read:

53E-6-301. Qualifications of applicants for licenses -- Changes in qualifications.

- (1) The state board shall establish by rule <u>made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,</u> the scholarship, training, and experience required of license applicants.
 - (2) (a) The state board shall announce any increase in the requirements when made.
- (b) An increase in requirements shall become effective not less than one year from the date of the announcement.
- (3) The state board may determine by examination or otherwise the qualifications of license applicants.
 - Section 21. Section **53E-6-302** is amended to read:

53E-6-302. Teacher preparation programs.

- (1) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules that establish standards for approval of a preparation program.
- 893 (2) The state board shall ensure that standards adopted under Subsection (1) meet or 894 exceed generally recognized national standards for preparation of educators.

895	(3) The state board shall designate an employee of the state board's staff to:
896	(a) work with education deans of state institutions of higher education to coordinate
897	on-site monitoring of teacher preparation programs that may include:
898	(i) monitoring courses for teacher preparation programs;
899	(ii) working with course instructors for teacher preparation programs; and
900	(iii) interviewing students admitted to teacher preparation programs;
901	(b) act as a liaison between:
902	(i) the state board;
903	(ii) local school boards or charter school governing boards; and
904	(iii) representatives of teacher preparation programs; and
905	(c) report the employee's findings and recommendations for the improvement of
906	teacher preparation programs to:
907	(i) the state board; and
908	(ii) education deans of state institutions of higher education.
909	(4) The state board shall:
910	(a) in good faith, consider the findings and recommendations described in Subsection
911	(3)(c); and
912	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
913	make rules, as the state board determines is necessary, to implement recommendations
914	described in Subsection (3)(c).
915	Section 22. Section 53E-6-902 is amended to read:
916	53E-6-902. Teacher leaders.
917	(1) As used in this section, "teacher" means an educator who has an assignment to
918	teach in a classroom.
919	(2) There is created the role of a teacher leader to:
920	(a) work with a student teacher and a teacher who supervises a student teacher;
921	(b) assist with the training of a recently hired teacher; and
922	(c) support school-based professional learning.
923	(3) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
924	Act, the state board shall make rules that:
925	(a) define the role of a teacher leader, including the functions described in Subsection

926	(2); and
927	(b) establish the minimum criteria for a teacher to qualify as a teacher leader.
928	(4) The state board shall solicit recommendations from school districts and educators
929	regarding:
930	(a) appropriate resources to provide a teacher leader; and
931	(b) appropriate ways to compensate a teacher leader.
932	Section 23. Section 53E-6-903 is amended to read:
933	53E-6-903. STEM education endorsements and incentive program.
934	(1) As used in this section, "STEM" means science, technology, engineering, and
935	mathematics.
936	(2) The state board shall:
937	(a) develop STEM education endorsements; and
938	(b) create and implement financial incentives for:
939	(i) an educator to earn an elementary or secondary STEM education endorsement
940	described in Subsection (2)(a); and
941	(ii) a school district or a charter school to have STEM endorsed educators on staff.
942	(3) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
943	Act, the state board shall make rules establishing the uses of STEM education endorsements
944	described in Subsection (2), including that:
945	(a) an incentive for an educator to take a course leading to a STEM education
946	endorsement may only be given for a course that carries higher-education credit; and
947	(b) a school district or a charter school may consider a STEM education endorsement
948	as part of an educator's salary schedule.
949	Section 24. Section 53E-8-204 is amended to read:
950	53E-8-204. Authority of the state board Rulemaking Superintendent
951	Advisory council.
952	(1) The state board is the governing board of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
953	Blind.
954	(2) (a) The state board shall appoint a superintendent for the Utah Schools for the Dear
955	and the Blind.
956	(b) The state hoard shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G. Chapter 3. Utah

957	Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the qualifications, terms of employment, and duties
958	of the superintendent for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
959	(3) The superintendent shall:
960	(a) subject to the approval of the state board, appoint an associate superintendent to
961	administer the Utah School for the Deaf based on:
962	(i) demonstrated competency as an expert educator of deaf persons; and
963	(ii) knowledge of school management and the instruction of deaf persons;
964	(b) subject to the approval of the state board, appoint an associate superintendent to
965	administer the Utah School for the Blind based on:
966	(i) demonstrated competency as an expert educator of blind persons; and
967	(ii) knowledge of school management and the instruction of blind persons, including ar
968	understanding of the unique needs and education of deafblind persons.
969	(4) (a) The state board shall:
970	(i) establish an advisory council for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind and
971	appoint no more than 11 members to the advisory council;
972	(ii) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
973	Rulemaking Act, regarding the operation of the advisory council; and
974	(iii) receive and consider the advice and recommendations of the advisory council but
975	is not obligated to follow the recommendations of the advisory council.
976	(b) The advisory council described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include at least:
977	(i) two members who are blind;
978	(ii) two members who are deaf; and
979	(iii) two members who are deafblind or parents of a deafblind child.
980	(5) The state board shall approve the annual budget and expenditures of the Utah
981	Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
982	(6) (a) The state board shall submit a report in accordance with Section 53E-1-201 on
983	the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
984	(b) The state board shall ensure that the report described in Subsection (6)(a) includes:
985	(i) a financial report;
986	(ii) a report on Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind programs and activities; and
987	(iii) a report of student academic performance.

988	Section 25. Section 53E-8-401 is amended to read:
989	53E-8-401. Eligibility for services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
990	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (3), (4), and (5), an individual is eligible to
991	receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the individual is:
992	(a) a resident of Utah;
993	(b) younger than 22 years of age;
994	(c) referred to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind by:
995	(i) the individual's school district of residence;
996	(ii) a local early intervention program; or
997	(iii) if the referral is consistent with the Individual with Disabilities Education Act, 20
998	U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq., the Parent Infant Program; and
999	(d) identified as deaf, blind, or deafblind through:
1000	(i) the special education eligibility determination process; or
1001	(ii) the Section 504 eligibility determination process.
1002	(2) (a) In determining eligibility for an individual who is younger than age three and is
1003	deafblind, the following information may be used:
1004	(i) opthalmological and audiological documentation;
1005	(ii) functional vision or hearing assessments and evaluations; or
1006	(iii) informed clinical opinion conducted by a person with expertise in deafness,
1007	blindness, or deafblindness.
1008	(b) Informed clinical opinion shall be:
1009	(i) included in the determination of eligibility when documentation is incomplete or not
1010	conclusive; and
1011	(ii) based on pertinent records related to the individual's current health status and
1012	medical history, an evaluation and observations of the individual's level of sensory functioning,
1013	and the needs of the family.
1014	(3) (a) A student who qualifies for special education shall have services and placement
1015	determinations made through the IEP process.
1016	(b) A student who qualifies for accommodations under Section 504 shall have services
1017	and placement determinations made through the Section 504 team process.

(4) (a) A nonresident may receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the

1019	Blind in accordance with the rules of the state board described in Subsection (6).
1020	(b) The rules shall require the payment of tuition for services provided to a
1021	nonresident.
1022	(5) An individual is eligible to receive services from the Utah Schools for the Deaf and
1023	the Blind under circumstances described in Section 53E-8-408.
1024	(6) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
1025	Act, the state board:
1026	(a) shall make rules that determine the eligibility of students to be served by the Utah
1027	Schools for the Deaf and the Blind; and
1028	(b) may make rules to allow a resident of Utah who is neither deaf, blind, nor deafblind
1029	to receive services of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind if the resident is younger
1030	than 22 years of age.
1031	Section 26. Section 53E-8-409 is amended to read:
1032	53E-8-409. Instructional Materials Access Center Board to make rules.
1033	(1) The state board shall collaborate with the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind,
1034	school districts, and charter schools in establishing the Utah State Instructional Materials
1035	Access Center to provide students with print disabilities access to instructional materials in
1036	alternate formats in a timely manner.
1037	(2) The state board shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1038	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
1039	(a) establish the Utah State Instructional Materials Access Center;
1040	(b) define how the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall collaborate in the
1041	operation of the Utah State Instructional Materials Access Center;
1042	(c) specify procedures for the operation of the Utah State Instructional Materials
1043	Access Center, including procedures to:
1044	(i) identify students who qualify for instructional materials in alternate formats; and
1045	(ii) distribute and store instructional materials in alternate formats; and
1046	(d) require textbook publishers, as a condition of contract, to provide electronic file
1047	sets in conformance with the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard.
1048	Section 27. Section 53E-9-301 is amended to read:
1049	53E-9-301. Definitions.

1050	As used in this part:
1051	(1) "Adult student" means a student who:
1052	(a) is at least 18 years old;
1053	(b) is an emancipated student; or
1054	(c) qualifies under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Education Assistance
1055	Improvements Act of 2001, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 11431 et seq.
1056	(2) "Aggregate data" means data that:
1057	(a) are totaled and reported at the group, cohort, school, school district, region, or state
1058	level with at least 10 individuals in the level;
1059	(b) do not reveal personally identifiable student data; and
1060	(c) are collected in accordance with state board rule.
1061	(3) (a) "Biometric identifier" means a:
1062	(i) retina or iris scan;
1063	(ii) fingerprint;
1064	(iii) human biological sample used for valid scientific testing or screening; or
1065	(iv) scan of hand or face geometry.
1066	(b) "Biometric identifier" does not include:
1067	(i) a writing sample;
1068	(ii) a written signature;
1069	(iii) a voiceprint;
1070	(iv) a photograph;
1071	(v) demographic data; or
1072	(vi) a physical description, such as height, weight, hair color, or eye color.
1073	(4) "Biometric information" means information, regardless of how the information is
1074	collected, converted, stored, or shared:
1075	(a) based on an individual's biometric identifier; and
1076	(b) used to identify the individual.
1077	(5) "Data breach" means an unauthorized release of or unauthorized access to
1078	personally identifiable student data that is maintained by an education entity.
1079	(6) "Data governance plan" means an education entity's comprehensive plan for
1080	managing education data that:

1081	(a) incorporates reasonable data industry best practices to maintain and protect student
1082	data and other education-related data;
1083	(b) describes the role, responsibility, and authority of an education entity data
1084	governance staff member;
1085	(c) provides for necessary technical assistance, training, support, and auditing;
1086	(d) describes the process for sharing student data between an education entity and
1087	another person;
1088	(e) describes the education entity's data expungement process, including how to
1089	respond to requests for expungement;
1090	(f) describes the data breach response process; and
1091	(g) is published annually and available on the education entity's website.
1092	(7) "Education entity" means:
1093	(a) the state board;
1094	(b) a local school board;
1095	(c) a charter school governing board;
1096	(d) a school district;
1097	(e) a charter school; or
1098	(f) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
1099	(8) "Expunge" means to seal or permanently delete data, as described in state board
1100	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1101	under Section 53E-9-306.
1102	(9) "General audience application" means an Internet website, online service, online
1103	application, mobile application, or software program that:
1104	(a) is not specifically intended for use by an audience member that attends kindergarten
1105	or a grade from 1 to 12, although an audience member may attend kindergarten or a grade from
1106	1 to 12; and
1107	(b) is not subject to a contract between an education entity and a third-party contractor.
1108	(10) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means:
1109	(a) a school district;
1110	(b) a charter school; or
1111	(c) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.

1112	(11) Metadata dictionary means a record that:
1113	(a) defines and discloses all personally identifiable student data collected and shared by
1114	the education entity;
1115	(b) comprehensively lists all recipients with whom the education entity has shared
1116	personally identifiable student data, including:
1117	(i) the purpose for sharing the data with the recipient;
1118	(ii) the justification for sharing the data, including whether sharing the data was
1119	required by federal law, state law, or a local directive; and
1120	(iii) how sharing the data is permitted under federal or state law; and
1121	(c) without disclosing personally identifiable student data, is displayed on the
1122	education entity's website.
1123	(12) "Necessary student data" means data required by state statute or federal law to
1124	conduct the regular activities of an education entity, including:
1125	(a) name;
1126	(b) date of birth;
1127	(c) sex;
1128	(d) parent contact information;
1129	(e) custodial parent information;
1130	(f) contact information;
1131	(g) a student identification number;
1132	(h) local, state, and national assessment results or an exception from taking a local,
1133	state, or national assessment;
1134	(i) courses taken and completed, credits earned, and other transcript information;
1135	(j) course grades and grade point average;
1136	(k) grade level and expected graduation date or graduation cohort;
1137	(l) degree, diploma, credential attainment, and other school exit information;
1138	(m) attendance and mobility;
1139	(n) drop-out data;
1140	(o) immunization record or an exception from an immunization record;
1141	(p) race;
1142	(q) ethnicity;

1143	(r) tribal affiliation;
1144	(s) remediation efforts;
1145	(t) an exception from a vision screening required under Section 53G-9-404 or
1146	information collected from a vision screening described in Section 53G-9-404;
1147	(u) information related to the Utah Registry of Autism and Developmental Disabilities
1148	described in Section 26-7-4;
1149	(v) student injury information;
1150	(w) a disciplinary record created and maintained as described in Section 53E-9-306;
1151	(x) juvenile delinquency records;
1152	(y) English language learner status; and
1153	(z) child find and special education evaluation data related to initiation of an IEP.
1154	(13) (a) "Optional student data" means student data that is not:
1155	(i) necessary student data; or
1156	(ii) student data that an education entity may not collect under Section 53E-9-305.
1157	(b) "Optional student data" includes:
1158	(i) information that is:
1159	(A) related to an IEP or needed to provide special needs services; and
1160	(B) not necessary student data;
1161	(ii) biometric information; and
1162	(iii) information that is not necessary student data and that is required for a student to
1163	participate in a federal or other program.
1164	(14) "Parent" means:
1165	(a) a student's parent;
1166	(b) a student's legal guardian; or
1167	(c) an individual who has written authorization from a student's parent or legal
1168	guardian to act as a parent or legal guardian on behalf of the student.
1169	(15) (a) "Personally identifiable student data" means student data that identifies or is
1170	used by the holder to identify a student.
1171	(b) "Personally identifiable student data" includes:
1172	(i) a student's first and last name;
1173	(ii) the first and last name of a student's family member:

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1174	(iii) a student's or a student's family's home or physical address;
1175	(iv) a student's email address or other online contact information;
1176	(v) a student's telephone number;
1177	(vi) a student's social security number;
1178	(vii) a student's biometric identifier;
1179	(viii) a student's health or disability data;
1180	(ix) a student's education entity student identification number;
1181	(x) a student's social media user name and password or alias;
1182	(xi) if associated with personally identifiable student data, the student's persistent
1183	identifier, including:
1184	(A) a customer number held in a cookie; or
1185	(B) a processor serial number;
1186	(xii) a combination of a student's last name or photograph with other information that
1187	together permits a person to contact the student online;
1188	(xiii) information about a student or a student's family that a person collects online and
1189	combines with other personally identifiable student data to identify the student; and
1190	(xiv) information that, alone or in combination, is linked or linkable to a specific
1191	student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have
1192	personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the student with reasonable
1193	certainty.
1194	(16) "School official" means an employee or agent of an education entity, if the
1195	education entity has authorized the employee or agent to request or receive student data on
1196	behalf of the education entity.
1197	(17) (a) "Student data" means information about a student at the individual student
1198	level.
1199	(b) "Student data" does not include aggregate or de-identified data.
1200	(18) "Student data manager" means:
1201	(a) the state student data officer; or
1202	(b) an individual designated as a student data manager by an education entity under
1203	Section 53E-9-303, who fulfills the duties described in Section 53E-9-308.
1204	(19) (a) "Targeted advertising" means presenting advertisements to a student where the

1205 advertisement is selected based on information obtained or inferred over time from that 1206 student's online behavior, usage of applications, or student data. 1207 (b) "Targeted advertising" does not include advertising to a student: 1208 (i) at an online location based upon that student's current visit to that location; or 1209 (ii) in response to that student's request for information or feedback, without retention 1210 of that student's online activities or requests over time for the purpose of targeting subsequent 1211 ads. 1212 (20) "Third-party contractor" means a person who: 1213 (a) is not an education entity; and 1214 (b) pursuant to a contract with an education entity, collects or receives student data in 1215 order to provide a product or service, as described in the contract, if the product or service is 1216 not related to school photography, yearbooks, graduation announcements, or a similar product 1217 or service. 1218 (21) "Written consent" means written authorization to collect or share a student's 1219 student data, from: 1220 (a) the student's parent, if the student is not an adult student; or 1221 (b) the student, if the student is an adult student. 1222 Section 28. Section **53E-9-302** is amended to read: 1223 53E-9-302. State student data protection governance. 1224 (1) (a) An education entity or a third-party contractor who collects, uses, stores, shares, 1225 or deletes student data shall protect student data as described in this part. 1226 (b) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Administrative Rulemaking Act, 1227 the state board shall make rules to administer this part, including student data protection 1228 standards for public education employees, student aides, and volunteers. 1229 (2) The state board shall oversee the preparation and maintenance of: 1230 (a) a statewide data governance plan; and 1231 (b) a state-level metadata dictionary. 1232 (3) As described in this Subsection (3), the state board shall establish advisory groups

to oversee student data protection in the state and make recommendations to the state board

(a) The state board shall establish a student data policy advisory group:

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regarding student data protection.

1236	(i) composed of members from:	
1237	(A) the Legislature;	
1238	(B) the state board and state board employees; and	
1239	(C) one or more LEAs;	
1240	(ii) to discuss and make recommendations to the state board regarding:	
1241	(A) enacted or proposed legislation; and	
1242	(B) state and local student data protection policies across the state;	
1243	(iii) that reviews and monitors the state student data governance plan; and	
1244	(iv) that performs other tasks related to student data protection as designated by the	
1245	state board.	
1246	(b) The state board shall establish a student data governance advisory group:	
1247	(i) composed of the state student data officer and other state board employees; and	
1248	(ii) that performs duties related to state and local student data protection, including:	
1249	(A) overseeing data collection and usage by state board program offices; and	
1250	(B) preparing and maintaining the state board's student data governance plan under the	
1251	direction of the student data policy advisory group.	
1252	(c) The state board shall establish a student data users advisory group:	
1253	(i) composed of members who use student data at the local level; and	
1254	(ii) that provides feedback and suggestions on the practicality of actions proposed by	
1255	the student data policy advisory group and the student data governance advisory group.	
1256	(4) (a) The state board shall designate a state student data officer.	
1257	(b) The state student data officer shall:	
1258	(i) act as the primary point of contact for state student data protection administration in	
1259	assisting the state board to administer this part;	
1260	(ii) ensure compliance with student privacy laws throughout the public education	
1261	system, including:	
1262	(A) providing training and support to applicable state board and LEA employees; and	
1263	(B) producing resource materials, model plans, and model forms for local student data	
1264	protection governance, including a model student data collection notice;	
1265	(iii) investigate complaints of alleged violations of this part;	
1266	(iv) report violations of this part to:	

1267	(A) the state board;	
1268	(B) an applicable education entity; and	
1269	(C) the student data policy advisory group; and	
1270	(v) act as a state level student data manager.	
1271	(5) The state board shall designate:	
1272	(a) at least one support manager to assist the state student data officer; and	
1273	(b) a student data protection auditor to assist the state student data officer.	
1274	(6) The state board shall establish a research review process for a request for data for	
1275	the purpose of research or evaluation.	
1276	Section 29. Section 53E-9-304 is amended to read:	
1277	53E-9-304. Student data ownership and access Notification in case of	
1278	significant data breach.	
1279	(1) (a) A student owns the student's personally identifiable student data.	
1280	(b) An education entity shall allow the following individuals to access a student's	
1281	student data that is maintained by the education entity:	
1282	(i) the student's parent;	
1283	(ii) the student; and	
1284	(iii) in accordance with the education entity's internal policy described in Section	
1285	53E-9-303 and in the absence of a parent, an individual acting as a parent to the student.	
1286	(2) (a) If a significant data breach occurs at an education entity, the education entity	
1287	shall notify:	
1288	(i) the student, if the student is an adult student; or	
1289	(ii) the student's parent, if the student is not an adult student.	
1290	(b) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking	
1291	Act, the state board shall make rules to define a significant data breach described in Subsection	
1292	(2)(a).	
1293	Section 30. Section 53E-9-306 is amended to read:	
1294	53E-9-306. Using and expunging student data Rulemaking Disciplinary	
1295	records.	
1296	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and	
1297	Management Act, and Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state	

1298	board shall make rules regarding using and expunging student data, including:
1299	(a) a categorization of disciplinary records that includes the following levels of
1300	maintenance:
1301	(i) one year;
1302	(ii) three years; and
1303	(iii) in accordance with Subsection (3), as determined by the education entity;
1304	(b) the types of student data that may be expunged, including:
1305	(i) medical records; and
1306	(ii) behavioral test assessments;
1307	(c) the types of student data that may not be expunged, including:
1308	(i) grades;
1309	(ii) transcripts;
1310	(iii) a record of the student's enrollment; and
1311	(iv) assessment information; and
1312	(d) the timeline and process for a prior student or parent of a prior student to request
1313	that an education entity expunge all of the prior student's student data.
1314	(2) In accordance with state board rule, an education entity may create and maintain a
1315	disciplinary record for a student.
1316	(3) (a) As recognized in Section 53E-9-304, and to ensure maximum student data
1317	privacy, an education entity shall, in accordance with state board rule, expunge a student's
1318	student data that is stored by the education entity.
1319	(b) An education entity shall retain and dispose of records in accordance with Section
1320	63G-2-604 and state board rule.
1321	Section 31. Section 53E-9-307 is amended to read:
1322	53E-9-307. Securing and cataloguing student data.
1323	[The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1324	the state board shall make rules that:
1325	(1) using reasonable data industry best practices, prescribe the maintenance and
1326	protection of stored student data by:
1327	(a) an education entity;
1328	(b) the Utah Registry of Autism and Developmental Disabilities, described in Section

1329	26-7-4, for student data obtained under Section 53E-9-308; and
1330	(c) a third-party contractor; and
1331	(2) state requirements for an education entity's metadata dictionary.
1332	Section 32. Section 53E-10-703 is amended to read:
1333	53E-10-703. ULEAD director Qualification and employment Duties
1334	Reporting Annual conference.
1335	(1) The ULEAD director shall:
1336	(a) (i) hold a doctorate degree in education or an equivalent degree; and
1337	(ii) have demonstrated experience in research and dissemination of best practices in
1338	education; and
1339	(b) (i) be a full-time employee; and
1340	(ii) report to the state superintendent.
1341	(2) The state superintendent shall:
1342	(a) evaluate the director's performance annually;
1343	(b) report on the director's performance to the selection committee; and
1344	(c) provide space for the director and the director's staff.
1345	(3) The director may hire staff, using only money specifically appropriated to ULEAD.
1346	(4) The director shall perform the following duties and functions:
1347	(a) gather current research on innovative and effective practices in K-12 education for
1348	use by policymakers and practitioners;
1349	(b) facilitate collaboration between LEAs, higher education researchers, and
1350	practitioners by:
1351	(i) sharing innovative and effective practices shown to improve student learning;
1352	(ii) identifying experts in specific areas of practice; and
1353	(iii) maintaining a research clearinghouse and directory of researchers; and
1354	(c) analyze barriers to replication or adaption of innovative and successful practices
1355	studied by ULEAD or contributed to the ULEAD research clearinghouse.
1356	(5) The director shall:
1357	(a) prioritize reports and other research based on recommendations of the steering
1358	committee in accordance with Subsection 53E-10-707(5), and after consulting with individuals
1359	described in Subsection 53E-10-707(6);

1360	(b) identify Utah LEAs, or schools outside the public school system, that are:
1361	(i) innovative in specific areas of practice; and
1362	(ii) more effective or efficient than comparable LEAs in improving student learning;
1363	(c) establish criteria for innovative practice reports to be performed by participating
1364	institutions and included in the research clearinghouse, including report templates;
1365	(d) arrange with participating institutions to generate innovative practice reports on
1366	effective and innovative K-12 education practices; and
1367	(e) (i) disseminate each innovative practice report to LEAs; and
1368	(ii) publish innovative practice reports on the ULEAD website.
1369	(6) In an innovative practice report, a participating institution shall:
1370	(a) include or reference a review of research regarding the practice in which the subject
1371	LEA has demonstrated success;
1372	(b) identify through academically acceptable, evidence-based research methods the
1373	causes of the LEA's successful practice;
1374	(c) identify opportunities for LEAs to adopt or customize innovative or best practices;
1375	(d) address limitations to successful replication or adaptation of the successful practice
1376	by other LEAs, which may include barriers arising from federal or state law, state or LEA
1377	policy, socioeconomic conditions, or funding limitations;
1378	(e) include practical templates for successful replication and adaptation of successful
1379	practices, following criteria established by the director;
1380	(f) identify experts in the successful practice that is the subject of the innovative
1381	practice report, including teachers or administrators at the subject LEA; and
1382	(g) include:
1383	(i) an executive summary describing the innovative practice report; and
1384	(ii) a video component or other elements designed to ensure that an innovative practice
1385	report is readily understandable by practitioners.
1386	(7) The director may, if requested by an LEA leader or policymaker, conduct an
1387	evidence-based review of a possible innovation in an area of practice.
1388	(8) The director may also accept innovative practice reports from trained practitioners
1389	that meet the criteria set by the director.
1390	(9) The director or a participating institution, to enable successful replication or

1391	adaption of successful practices, may recommend to:
1392	(a) the Legislature, amendments to state law; or
1393	(b) the state board, revisions to state board rule, made in accordance with Title 63G,
1394	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, or policy.
1395	(10) The director shall:
1396	(a) report on the activities of ULEAD annually to the state board; and
1397	(b) provide reports or other information to the state board upon state board request.
1398	(11) The director shall:
1399	(a) prepare an annual report on ULEAD research and other activities;
1400	(b) submit the report in accordance with Section 53E-1-201 and 53E-1-202;
1401	(c) publish the annual report on the ULEAD website; and
1402	(d) disseminate the report to LEAs through electronic channels.
1403	(12) The director shall facilitate and conduct an annual conference on successful and
1404	innovative K-12 education practices, featuring:
1405	(a) Utah education leaders; and
1406	(b) practitioners and researchers, chosen by the director, to discuss the subjects of LEA
1407	and other ULEAD activities, or other innovative and successful education practices.
1408	Section 33. Section 53E-10-705 is amended to read:
1409	53E-10-705. Participating institutions.
1410	(1) The director may arrange or collaborate with a participating institution:
1411	(a) to conduct an innovative practice report or provide other research services,
1412	including research regarding barriers to adoption of practices studied by ULEAD;
1413	(b) to assist an LEA to:
1414	(i) facilitate communities of practice for replication or adaptation of best practices
1415	identified by ULEAD; and
1416	(ii) advise teachers and school leaders on conducting their own research to improve
1417	education practices;
1418	(c) to assist an LEA with an application to the state board for waiver from a state board
1419	rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in
1420	accordance with Section 53G-7-202 to allow replication or adaptation of best practices; or
1421	(d) for any other purpose that is consistent with and advances the director's duties and

1422	functions.
1423	(2) An agreement entered into by a participating institution with the state board or an
1424	LEA to perform ULEAD work shall:
1425	(a) include provisions allowing and governing external research data sharing; and
1426	(b) comply with state and federal law.
1427	(3) The director shall support federal and private research funding requests by a
1428	participating institution for research that is in support of the director's duties and functions.
1429	Section 34. Section 53F-2-303 is amended to read:
1430	53F-2-303. Foreign exchange student weighted pupil units.
1431	(1) A school district or charter school may include foreign exchange students in the
1432	district's or school's membership and attendance count for the purpose of apportionment of
1433	state money, except as provided in Subsections (2) through (4).
1434	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Section 53F-2-302, foreign exchange students may not be
1435	included in average daily membership for the purpose of determining the number of weighted
1436	pupil units in the grades 1-12 basic program.
1437	(b) Subject to the limitation in Subsection (3), the number of weighted pupil units in
1438	the grades 1-12 basic program attributed to foreign exchange students shall be equal to the
1439	number of foreign exchange students who were:
1440	(i) enrolled in a school district or charter school on October 1 of the previous fiscal
1441	year; and
1442	(ii) sponsored by an agency approved by the district's local school board or charter
1443	school's governing board.
1444	(3) (a) The total number of foreign exchange students in the state that may be counted
1445	for the purpose of apportioning state money under Subsection (2) shall be the lesser of:
1446	(i) the number of foreign exchange students enrolled in public schools in the state on
1447	October 1 of the previous fiscal year; or
1448	(ii) 328 foreign exchange students.
1449	(b) The state board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1450	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer the cap on the number of foreign exchange
1451	students that may be counted for the purpose of apportioning state money under Subsection (2).
1452	(4) Notwithstanding Section 53F-2-601, weighted pupil units in the grades 1-12 basic

1453	program for foreign exchange students, as determined by Subsections (2) and (3), may not be
1454	included for the purposes of determining a school district's state guarantee money under
1455	Section 53F-2-601.
1456	Section 35. Section 53F-2-304 is amended to read:
1457	53F-2-304. Necessarily existent small schools Computing additional weighted
1458	pupil units Consolidation of small schools.
1459	(1) As used in this section, "necessarily existent small schools funding balance" means
1460	the difference between:
1461	(a) the amount appropriated for the necessarily existent small schools program in a
1462	fiscal year; and
1463	(b) the amount distributed to school districts for the necessarily existent small schools
1464	program in the same fiscal year.
1465	(2) (a) Upon application by a local school board, the state board shall, in consultation
1466	with the local school board, classify schools in the school district as necessarily existent small
1467	schools, in accordance with this section and state board rules adopted under Subsection (3).
1468	(b) An application must be submitted to the state board before April 2, and the state
1469	board must report a decision to a local school board before June 2.
1470	(3) The state board shall adopt standards and make rules, in accordance with Title 63G,
1471	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
1472	(a) govern the approval of necessarily existent small schools consistent with principles
1473	of efficiency and economy that serve the purpose of eliminating schools where consolidation is
1474	feasible by participation in special school units; and
1475	(b) ensure that school districts are not building secondary schools in close proximity to
1476	one another where economy and efficiency would be better served by one school meeting the
1477	needs of secondary students in a designated geographical area.
1478	(4) A one or two-year secondary school that has received necessarily existent small
1479	school money under this section prior to July 1, 2000, may continue to receive such money in
1480	subsequent years.
1481	(5) The state board shall prepare and publish objective standards and guidelines for
1482	determining which small schools are necessarily existent after consultation with local school
1483	boards.

- (6) (a) Additional weighted pupil units for schools classified as necessarily existent small schools shall be computed using regression formulas adopted by the state board.
- (b) The regression formulas establish the following maximum sizes for funding under the necessarily existent small school program:

1488	(i) an elementary school	160
1489	(ii) a one or two-year secondary school	300
1490	(iii) a three-year secondary school	450
1491	(iv) a four-year secondary school	500
1492	(v) a six-year secondary school	600

- (c) Schools with fewer than 10 students shall receive the same add-on weighted pupil units as schools with 10 students.
 - (d) The state board shall prepare and distribute an allocation table based on the regression formula to each school district.
 - (7) (a) To avoid penalizing a school district financially for consolidating the school district's small schools, additional weighted pupil units may be allowed a school district each year, not to exceed two years.
 - (b) The additional weighted pupil units may not exceed the difference between what the school district receives for a consolidated school and what the school district would have received for the small schools had the small schools not been consolidated.
 - (8) Subject to legislative appropriation, the state board shall give first priority from an appropriation made under this section to funding an expense approved by the state board as described in Subsection 53G-6-305(3)(a).
 - (9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(b) and after a distribution made under Subsection (8), the state board may distribute a portion of necessarily existent small schools funding in accordance with a formula adopted by the state board that considers the tax effort of a local school board.
 - (b) The amount distributed in accordance with Subsection (9)(a) may not exceed the necessarily existent small schools fund in balance of the prior fiscal year.
- (10) A local school board may use the money allocated under this section for maintenance and operation of school programs or for other school purposes as approved by the state board.

Section 36. Section **53F-2-305** is amended to read:

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53F-2-305. Professional staff weighted pupil units.

(1) Professional staff weighted pupil units are computed and distributed in accordance with the following schedule:

(a) Professional Staff Cost Formula

					Master's	
1520	Years of	Bachelor's	Bachelor's	Master's	Degree	
	Experience	Degree	+30 Qt. Hr.	Degree	+45 Qt. Hr.	Doctorate
1521	1	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20
1522	2	1.05	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25
1523	3	1.10	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30
1524	4	1.15	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35
1525	5	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40
1526	6	1.25	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45
1527	7	1.30	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50
1528	8	1.35	1.40	1.45	1.50	1.55
1529	9			1.50	1.55	1.60
1530	10				1.60	1.65
1531	11					1.70

- (b) Multiply the number of full-time or equivalent professional personnel in each applicable experience category in Subsection (1)(a) by the applicable weighting factor.
- (c) Divide the total of Subsection (1)(b) by the number of professional personnel included in Subsection (1)(b) and reduce the quotient by 1.00.
- (d) Multiply the result of Subsection (1)(c) by 1/4 of the weighted pupil units computed in accordance with Sections 53F-2-302 and 53F-2-304.
- (2) The state board shall enact rules <u>in accordance with Title 63G</u>, <u>Chapter 3</u>, <u>Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act</u>, that require a certain percentage of a school district's or charter school's professional staff to be certified in the area in which the staff teaches in order for the school district or charter school to receive full funding under the schedule.
 - (3) If an individual's teaching experience is a factor in negotiating a contract of

employment to teach in the state's public schools, then the LEA governing board is encouraged to accept as credited experience all of the years the individual has taught in the state's public schools.

Section 37. Section **53F-2-307** is amended to read:

53F-2-307. Weighted pupil units for programs for students with disabilities -- Local school board allocation.

- (1) The number of weighted pupil units for students with disabilities shall reflect the direct cost of programs for those students conducted in accordance with rules established by the state board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (2) Disability program money allocated to school districts or charter schools is restricted and shall be spent for the education of students with disabilities but may include expenditures for approved programs of services conducted for certified instructional personnel who have students with disabilities in their classes.
- (3) The state board shall establish and strictly interpret definitions and provide standards for determining which students have disabilities and shall assist school districts and charter schools in determining the services that should be provided to students with disabilities.
- (4) Each year the state board shall evaluate the standards and guidelines that establish the identifying criteria for disability classifications to assure strict compliance with those standards by the school districts and charter schools.
- (5) (a) Money appropriated to the state board for add-on WPUs for students with disabilities enrolled in regular programs shall be allocated to school districts and charter schools as provided in this Subsection (5).
- (b) The state board shall use a school district's or charter school's average number of special education add-on weighted pupil units determined by the previous five year's average daily membership data as a foundation for the special education add-on appropriation.
- (c) A school district's or charter school's special education add-on WPUs for the current year may not be less than the foundation special education add-on WPUs.
- (d) Growth WPUs shall be added to the prior year special education add-on WPUs, and growth WPUs shall be determined as follows:
- (i) The special education student growth factor is calculated by comparing S-3 total special education ADM of two years previous to the current year to the S-3 total special

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- 1574 education ADM three years previous to the current year, not to exceed the official October total 1575 school district growth factor from the prior year. (ii) When calculating and applying the growth factor, a school district's S-3 total 1576 1577 special education ADM for a given year is limited to 12.18% of the school district's S-3 total 1578 student ADM for the same year. 1579 (iii) Growth ADMs are calculated by applying the growth factor to the S-3 total special 1580 education ADM of two years previous to the current year. 1581 (iv) Growth ADMs for each school district or each charter school are multiplied by 1582 1.53 weighted pupil units and added to the prior year special education add-on WPU to 1583 determine each school district's or each charter school's total allocation. 1584 (6) If money appropriated under this chapter for programs for students with disabilities 1585 does not meet the costs of school districts and charter schools for those programs, each school 1586 district and each charter school shall first receive the amount generated for each student with a 1587 disability under the basic program. 1588 Section 38. Section **53F-2-309** is amended to read: 1589 53F-2-309. Appropriation for intensive special education costs. 1590 (1) The state board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 1591 Rulemaking Act, make rules establishing a distribution formula to allocate money appropriated 1592 to the state board for Special Education -- Intensive Services that allocate to an LEA: 1593 (a) 50% of the appropriation based on the highest cost students with disabilities; and 1594 (b) 50% of the appropriation based on the highest impact to an LEA due to high cost 1595 students with disabilities. 1596 (2) The state board shall allocate money appropriated to the state board for Special 1597 Education -- Intensive Services in accordance with rules described in Subsection (1). 1598 Section 39. Section 53F-2-404 is amended to read: 1599
 - 53F-2-404. School LAND Trust Program distribution of funds.
 - (1) (a) By appropriation the Legislature shall fund the School LAND Trust Program, established in Section 53G-7-1206, on or before July 31 of each fiscal year:
 - (i) from the Trust Distribution Account, created in Section 53F-9-201; and
- (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), in the total amount of the quarterly 1603 1604 deposits made to the Trust Distribution Account for the School LAND Trust Program during

1605	the	prior	fiscal	year

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- (b) The amount described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) may not exceed an amount equal to 3% of the funds provided for the Minimum School Program, in accordance with this chapter, each fiscal year.
- (c) Independently from the appropriation for the School LAND Trust Program described in Subsection (1)(a), the Legislature shall make an annual appropriation to the state board from the Trust Distribution Account, created in Section 53F-9-201, for the administration of the School LAND Trust Program.
- (d) Any unused balance remaining from an amount appropriated under Subsection (1)(c) shall be deposited into the Trust Distribution Account.
- (2) (a) The state board shall allocate the money referred to in Subsection (1)(a) annually as follows:
- (i) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall receive funding equal to the product of:
 - (A) enrollment on October 1 in the prior year at the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind divided by enrollment on October 1 in the prior year in public schools statewide; and
 - (B) the total amount available for distribution under Subsection (1)(a);
 - (ii) charter schools shall receive funding equal to the product of:
- (A) charter school enrollment on October 1 in the prior year, divided by enrollment on October 1 in the prior year in public schools statewide; and
 - (B) the total amount available for distribution under Subsection (1)(a); and
- (iii) of the funds available for distribution under Subsection (1)(a) after the allocation of funds for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind and charter schools:
 - (A) school districts shall receive 10% of the funds on an equal basis; and
- (B) the remaining 90% of the funds shall be distributed to school districts on a per student basis.
- 1631 (b) (i) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

 Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules specifying a formula to distribute the amount

 allocated under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to charter schools.
- 1634 (ii) In making rules under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the state board shall:
- 1635 (A) consult with the State Charter School Board; and

1636	(B) ensure that the rules include a provision that allows a charter school in the charter
1637	school's first year of operations to receive funding based on projected enrollment, to be
1638	adjusted in future years based on actual enrollment.
1639	(c) A school district shall distribute its allocation under Subsection (2)(a)(iii) to each
1640	school within the school district on an equal per student basis.
1641	(d) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
1642	Act, the state board may make rules regarding the time and manner in which the student count
1643	shall be made for allocation of the money under Subsection (2)(a)(iii).
1644	Section 40. Section 53F-2-405 is amended to read:
1645	53F-2-405. Educator salary adjustments.
1646	(1) As used in this section, "educator" means a person employed by a school district,
1647	charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind who holds:
1648	(a) a license issued by the state board; and
1649	(b) a position as a:
1650	(i) classroom teacher;
1651	(ii) speech pathologist;
1652	(iii) librarian or media specialist;
1653	(iv) preschool teacher;
1654	(v) mentor teacher;
1655	(vi) teacher specialist or teacher leader;
1656	(vii) guidance counselor;
1657	(viii) audiologist;
1658	(ix) psychologist; or
1659	(x) social worker.
1660	(2) In recognition of the need to attract and retain highly skilled and dedicated
1661	educators, the Legislature shall annually appropriate money for educator salary adjustments,
1662	subject to future budget constraints.
1663	(3) Money appropriated to the state board for educator salary adjustments shall be
1664	distributed to school districts, charter schools, and the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind
1665	in proportion to the number of full-time-equivalent educator positions in a school district, a
1666	charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind as compared to the total number

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1667	of full-time-equivalent educator positions in school districts, charter schools, and the Utah
1668	Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
1669	(4) A school district, a charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind
1670	shall award bonuses to educators as follows:
1671	(a) the amount of the salary adjustment shall be the same for each full-time-equivalent
1672	educator position in the school district, charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
1673	Blind;
1674	(b) an individual who is not a full-time educator shall receive a partial salary
1675	adjustment based on the number of hours the individual works as an educator; and
1676	(c) a salary adjustment may be awarded only to an educator who has received a
1677	satisfactory rating or above on the educator's most recent evaluation.
1678	(5) The state board may make rules as necessary to administer this section <u>in</u>
1679	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1680	(6) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall appropriate sufficient
1681	money each year to:
1682	(i) maintain educator salary adjustments provided in prior years; and
1683	(ii) provide educator salary adjustments to new employees.
1684	(b) Money appropriated for educator salary adjustments shall include money for the
1685	following employer-paid benefits:
1686	(i) retirement;
1687	(ii) worker's compensation;
1688	(iii) social security; and
1689	(iv) Medicare.
1690	(7) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall:
1691	(i) maintain the salary adjustments provided to school administrators in the 2007-08
1692	school year; and
1693	(ii) provide salary adjustments for new school administrators in the same amount as
1694	provided for existing school administrators.

(b) The appropriation provided for educator salary adjustments shall include salary

(c) In distributing and awarding salary adjustments for school administrators, the state

adjustments for school administrators as specified in Subsection (7)(a).

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1698	board, a school district, a charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall
1699	comply with the requirements for the distribution and award of educator salary adjustments as
1700	provided in Subsections (3) and (4).
1701	Section 41. Section 53F-2-409 is amended to read:
1702	53F-2-409. Concurrent enrollment funding.
1703	(1) The terms defined in Section 53E-10-301 apply to this section.
1704	(2) The state board shall allocate money appropriated for concurrent enrollment in
1705	accordance with this section.
1706	(3) (a) The state board shall allocate money appropriated for concurrent enrollment in
1707	proportion to the number of credit hours earned for courses taken where:
1708	(i) an LEA primarily bears the cost of instruction; and
1709	(ii) an institution of higher education primarily bears the cost of instruction.
1710	(b) From the money allocated under Subsection (3)(a)(i), the state board shall
1711	distribute:
1712	(i) 60% of the money to LEAs; and
1713	(ii) 40% of the money to the State Board of Regents.
1714	(c) From the money allocated under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the state board shall
1715	distribute:
1716	(i) 40% of the money to LEAs; and
1717	(ii) 60% of the money to the State Board of Regents.
1718	(d) The state board shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1719	Administrative Rulemaking Act, providing for the distribution of the money to LEAs under
1720	Subsections $(3)(b)(i)$ and $(3)(c)(i)$.
1721	(e) The State Board of Regents shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
1722	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, providing for the distribution of the money allocated
1723	to institutions of higher education under Subsections (3)(b)(ii) and (3)(c)(ii).
1724	(4) Subject to budget constraints, the Legislature shall annually increase the money
1725	appropriated for concurrent enrollment in proportion to the percentage increase over the
1726	previous school year in:
1727	(a) kindergarten through grade 12 student enrollment; and
1728	(b) the value of the weighted pupil unit.

1729	(5) If an LEA receives an allocation of less than \$10,000 under this section, the LEA
1730	may use the allocation as described in Section 53F-2-206.
1731	Section 42. Section 53F-2-415 is amended to read:
1732	53F-2-415. Student health and counseling support Qualifying personnel
1733	Distribution formula Rulemaking.
1734	(1) As used in this section, "qualifying personnel" means a school counselor or other
1735	counselor, school psychologist or other psychologist, school social worker or other social
1736	worker, or school nurse who:
1737	(a) is licensed; and
1738	(b) collaborates with educators and a student's parent on:
1739	(i) early identification and intervention of the student's academic and mental health
1740	needs; and
1741	(ii) removing barriers to learning and developing skills and behaviors critical for the
1742	student's academic achievement.
1743	(2) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, and in accordance with Subsection (2)(b)
1744	the state board shall distribute money appropriated under this section to LEAs to provide in a
1745	school targeted school-based mental health support, including clinical services and
1746	trauma-informed care, through employing or entering into contracts for services provided by
1747	qualifying personnel.
1748	(b) (i) The state board shall, after consulting with LEA governing boards, develop a
1749	formula to distribute money appropriated under this section to LEAs.
1750	(ii) The state board shall ensure that the formula described in Subsection (2)(b)(i)
1751	incentivizes an LEA to provide school-based mental health support in collaboration with the
1752	local mental health authority of the county in which the LEA is located.
1753	(3) To qualify for money under this section, an LEA shall submit to the state board a
1754	plan that includes:
1755	(a) measurable goals approved by the LEA governing board on improving student
1756	safety, student engagement, school culture, or academic achievement;
1757	(b) how the LEA intends to meet the goals described in Subsection (3)(a) through the

(c) how the LEA is meeting the requirements related to parent education described in

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use of the money;

1760 Section 53G-9-703; and

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- (d) whether the LEA intends to provide school-based mental health support in
 collaboration with the local mental health authority of the county in which the LEA is located.
- 1763 (4) The state board shall distribute money appropriated under this section to an LEA that qualifies under Subsection (3):
 - (a) based on the formula described in Subsection (2)(b); and
- 1766 (b) in an amount of money that the LEA equally matches using local or unrestricted state money.
 - (5) An LEA may not use money distributed by the state board under this section to supplant federal, state, or local money previously allocated to employ or enter into contracts for services provided by qualified personnel.
 - (6) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules that establish:
 - (a) procedures for submitting a plan for and distributing money under this section;
 - (b) the formula the state board will use to distribute money to LEAs described in Subsection (2)(b); and
 - (c) in accordance with Subsection (7), annual reporting requirements for an LEA that receives money under this section.
 - (7) An LEA that receives money under this section shall submit an annual report to the state board, including:
 - (a) progress toward achieving the goals submitted under Subsection (3)(a);
 - (b) if the LEA discontinues a qualifying personnel position, the LEA's reason for discontinuing the position; and
 - (c) how the LEA, in providing school-based mental health support, complies with the provisions of Section 53E-9-203.
 - (8) Beginning on or before July 1, 2019, the state board shall provide training that instructs school personnel on the impact of childhood trauma on student learning, including information advising educators against practicing medicine, giving a diagnosis, or providing treatment.
- 1789 (9) The state board may use up to 2% of an appropriation under this section for costs related to the administration of the provisions of this section.

1/91	(10) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, money appropriated under this
1792	section may be used, as determined by the state board, for:
1793	(a) the SafeUT Crisis Line described in Section 53B-17-1202; or
1794	(b) youth suicide prevention programs described in Section 53G-9-702.
1795	Section 43. Section 53F-2-416 is amended to read:
1796	53F-2-416. Appropriation and distribution for the Teacher and Student Success
1797	Program.
1798	(1) The terms defined in Section 53G-7-1301 apply to this section.
1799	(2) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall annually appropriate
1800	money from the Teacher and Student Success Account described in Section 53F-9-306 to the
1801	state board for the Teacher and Student Success Program.
1802	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(a), the state board shall calculate an amount to
1803	distribute to an LEA that is the product of:
1804	(a) the percentage of weighted pupil units in the LEA compared to the total number of
1805	weighted pupil units for all LEAs in the state; and
1806	(b) the amount of the appropriation described in Subsection (2), less the amount
1807	calculated, in accordance with state board rule, for:
1808	(i) an LEA that is in the LEA's first year of operation; and
1809	(ii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
1810	(4) The state board shall distribute to an LEA an amount calculated for the LEA as
1811	described in Subsection (3) if the LEA governing board of the LEA has submitted an LEA
1812	governing board student success framework as required by the program.
1813	(5) In accordance with this section [and], Title 53G, Chapter 7, Part 13, Teacher and
1814	Student Success Program, and Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1815	state board:
1816	(a) shall make rules to calculate an LEA distribution for:
1817	(i) an LEA that is in the LEA's first year of operation; and
1818	(ii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, taking into account all students who
1819	receive services from the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, regardless of whether a
1820	student is enrolled in another LEA; and
1821	(b) may make rules to distribute funds as described in this section.

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1822	Section 44. Section 53F-2-417 is amended to read:
1823	53F-2-417. Rural school district transportation grants.
1824	(1) Subject to legislative appropriations and Subsection (2), the state board shall award
1825	a grant for a school district to provide:
1826	(a) transportation to students who are not eligible for state-supported transportation
1827	under Section 53F-2-403;
1828	(b) transportation for students to and from student activities and field trips; or
1829	(c) replacement school buses.
1830	(2) The state board may only award a grant described in Subsection (1) to a school
1831	district that:
1832	(a) qualifies for transportation money under Section 53F-2-403;
1833	(b) is located in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, as defined in Section
1834	17-50-501;
1835	(c) provides matching money, from the school district's board local levy described in
1836	Section 53F-8-302, in an amount equal to the grant the school district receives from the state
1837	board under this section; and
1838	(d) dedicates the total grant and matching money to a transportation purpose described
1839	in Subsection (1).
1840	(3) The state board shall determine the amount of a grant to award a school district
1841	based on the prior-year miles traveled for purposes described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b).
1842	(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
1843	Act, the state board shall make rules to establish, for a grant described in this section,
1844	procedures for:
1845	(a) a school district to apply for a grant; and
1846	(b) awarding a grant.
1847	Section 45. Section 53F-2-502 is amended to read:
1848	53F-2-502. Dual language immersion.
1849	(1) As used in this section:
1850	(a) "Dual language immersion" means an instructional setting in which a student
1851	receives a portion of instruction in English and a portion of instruction exclusively in a partner
1852	language.

1853	(b) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or a charter school.
1854	(c) "Participating LEA" means an LEA selected by the state board to receive a grant
1855	described in this section.
1856	(d) "Partner language" means a language other than English in which instruction is
1857	provided in dual language immersion.
1858	(2) The state board shall:
1859	(a) establish a dual language immersion program;
1860	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1861	make rules that establish:
1862	(i) a grant program for an LEA to receive funding for dual language immersion;
1863	(ii) the required qualifications for an LEA to be a participating LEA;
1864	(iii) subject to this section, requirements of a participating LEA;
1865	(iv) a proficiency assessment for each partner language; and
1866	(v) a progression of how a school in a participating LEA adds grade levels in which the
1867	school offers dual language immersion;
1868	(c) subject to legislative appropriations:
1869	(i) select participating LEAs; and
1870	(ii) award to a participating LEA a grant to support dual language immersion in the
1871	LEA; and
1872	(d) report to a legislative committee on the results of a proficiency assessment
1873	described in Subsection (2)(b)(iv) upon request.
1874	(3) A participating LEA shall:
1875	(a) establish in a school a full-day dual language immersion instructional model that
1876	provides at least 50% of instruction exclusively in a partner language;
1877	(b) in accordance with the state board rules described in Subsection (2)(b), add grades
1878	in which dual language immersion is provided in a school; and
1879	(c) annually administer to each student in grades 3 through 8 who participates in dual
1880	language immersion an assessment described in Subsection (2)(b)(iv).
1881	(4) The state board shall:
1882	(a) provide support to a participating LEA, including by:
1883	(i) offering professional learning for dual language immersion educators;

1884	(ii) developing curriculum related to dual language immersion; or
1885	(iii) providing instructional support for a partner language;
1886	(b) conduct a program evaluation of the dual language immersion program established
1887	under Subsection (2)(a); and
1888	(c) on or before November 1, 2019, report to the Education Interim Committee and the
1889	Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee on the results of the program evaluation
1890	described in Subsection (4)(b).
1891	(5) The state board may, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
1892	Code, contract with a third party to conduct the program evaluation described in Subsection
1893	(4)(b).
1894	Section 46. Section 53F-2-503 is amended to read:
1895	53F-2-503. Early Literacy Program Literacy proficiency plan.
1896	(1) As used in this section:
1897	(a) "Program" means the Early Literacy Program.
1898	(b) "Program money" means:
1899	(i) school district revenue allocated to the program from other money available to the
1900	school district, except money provided by the state, for the purpose of receiving state funds
1901	under this section; and
1902	(ii) money appropriated by the Legislature to the program.
1903	(2) The Early Literacy Program consists of program money and is created to
1904	supplement other school resources for early literacy.
1905	(3) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature may annually appropriate
1906	money to the Early Literacy Program.
1907	(4) (a) An LEA governing board of a school district or a charter school that serves
1908	students in any of grades kindergarten through grade 3 shall submit a plan to the state board for
1909	literacy proficiency improvement that incorporates the following components:
1910	(i) core instruction in:
1911	(A) phonological awareness;
1912	(B) phonics;
1913	(C) fluency;
1914	(D) comprehension;

1915	(E) vocabulary;	
1916	(F) oral language; and	
1917	(G) writing;	
1918	(ii) intervention strategies that are aligned to student needs;	
1919	(iii) professional development for classroom teachers, literacy coaches, and	
1920	interventionists in kindergarten through grade 3;	
1921	(iv) assessments that support adjustments to core and intervention instruction;	
1922	(v) a growth goal for the school district or charter school that:	
1923	(A) is based upon student learning gains as measured by benchmark assessments	
1924	administered pursuant to Section 53E-4-307; and	
1925	(B) includes a target of at least 60% of all students in grades 1 through 3 meeting the	
1926	growth goal;	
1927	(vi) at least two goals that are specific to the school district or charter school that:	
1928	(A) are measurable;	
1929	(B) address current performance gaps in student literacy based on data; and	
1930	(C) include specific strategies for improving outcomes; and	
1931	(vii) if a school uses interactive literacy software, the use of interactive literacy	
1932	software, including early interactive reading software described in Section 53F-4-203.	
1933	(b) An LEA governing board shall approve a plan described in Subsection (4)(a) in a	
1934	public meeting before submitting the plan to the state board.	
1935	(c) The state board shall provide model plans that an LEA governing board may use, or	
1936	an LEA governing board may develop the LEA governing board's own plan.	
1937	(d) A plan developed by an LEA governing board shall be approved by the state board.	
1938	(e) The state board shall develop uniform standards for acceptable growth goals that an	
1939	LEA governing board adopts for a school district or charter school as described in this	
1940	Subsection (4).	
1941	(5) (a) There are created within the Early Literacy Program three funding programs:	
1942	(i) the Base Level Program;	
1943	(ii) the Guarantee Program; and	
1944	(iii) the Low Income Students Program.	
1945	(b) The state board may use up to \$7.500,000 from an appropriation described in	

(c) 46% to the Low Income Students Program.

- Subsection (3) for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessment programs.

 (6) Money appropriated to the state board for the Early Literacy Program and not used by the state board for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessments described in Subsection (5)(b) shall be allocated to the three funding programs as follows:

 (a) 8% to the Base Level Program;

 (b) 46% to the Guarantee Program; and
 - (7) (a) For a school district or charter school to participate in the Base Level Program, the LEA governing board shall submit a plan described in Subsection (4) and shall receive approval of the plan from the state board.
 - (b) (i) The local school board of a school district qualifying for Base Level Program funds and the charter school governing boards of qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall receive a base amount.
 - (ii) The base amount for the qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall be allocated among each charter school in an amount proportionate to:
 - (A) each existing charter school's prior year fall enrollment in grades kindergarten through grade 3; and
 - (B) each new charter school's estimated fall enrollment in grades kindergarten through grade 3.
 - (8) (a) A local school board that applies for program money in excess of the Base Level Program funds may choose to first participate in the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program.
 - (b) A school district shall fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program before the local school board may elect for the school district to either fully or partially participate in the other program.
 - (c) For a school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program, the local school board shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of .000056.
 - (d) For a school district to fully participate in the Low Income Students Program, the local school board shall allocate to the program money available to the school district, except

money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of .000065.

- (e) (i) The state board shall verify that a local school board allocates the money required in accordance with Subsections (8)(c) and (d) before the state board distributes funds in accordance with this section.
- (ii) The State Tax Commission shall provide the state board the information the state board needs in order to comply with Subsection (8)(e)(i).
- (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), the local school board of a school district that fully participates in the Guarantee Program shall receive state funds in an amount that is:
- (i) equal to the difference between \$21 multiplied by the school district's total WPUs and the revenue the local school board is required to allocate under Subsection (8)(c) for the school district to fully participate in the Guarantee Program; and
 - (ii) not less than \$0.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), an elementary charter school shall receive under the Guarantee Program an amount equal to \$21 times the elementary charter school's total WPUs.
- (c) The state board may adjust the \$21 guarantee amount described in Subsections (9)(a) and (b) to account for actual appropriations and money used by the state board for computer-assisted instructional learning and assessments.
- (10) The state board shall distribute Low Income Students Program funds in an amount proportionate to the number of students in each school district or charter school who qualify for free or reduced price school lunch multiplied by two.
- (11) A school district that partially participates in the Guarantee Program or Low Income Students Program shall receive program funds based on the amount of school district revenue allocated to the program as a percentage of the amount of revenue that could have been allocated if the school district had fully participated in the program.
- (12) (a) An LEA governing board shall use program money for early literacy interventions and supports in kindergarten through grade 3 that have proven to significantly increase the percentage of students who are proficient in literacy, including:
 - (i) evidence-based intervention curriculum;

2008	(ii) literacy assessments that identify student learning needs and monitor learning
2009	progress; or
2010	(iii) focused literacy interventions that may include:
2011	(A) the use of reading specialists or paraprofessionals;
2012	(B) tutoring;
2013	(C) before or after school programs;
2014	(D) summer school programs; or
2015	(E) the use of interactive computer software programs for literacy instruction and
2016	assessments for students.
2017	(b) An LEA governing board may use program money for portable technology devices
2018	used to administer literacy assessments.
2019	(c) Program money may not be used to supplant funds for existing programs, but may
2020	be used to augment existing programs.
2021	(13) (a) An LEA governing board shall annually submit a report to the state board
2022	accounting for the expenditure of program money in accordance with the LEA governing
2023	board's plan described in Subsection (4).
2024	(b) If an LEA governing board uses program money in a manner that is inconsistent
2025	with Subsection (12), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing the state
2026	board for the amount of program money improperly used, up to the amount of program money
2027	received from the state board.
2028	(14) (a) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2029	Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules to implement the program.
2030	(b) (i) The rules under Subsection (14)(a) shall require each LEA governing board to
2031	annually report progress in meeting goals described in Subsections (4)(a)(v) and (vi), including
2032	the strategies the school district or charter school uses to address the goals.
2033	(ii) If a school district or charter school does not meet or exceed the school district's or
2034	charter school's goals described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi), the LEA governing board shall
2035	prepare a new plan that corrects deficiencies.
2036	(iii) The new plan described in Subsection (14)(b)(ii) shall be approved by the state
2037	board before the LEA governing board receives an allocation for the next year.
2038	(15) (a) The state board shall:

2039	(i) develop strategies to provide support for a school district or charter school that fails
2040	to meet a goal described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi); and
2041	(ii) provide increasing levels of support to a school district or charter school that fails
2042	to meet a goal described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) for two consecutive years.
2043	(b) (i) The state board shall use a digital reporting platform to provide information to
2044	school districts and charter schools about interventions that increase proficiency in literacy.
2045	(ii) The digital reporting platform shall include performance information for a school
2046	district or charter school on the goals described in Subsections (4)(a)(v) and (vi).
2047	(16) The state board may use up to 3% of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to
2048	carry out the provisions of this section for administration of the program.
2049	(17) The state board shall make an annual report in accordance with Section 53E-1-203
2050	that:
2051	(a) includes information on:
2052	(i) student learning gains in early literacy for the past school year and the five-year
2053	trend;
2054	(ii) the percentage of grade 3 students who are proficient in English language arts in the
2055	past school year and the five-year trend;
2056	(iii) the progress of school districts and charter schools in meeting goals described in a
2057	plan described in Subsection (4)(a); and
2058	(iv) the specific strategies or interventions used by school districts or charter schools
2059	that have significantly improved early grade literacy proficiency; and
2060	(b) may include recommendations on how to increase the percentage of grade 3
2061	students who are proficient in English language arts, including how to use a strategy or
2062	intervention described in Subsection (17)(a)(iv) to improve literacy proficiency for additional
2063	students.
2064	(18) The report described in Subsection (17) shall include information provided
2065	through the digital reporting platform described in Subsection (15)(b).
2066	Section 47. Section 53F-2-506 is amended to read:
2067	53F-2-506. Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts Learning Program.

(a) "Endowed chair" means a person who holds an endowed position or administrator

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(1) As used in this section:

of an endowed program for the purpose of arts and integrated arts instruction at an endowed university.

- (b) "Endowed university" means an institution of higher education in the state that:
- (i) awards elementary education degrees in arts instruction;

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- 2074 (ii) has received a major philanthropic donation for the purpose of arts and integrated arts instruction; and
- 2076 (iii) has created an endowed position as a result of a donation described in Subsection 2077 (1)(b)(ii).
 - (c) "Integrated arts advocate" means a person who:
 - (i) advocates for arts and integrated arts instruction in the state; and
- 2080 (ii) coordinates with an endowed chair pursuant to the agreement creating the endowed 2081 chair.
 - (2) The Legislature finds that a strategic placement of arts in elementary education can impact the critical thinking of students in other core subject areas, including mathematics, reading, and science.
 - (3) The Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts Learning Program is created to enhance the social, emotional, academic, and arts learning of students in kindergarten through grade 6 by integrating arts teaching and learning into core subject areas and providing professional development for positions that support elementary arts and integrated arts education.
 - (4) From money appropriated for the Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts Learning Program, and subject to Subsection (5), the state board shall, after consulting with endowed chairs and the integrated arts advocate and receiving their recommendations, administer a grant program to enable LEAs to:
 - (a) hire highly qualified arts specialists, art coordinators, and other positions that support arts education and arts integration;
 - (b) provide up to \$10,000 in one-time funds for each new school arts specialist described under Subsection (4)(a) to purchase supplies and equipment; and
 - (c) engage in other activities that improve the quantity and quality of integrated arts education.
- 2100 (5) (a) An LEA that receives a grant under Subsection (4) shall provide matching funds

2101	of no less than 20% of the grant amount, including no less than 20% of the grant amount for
2102	actual salary and benefit costs per full-time equivalent position funded under Subsection (4)(a).
2103	(b) An LEA may not:
2104	(i) include administrative, facility, or capital costs to provide the matching funds
2105	required under Subsection (5)(a); or
2106	(ii) use funds from the Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts Learning Program to
2107	supplant funds for existing programs.
2108	(6) An LEA that receives a grant under this section shall partner with an endowed chair
2109	to provide professional development in integrated elementary arts education.
2110	(7) From money appropriated for the Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts
2111	Learning Program, the state board shall administer a grant program to fund activities within
2112	arts and the integrated arts programs at an endowed university in the college where the
2113	endowed chair resides to:
2114	(a) provide high quality professional development in elementary integrated arts
2115	education in accordance with the professional learning standards in Section 53G-11-303 to
2116	LEAs that receive a grant under Subsection (4);
2117	(b) design and conduct research on:
2118	(i) elementary integrated arts education and instruction;
2119	(ii) implementation and evaluation of the Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts
2120	Learning Program; and
2121	(iii) effectiveness of the professional development under Subsection (7)(a); and
2122	(c) provide the public with integrated elementary arts education resources.
2123	(8) The state board shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2124	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer the Beverley Taylor Sorenson Elementary Arts
2125	Learning Program.
2126	Section 48. Section 53F-2-508 is amended to read:
2127	53F-2-508. Student Leadership Skills Development Program.
2128	(1) For purposes of this section, "program" means the Student Leadership Skills
2129	Development Program created in Subsection (2).
2130	(2) There is created the Student Leadership Skills Development Program to develop
2131	student behaviors and skills that enhance a school's learning environment and are vital for

2132	success in a career, including:
2133	(a) communication skills;
2134	(b) teamwork skills;
2135	(c) interpersonal skills;
2136	(d) initiative and self-motivation;
2137	(e) goal setting skills;
2138	(f) problem solving skills; and
2139	(g) creativity.
2140	(3) (a) The state board shall administer the program and award grants to elementary
2141	schools that apply for a grant on a competitive basis.
2142	(b) The state board may award a grant of:
2143	(i) up to \$10,000 per school for the first year a school participates in the program; and
2144	(ii) up to \$20,000 per school for subsequent years a school participates in the program.
2145	(c) (i) After awarding a grant to a school for a particular year, the state board may not
2146	change the grant amount awarded to the school for that year.
2147	(ii) The state board may award a school a different amount in subsequent years.
2148	(4) An elementary school may participate in the program established under this section
2149	in accordance with state board rules made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2150	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2151	(5) In selecting elementary schools to participate in the program, the state board shall:
2152	(a) require a school in the first year the school participates in the program to provide
2153	matching funds or an in-kind contribution of goods or services in an amount equal to the grant
2154	the school receives from the state board;
2155	(b) require a school to participate in the program for two years; and
2156	(c) give preference to Title I schools or schools in need of academic improvement.
2157	(6) The state board shall make the following information related to the grants described
2158	in Subsection (3) publicly available on the state board's website:
2159	(a) reimbursement procedures that clearly define how a school may spend grant money
2160	and how the state board will reimburse the school;
2161	(b) the period of time a school is permitted to spend grant money;
2162	(c) criteria for selecting a school to receive a grant; and

2163	(d) a list of schools that receive a grant and the amount of each school's grant.
2164	(7) A school that receives a grant described in Subsection (3) shall:
2165	(a) (i) set school-wide goals for the school's student leadership skills development
2166	program; and
2167	(ii) require each student to set personal goals; and
2168	(b) provide the following to the state board after the first school year of implementation
2169	of the program:
2170	(i) evidence that the grant money was used for the purpose of purchasing or developing
2171	the school's own student leadership skills development program; and
2172	(ii) a report on the effectiveness and impact of the school's student leadership skills
2173	development program on student behavior and academic results as measured by:
2174	(A) a reduction in truancy;
2175	(B) assessments of academic achievement;
2176	(C) a reduction in incidents of student misconduct or disciplinary actions; and
2177	(D) the achievement of school-wide goals and students' personal goals.
2178	(8) After participating in the program for two years, a school may not receive
2179	additional grant money in subsequent years if the school fails to demonstrate an improvement
2180	in student behavior and academic achievement as measured by the data reported under
2181	Subsection (7)(b).
2182	Section 49. Section 53F-2-510 is amended to read:
2183	53F-2-510. Digital Teaching and Learning Grant Program.
2184	(1) As used in this section:
2185	(a) "Advisory committee" means the committee established by the state board under
2186	Subsection $\left[\frac{(9)}{(7)}\right]$ $\left(\frac{7}{(6)}\right)$.
2187	(b) "Digital readiness assessment" means an assessment provided by the state board
2188	that:
2189	(i) is completed by an LEA analyzing an LEA's readiness to incorporate comprehensive
2190	digital teaching and learning; and
2191	(ii) informs the preparation of an LEA's plan for incorporating comprehensive digital
2192	teaching and learning.
2193	(c) "High quality professional learning" means the professional learning standards

described in Section 53G-11-303.

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- (d) "Implementation assessment" means an assessment that analyzes an LEA's implementation of an LEA plan, including identifying areas for improvement, obstacles to implementation, progress toward the achievement of stated goals, and recommendations going forward.
- (e) "LEA plan" means an LEA's plan to implement a digital teaching and learning program that meets the requirements of this section and requirements set forth by the state board and the advisory committee.
- (f) "Program" means the Digital Teaching and Learning Grant Program created and described in Subsections (6) through (11).
- (g) "Utah Education and Telehealth Network" or "UETN" means the Utah Education and Telehealth Network created in Section 53B-17-105.
- (2) (a) The state board shall establish a digital teaching and learning task force to develop a funding proposal to present to the Legislature for digital teaching and learning in elementary and secondary schools.
 - (b) The digital teaching and learning task force shall include representatives of:
- 2210 (i) the state board;
- 2211 (ii) UETN;
- 2212 (iii) LEAs; and
- 2213 (iv) the Governor's Education Excellence Commission.
- 2214 (3) As funding allows, the state board shall develop a master plan for a statewide 2215 digital teaching and learning program, including the following:
 - (a) a statement of purpose that describes the objectives or goals the state board will accomplish by implementing a digital teaching and learning program;
 - (b) a forecast for fundamental components needed to implement a digital teaching and learning program, including a forecast for:
 - (i) student and teacher devices;
- 2221 (ii) Wi-Fi and wireless compatible technology:
- 2222 (iii) curriculum software;
- 2223 (iv) assessment solutions;
- 2224 (v) technical support;

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2225	(vi) change management of LEAs;
2226	(vii) high quality professional learning;
2227	(viii) Internet delivery and capacity; and
2228	(ix) security and privacy of users;
2229	(c) a determination of the requirements for:
2230	(i) statewide technology infrastructure; and
2231	(ii) local LEA technology infrastructure;
2232	(d) standards for high quality professional learning related to implementing and
2233	maintaining a digital teaching and learning program;
2234	(e) a statewide technical support plan that will guide the implementation and
2235	maintenance of a digital teaching and learning program, including standards and competency
2236	requirements for technical support personnel;
2237	(f) (i) a grant program for LEAs; or
2238	(ii) a distribution formula to fund LEA digital teaching and learning programs;
2239	(g) in consultation with UETN, an inventory of the state public education system's
2240	current technology resources and other items and a plan to integrate those resources into a
2241	digital teaching and learning program;
2242	(h) an ongoing evaluation process that is overseen by the state board;
2243	(i) proposed rules that incorporate the principles of the master plan into the state's
2244	public education system as a whole; and
2245	(j) a plan to ensure long-term sustainability that:
2246	(i) accounts for the financial impacts of a digital teaching and learning program; and
2247	(ii) facilitates the redirection of LEA savings that arise from implementing a digital
2248	teaching and learning program.
2249	(4) UETN shall:
2250	(a) in consultation with the state board, conduct an inventory of the state public
2251	education system's current technology resources and other items as determined by UETN,
2252	including software;
2253	(b) perform an engineering study to determine the technology infrastructure needs of
2254	the public education system to implement a digital teaching and learning program, including
2255	the infrastructure needed for the state board, UETN, and LEAs; and

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(8)(a)(ii).

- 2256 (c) as funding allows, provide infrastructure and technology support for school districts 2257 and charter schools. 2258 (5) Beginning July 1, 2016, and ending July 1, 2021, each LEA, including each school 2259 within an LEA, shall annually complete a digital readiness assessment. 2260 (6) There is created the Digital Teaching and Learning Grant Program to improve 2261 educational outcomes in public schools by effectively incorporating comprehensive digital 2262 teaching and learning technology. 2263 (7) The state board shall: 2264 (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 2265 adopt rules for the administration of the program, including rules requiring: 2266 (i) an LEA plan to include measures to ensure that the LEA monitors and implements 2267 technology with best practices, including the recommended use for effectiveness; 2268 (ii) an LEA plan to include robust goals for learning outcomes and appropriate 2269 measurements of goal achievement; (iii) an LEA to demonstrate that the LEA plan can be fully funded by grant funds or a 2270 2271 combination of grant and local funds; and 2272 (iv) an LEA to report on funds from expenses previous to the implementation of the 2273 LEA plan that the LEA has redirected after implementation: 2274 (b) establish an advisory committee to make recommendations on the program and 2275 LEA plan requirements and report to the state board; and 2276 (c) in accordance with this section, approve LEA plans and award grants. 2277 (8) (a) The state board shall, subject to legislative appropriations, award a grant to an 2278 LEA: 2279 (i) that submits an LEA plan that meets the requirements described in Subsection (9); 2280 and 2281 (ii) for which the LEA's leadership and management members have completed a digital 2282 teaching and learning leadership and implementation training as provided in Subsection (8)(b).
 - (9) The state board shall establish requirements of an LEA plan that shall include:
 - (a) the results of the LEA's digital readiness assessment and a proposal to remedy an

(b) The state board or its designee shall provide the training described in Subsection

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obstacle to implementation or other issues identified in the assessment;

- (b) a proposal to provide high quality professional learning for educators in the use of digital teaching and learning technology;
- (c) a proposal for leadership training and management restructuring, if necessary, for successful implementation;
- (d) clearly identified targets for improved student achievement, student learning, and college readiness through digital teaching and learning; and
- (e) any other requirement established by the state board in rule <u>made in accordance</u> with <u>Title 63G</u>, <u>Chapter 3</u>, <u>Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act</u>, including an application process and metrics to analyze the quality of a proposed LEA plan.
- (10) The state board or the state board's designee shall establish an interactive dashboard available to each LEA that is awarded a grant for the LEA to track and report the LEA's long-term, intermediate, and direct outcomes in realtime and for the LEA to use to create customized reports.
- (11) (a) There is no federal funding, federal requirement, federal education agreement, or national program included or related to this state adopted program.
- (b) Any inclusion of federal funding, federal requirement, federal education agreement, or national program shall require separate express approval as provided in Title 53E, Chapter 3, Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs.
 - (12) (a) An LEA that receives a grant as part of the program shall:
- (i) subject to Subsection (12)(b), complete an implementation assessment for each year that the LEA is expending grant money; and
 - (ii) (A) report the findings of the implementation assessment to the state board; and
- (B) submit to the state board a plan to resolve issues raised in the implementation assessment.
 - (b) Each school within the LEA shall:
- 2313 (i) complete an implementation assessment; and
- 2314 (ii) submit a compilation report that meets the requirements described in Subsections 2315 (12)(a)(ii)(A) and (B).
- 2316 (13) The state board or the state board's designee shall review an implementation 2317 assessment and review each participating LEA's progress from the previous year, as applicable.

2318	(14) The state board shall establish interventions for an LEA that does not make
2319	progress on implementation of the LEA's implementation plan, including:
2320	(a) nonrenewal of, or time period extensions for, the LEA's grant;
2321	(b) reduction of funds; or
2322	(c) other interventions to assist the LEA.
2323	(15) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the state board
2324	shall contract with an independent evaluator to:
2325	(a) annually evaluate statewide direct and intermediate outcomes beginning the first
2326	year that grants are awarded, including baseline data collection for long-term outcomes;
2327	(b) in the fourth year after a grant is awarded, and each year thereafter, evaluate
2328	statewide long-term outcomes; and
2329	(c) report on the information described in Subsections (15)(a) and (b) to the state
2330	board.
2331	(16) (a) To implement an LEA plan, a contract, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
2332	6a, Utah Procurement Code, or other agreement with one or more providers of technology
2333	powered learning solutions and one or more providers of wireless networking solutions may be
2334	entered into by:
2335	(i) UETN, in cooperation with or on behalf of, as applicable, the state board, the state
2336	board's designee, or an LEA; or
2337	(ii) an LEA.
2338	(b) A contract or agreement entered into under Subsection (16)(a) may be a contract or
2339	agreement that:
2340	(i) UETN enters into with a provider and payment for services is directly appropriated
2341	by the Legislature, as funds are available, to UETN;
2342	(ii) UETN enters into with a provider and pays for the provider's services and is
2343	reimbursed for payments by an LEA that benefits from the services;
2344	(iii) UETN negotiates the terms of on behalf of an LEA that enters into the contract or
2345	agreement directly with the provider and the LEA pays directly for the provider's services; or
2346	(iv) an LEA enters into directly, pays a provider, and receives preapproved
2347	reimbursement from a UETN fund established for this purpose.
2348	(c) If an LEA does not reimburse UETN in a reasonable time for services received

2349	under a contract or agreement described in Subsection (16)(b), the state board shall pay the
2350	balance due to UETN from the LEA's funds received under Title 53F, Chapter 2, State Funding
2351	Minimum School Program.
2352	(d) If UETN negotiates or enters into an agreement as described in Subsection
2353	(16)(b)(ii) or (16)(b)(iii), and UETN enters into an additional agreement with an LEA that is
2354	associated with the agreement described in Subsection (16)(b)(ii) or (16)(b)(iii), the associated
2355	agreement may be treated by UETN and the LEA as a cooperative procurement, as that term is
2356	defined in Section 63G-6a-103, regardless of whether the associated agreement satisfies the
2357	requirements of Section 63G-6a-2105.
2358	Section 50. Section 53F-2-511 is amended to read:
2359	53F-2-511. Reimbursement Program for Early Graduation From
2360	Competency-Based Education.
2361	(1) As used in this section:
2362	(a) "Cohort" means a group of students, defined by the year in which the group enters
2363	grade 9.
2364	(b) "Eligible LEA" means an LEA that has demonstrated to the state board that the
2365	LEA or, for a school district, a school within the LEA, provides and facilitates
2366	competency-based education that:
2367	(i) is based on the core principles described in Section 53F-5-502; and
2368	(ii) meets other criteria established by the state board in rule made in accordance with
2369	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2370	(c) "Eligible student" means an individual who:
2371	(i) attended an eligible LEA and graduated by completing graduation requirements, as
2372	described in Section 53E-4-204, earlier than that individual's cohort completed graduation
2373	requirements because of the individual's participation in the eligible LEA's competency-based
2374	education;
2375	(ii) no longer attends the eligible LEA; and
2376	(iii) is not included in the LEA's average daily membership under this chapter.
2377	(d) "Partial pupil" means if an eligible student attends less than a full year of
2378	membership, the number of days the student was in membership compared to a full
2379	membership year.

2380	(e) "Program" means the Reimbursement Program for Early Graduation From
2381	Competency-Based Education established in this section.
2382	(2) (a) There is established the Reimbursement Program for Early Graduation From
2383	Competency-Based Education.
2384	(b) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature may annually appropriate
2385	money to the Reimbursement Program for Early Graduation From Competency-Based
2386	Education.
2387	(3) An LEA may apply to the state board to receive a reimbursement, as described in
2388	Subsection (5), for an eligible student.
2389	(4) The state board shall approve a reimbursement to an LEA after the LEA
2390	demonstrates:
2391	(a) that the LEA is an eligible LEA; and
2392	(b) that the individual for whom the eligible LEA requests reimbursement is an eligible
2393	student.
2394	(5) (a) For each eligible student, the state board shall only reimburse an eligible LEA:
2395	(i) if the eligible student attended the eligible LEA for less than a full school year
2396	before the eligible student's cohort graduated, up to the value of one weighted pupil unit pro
2397	rated based on the difference between:
2398	(A) the number of days of partial pupil in average daily membership earned by the
2399	eligible LEA while the eligible student was still in attendance; and
2400	(B) a full pupil in average daily membership; and
2401	(ii) the value of one weighted pupil unit for each full school year the eligible student
2402	graduated ahead of the eligible student's cohort.
2403	(b) The state board shall:
2404	(i) use data from the prior year average daily membership to determine the number of
2405	eligible students; and
2406	(ii) reimburse the eligible LEA in the current school year.
2407	(6) The state board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2408	Rulemaking Act, adopt rules to administer the provisions of this section.
2409	Section 51. Section 53F-2-512 is amended to read:
2410	53F-2-512. Appropriation for accommodation plans for students with Section 504

2411	accommodations.
2412	(1) The state board shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2413	Administrative Rulemaking Act, that establish a reimbursement program that:
2414	(a) distributes any money appropriated to the state board for Special Education
2415	Section 504 Accommodations;
2416	(b) allows an LEA to apply for reimbursement of the costs of services that:
2417	(i) an LEA renders to a student with a Section 504 accommodation plan; and
2418	(ii) exceed 150% of the average cost of a general education student; and
2419	(c) provides for a pro-rated reimbursement based on the amount of reimbursement
2420	applications received during a given fiscal year and the amount of money appropriated to the
2421	state board that fiscal year.
2422	(2) Beginning with the 2018-19 school year, the state board shall allocate money
2423	appropriated to the state board for Special Education Section 504 Accommodations in
2424	accordance with the rules described in Subsection (1).
2425	Section 52. Section 53F-2-513 is amended to read:
2426	53F-2-513. Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive Program
2427	Salary bonus Evaluation.
2428	(1) As used in this section:
2429	(a) "Cohort" means a group of students, defined by the year in which the group enters
2430	grade 1.
2431	(b) "Eligible teacher" means a teacher who:
2432	(i) is employed as a teacher in a high poverty school at the time the teacher is
2433	considered by the state board for a salary bonus; and
2434	(ii) achieves a median growth percentile of 70 or higher:
2435	(A) a full school year before the school year the eligible teacher is being considered by
2436	the state board for a salary bonus under this section, regardless of whether the teacher was
2437	employed the previous school year by a high poverty school or a different public school; and
2438	(B) while teaching at any public school in the state a course for which a standards
2439	assessment is administered as described in Section 53E-4-303.
2440	(c) "High poverty school" means a public school:
2441	(i) in which:

2442 (A) more than 20% of the enrolled students are classified as children affected by 2443 intergenerational poverty; or 2444 (B) 70% or more of the enrolled students qualify for free or reduced lunch; or 2445 (ii) (A) that has previously met the criteria described in Subsection (1)(c)(i)(A) and for 2446 each school year since meeting that criteria at least 15% of the enrolled students at the public 2447 school have been classified as children affected by intergenerational poverty; or 2448 (B) that has previously met the criteria described in Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B) and for 2449 each school year since meeting that criteria at least 60% of the enrolled students at the public 2450 school have qualified for free or reduced lunch. 2451 (d) "Intergenerational poverty" means the same as that term is defined in Section 2452 35A-9-102. 2453 (e) "Median growth percentile" means a number that describes the comparative 2454 effectiveness of a teacher in helping the teacher's students achieve growth in a year by identifying the median student growth percentile of all the students a teacher instructs. 2455 2456 (f) "Program" means the Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive 2457 Program created in Subsection (2). (g) "Student growth percentile" is a number that describes where a student ranks in 2458 2459 comparison to the student's cohort. 2460 (2) (a) The Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive Program is created to 2461 provide an annual salary bonus for an eligible teacher. 2462 (b) The state board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 2463 Rulemaking Act, make rules for: 2464 (i) the administration of the program; 2465 (ii) payment of a salary bonus; and 2466 (iii) application requirements. 2467 (c) The state board shall make an annual salary bonus payment in a fiscal year that begins on July 1, 2017, and each fiscal year thereafter in which money is appropriated for the 2468 2469 program. 2470 (3) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall annually appropriate

(b) Money appropriated for the program shall include money for the following

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money to fund the program.

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2473	employer-paid benefits:
2474	(i) social security; and
2475	(ii) Medicare.
2476	(4) (a) (i) A charter school or school district school shall annually apply to the state
2477	board on behalf of an eligible teacher for an eligible teacher to receive an annual salary bonus
2478	each year that the teacher is an eligible teacher.
2479	(ii) A teacher need not be an eligible teacher in consecutive years to receive the
2480	increased annual salary bonus described in Subsection (4)(b).
2481	(b) The annual salary bonus for an eligible teacher is \$5,000.
2482	(c) A public school that applies on behalf of an eligible teacher under Subsection
2483	(4)(a)(i) shall pay half of the salary bonus described in Subsection (4)(b) each year the eligible
2484	teacher is awarded the salary bonus.
2485	(d) The state board shall award a salary bonus to an eligible teacher based on the order
2486	that an application from a public school on behalf of the eligible teacher is received.
2487	(5) The state board shall:
2488	(a) determine if a teacher is an eligible teacher; and
2489	(b) verify, as needed, the determinations made under Subsection (5)(a) with the school
2490	district and school district administrators.
2491	(6) The state board shall:
2492	(a) distribute money from the program to school districts and charter schools in
2493	accordance with this section and state board rule; and
2494	(b) include the employer-paid benefits described in Subsection (3)(b) in addition to the
2495	salary bonus amount described in Subsection (4)(b).
2496	(7) Money received from the program shall be used by a school district or charter
2497	school to provide an annual salary bonus equal to the amount specified in Subsection (4)(b) for
2498	each eligible teacher and to pay affiliated employer-paid benefits described in Subsection
2499	(3)(b).
2500	(8) (a) After the third year salary bonus payments are made, and each succeeding year,

the state board shall evaluate the extent to which a salary bonus described in this section

(i) surveying teachers who receive the salary bonus; and

improves recruitment and retention of effective teachers in high poverty schools by at least:

2504	(ii) examining turnover rates of teachers who receive the salary bonus compared to
2505	teachers who do not receive the salary bonus.
2506	(b) Each year that the state board conducts an evaluation described in Subsection
2507	(8)(a), the state board shall, in accordance with Section 68-3-14, submit a report on the results
2508	of the evaluation to the Education Interim Committee on or before November 30.
2509	(9) A public school shall annually notify a teacher:
2510	(a) of the teacher's median growth percentile; and
2511	(b) how the teacher's median growth percentile is calculated.
2512	(10) Notwithstanding this section, if the appropriation for the program is insufficient to
2513	cover the costs associated with salary bonuses, the state board may limit or reduce a salary
2514	bonus.
2515	Section 53. Section 53F-2-514 is amended to read:
2516	53F-2-514. Job enhancements for mathematics, science, technology, and special
2517	education training.
2518	(1) As used in this section, "special education teacher" includes occupational therapist.
2519	(2) The Public Education Job Enhancement Program is established to attract, train, and
2520	retain highly qualified:
2521	(a) secondary teachers with expertise in mathematics, physics, chemistry, physical
2522	science, learning technology, or information technology;
2523	(b) special education teachers; and
2524	(c) teachers in grades 4 through 6 with mathematics endorsements.
2525	(3) The program shall provide for the following:
2526	(a) application by a school district superintendent or the principal of a school on behalf
2527	of a qualified teacher;
2528	(b) an award of up to \$20,000 or a scholarship to cover the tuition costs for a master's
2529	degree, an endorsement, or graduate education in the areas identified in Subsection (2) to be
2530	given to selected public school teachers on a competitive basis:
2531	(i) whose applications are approved; and
2532	(ii) who teach in the state's public education system for four years in the areas
2533	identified in Subsection (2);
2534	(c) (i) as to the cash awards under Subsection (3)(b), payment of the award in two

2535	installments, with an initial payment of up to \$10,000 at the beginning of the term and up to
2536	\$10,000 at the conclusion of the term;

- (ii) repayment of a portion of the initial payment by the teacher if the teacher fails to complete two years of the four-year teaching term in the areas identified in Subsection (2) as provided by rule of the state board <u>made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah</u>
 Administrative Rulemaking Act, unless waived for good cause by the state board; and
- (iii) nonpayment of the second installment if the teacher fails to complete the four-year teaching term; and
- (d) (i) as to the scholarships awarded under Subsection (3)(b), provision for the providing institution to certify adequate performance in obtaining the master's degree, endorsement, or graduate education in order for the teacher to maintain the scholarship; and
- (ii) repayment by the teacher of a prorated portion of the scholarship, if the teacher fails to complete the authorized classes or program or to teach in the state system of public education in the areas identified in Subsection (2) for four years after obtaining the master's degree, the endorsement, or graduate education.
- (4) An individual teaching in the public schools under a letter of authorization may participate in the cash award program if:
- (a) the individual has taught under the letter of authorization for at least one year in the areas referred to in Subsection (2); and
- (b) the application made under Subsection (3)(a) is based in large part upon the individual receiving a superior evaluation as a classroom teacher.
- (5) (a) The program may provide for the expenditure of up to \$1,000,000 of available money, if at least an equal amount of matching money becomes available, to provide professional development training to superintendents, administrators, and principals in the effective use of technology in public schools.
- (b) An award granted under this Subsection (5) shall be made in accordance with criteria developed and adopted by the state board in rule <u>made in accordance with Title 63G</u>, <u>Chapter 3</u>, <u>Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act</u>.
- (c) An amount up to \$120,000 of the \$1,000,000 authorized in Subsection (5)(a) may be expended, regardless of the matching money being available.
 - Section 54. Section 53F-2-520 is amended to read:

2566	53F-2-520. Rural school transportation reimbursement.
2567	(1) As used in this section:
2568	(a) "Eligible LEA" means a school district or a charter school:
2569	(i) that is located in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, as defined in Section
2570	17-50-501; and
2571	(ii) in which at least 65% of the students enrolled in the school district or charter
2572	school qualify for free or reduced price lunch.
2573	(b) "Eligible school" means a school:
2574	(i) in an eligible LEA; and
2575	(ii) that the eligible LEA has provided transportation to and from for a regular school
2576	day for students for at least five years.
2577	(c) "LEA governing board" means:
2578	(i) the local school board of a school district that is an eligible LEA; or
2579	(ii) the charter school governing board of a charter school that is an eligible LEA.
2580	(2) An LEA governing board may annually submit a request to the state board to
2581	receive reimbursement for an expense that:
2582	(a) the LEA governing board incurs transporting a student to or from an eligible school
2583	for the regular school day; and
2584	(b) the LEA governing board does not pay using state funding for pupil transportation
2585	described in Section 53F-2-402 or 53F-2-403.
2586	(3) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations, and except as provided in Subsection
2587	(3)(b), the state board shall reimburse an LEA governing board for an expense included in a
2588	request described in Subsection (2).
2589	(b) If the legislative appropriation for this section is insufficient to fund an expense in a
2590	request received under Subsection (2), the state board may reduce an LEA governing board's
2591	reimbursement in accordance with the rules described in Subsection (4).
2592	(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
2593	Act, the state board shall make rules that establish:
2594	(a) requirements for information an LEA governing board shall include in a
2595	reimbursement request described in Subsection (2);
2596	(b) a deadline by which an LEA governing board shall submit a request described in

2597	Subsection (2); and
2598	(c) a formula for reducing an LEA governing board's allocation under Subsection (3).
2599	(5) Nothing in this section affects a school district's allocation for pupil transportation
2600	under Sections 53F-2-402 and 53F-2-403.
2601	Section 55. Section 53F-4-205 is amended to read:
2602	53F-4-205. Kindergarten supplemental enrichment program.
2603	(1) As used in this section:
2604	(a) "Eligible school" means a charter or school district school in which:
2605	(i) at least 10% of the students experience intergenerational poverty; or
2606	(ii) 50% of students were eligible to receive free or reduced lunch in the previous
2607	school year.
2608	(b) "Intergenerational poverty" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2609	35A-9-102.
2610	(c) "Kindergarten supplemental enrichment program" means a program to improve the
2611	academic competency of kindergarten students that:
2612	(i) meets the criteria described in Subsection (4);
2613	(ii) receives funding from a grant program described in Subsection (3); and
2614	(iii) is administered by an eligible school.
2615	(2) (a) In accordance with this section, the state board shall distribute funds
2616	appropriated under this section to support kindergarten supplemental enrichment programs,
2617	giving priority first to awarding funds to an eligible school with at least 10% of the students
2618	experiencing intergenerational poverty and second priority to an eligible school in which 50%
2619	of students were eligible to receive free or reduced lunch in the previous school year.
2620	(b) The state board shall develop kindergarten entry and exit assessments for use by a
2621	kindergarten supplemental enrichment program.
2622	(3) (a) The state board shall administer a qualifying grant program as described in this
2623	Subsection (3) to distribute funds described in Subsection (2)(a) to an eligible school:
2624	(i) that applies for a grant;
2625	(ii) that offers a kindergarten supplemental enrichment program that meets the
2626	requirements described in Subsection (4);
2627	(iii) that has an overall need for a kindergarten supplemental enrichment program,

based on the results of the eligible school's kindergarten entry and exit assessments described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii);

(iv) if the eligible school has previously established a kindergarten supplemental enrichment program under this section, that shows success of the eligible school's kindergarte

- enrichment program under this section, that shows success of the eligible school's kindergarten supplemental enrichment program, based on the results of the eligible school's kindergarten entry and exit assessments described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
- (v) that proposes a kindergarten supplemental enrichment program that addresses the particular needs of students at risk of experiencing intergenerational poverty.
- (b) An eligible school shall include in a grant application a letter from the principal of the eligible school certifying that the eligible school's proposed kindergarten supplemental enrichment program will meet the needs of either children in intergenerational poverty or children who are eligible to receive free or reduced lunch as appropriate for the eligible school.
 - (4) An eligible school that receives a grant as described in Subsection (3) shall:
 - (a) use the grant money to offer a kindergarten supplemental enrichment program to:
- (i) target kindergarten students at risk for not meeting grade 3 core standards for Utah public schools, established by the state board under Section 53E-4-202, by the end of each student's grade 3 year;
 - (ii) use an evidence-based early intervention model;
 - (iii) focus on academically improving age-appropriate literacy and numeracy skills;
 - (iv) emphasize the use of live instruction;

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- 2648 (v) administer the kindergarten entry and exit assessments described in Subsection 2649 (2)(b); and
 - (vi) deliver the kindergarten supplemental enrichment program through additional hours or other means; and
 - (b) report to the state board annually regarding:
 - (i) how the eligible school used grant money received under Subsection (3);
- 2654 (ii) the results of the eligible school's kindergarten entry and exit assessments for the prior year;
 - (iii) with assistance from state board employees, the number of students served, including the number of students who are eligible for free or reduced lunch; and
 - (iv) with assistance from state board employees, student performance outcomes

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2659	achieved by the eligible school's kindergarten supplemental enrichment program, disaggregated
2660	by economic and ethnic subgroups.
2661	(5) An eligible school that receives a grant as described in Subsection (3) may not

- (5) An eligible school that receives a grant as described in Subsection (3) may not receive funds appropriated under Section 53F-2-507.
- (6) A parent may decline participation of the parent's kindergarten student in an eligible school's kindergarten supplemental enrichment program.
- (7) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules to establish reporting procedures and administer this section.
 - Section 56. Section 53F-4-304 is amended to read:

53F-4-304. Scholarship payments.

- (1) (a) The state board shall award scholarships subject to the availability of money appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.
- (b) The Legislature shall annually appropriate money to the state board from the General Fund to make scholarship payments.
- (c) The Legislature shall annually increase the amount of money appropriated under Subsection (1)(b) by an amount equal to the product of:
 - (i) the average scholarship amount awarded as of December 1 in the previous year; and
 - (ii) the product of:
- (A) the number of students in preschool through grade 12 in public schools statewide who have an IEP on December 1 of the previous year; and
- (B) 0.0007.
- (d) If the number of scholarship students as of December 1 in any school year equals or exceeds 7% of the number of students in preschool through grade 12 in public schools statewide who have an IEP as of December 1 in the same school year, the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee shall study the requirement to increase appropriations for scholarship payments as provided in this section.
- (e) (i) If money is not available to pay for all scholarships requested, the state board shall allocate scholarships on a random basis except that the state board shall give preference to students who received scholarships in the previous school year.
 - (ii) If money is insufficient in a school year to pay for all the continuing scholarships,

the state board may not award new scholarships during that school year and the state board shall prorate money available for scholarships among the eligible students who received scholarships in the previous year.

- (2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the state board shall award full-year scholarships in the following amounts:
- (a) for a student who received an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an amount not to exceed the lesser of:
 - (i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 2.5; or
 - (ii) the private school tuition and fees; and

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- (b) for a student who received an average of less than 180 minutes per day of special education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an amount not to exceed the lesser of:
 - (i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 1.5; or
 - (ii) the private school tuition and fees.
- (3) The scholarship amount for a student enrolled in a half-day kindergarten or part-day preschool program shall be the amount specified in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) multiplied by .55.
 - (4) If a student leaves a private school before the end of a fiscal quarter:
- (a) the private school is only entitled to the amount of scholarship equivalent to the number of days that the student attended the private school; and
- (b) the private school shall remit a prorated amount of the scholarship to the state board in accordance with the procedures described in rules adopted by the state board <u>in accordance</u> with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
 - (5) For the amount of funds remitted under Subsection (4)(b), the state board shall:
- (a) make the amount available to the student to enroll immediately in another qualifying private school; or
- (b) refund the amount back to the Carson Smith Scholarship Program account to be available to support the costs of another scholarship.
- (6) (a) The state board shall make an additional allocation on a random basis before June 30 each year only:
- 2720 (i) if there are sufficient remaining funds in the program; and

- 2721 (ii) for scholarships for students enrolled in a full-day preschool program.
- 2722 (b) If the state board awards a scholarship under Subsection (6)(a), the scholarship amount or supplement may not exceed the lesser of:
 - (i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 1.0; or
 - (ii) the private school tuition and fees.

- (c) The state board shall, when preparing annual growth projection numbers for the Legislature, include the annual number of applications for additional allocations described in Subsection (6)(a).
- (7) (a) The scholarship amount for a student who receives a waiver under Subsection 53F-4-302(3) shall be based upon the assessment team's determination of the appropriate level of special education services to be provided to the student.
- (b) (i) If the student requires an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified in Subsection (2)(a).
- (ii) If the student requires less than an average of 180 minutes per day of special education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified in Subsection (2)(b).
- (iii) If the student is enrolled in a half-day kindergarten or part-day preschool program, a full-year scholarship is equal to the amount specified in Subsection (3).
- (8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b), upon review and receipt of documentation that verifies a student's admission to, or continuing enrollment and attendance at, a private school, the state board shall make scholarship payments quarterly in four equal amounts in each school year in which a scholarship is in force.
- (b) In accordance with state board rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board may make a scholarship payment before the first quarterly payment of the school year, if a private school requires partial payment of tuition before the start of the school year to reserve space for a student admitted to the school.
- (9) A parent of a scholarship student shall notify the state board if the student does not have continuing enrollment and attendance at an eligible private school.
- (10) Before scholarship payments are made, the state board shall cross-check enrollment lists of scholarship students, LEAs, and youth in custody to ensure that scholarship

2752	payments are not erroneously made.
2753	Section 57. Section 53F-4-305 is amended to read:
2754	53F-4-305. State board to make rules.
2755	[The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
2756	the state board shall make rules consistent with this part establishing:
2757	(1) the eligibility of students to participate in the scholarship program;
2758	(2) the application process for the scholarship program; and
2759	(3) payment procedures to eligible private schools.
2760	Section 58. Section 53F-4-514 is amended to read:
2761	53F-4-514. State board Rulemaking.
2762	The state board shall make rules in accordance with this part and Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2763	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
2764	(1) establish a course credit acknowledgement form and procedures for completing and
2765	submitting to the state board a course credit acknowledgement; and
2766	(2) establish procedures for the administration of a statewide assessment to a student
2767	enrolled in an online course.
2768	Section 59. Section 53F-5-201 is amended to read:
2769	53F-5-201. Grants for online delivery of statewide assessments.
2770	(1) As used in this section:
2771	(a) "Adaptive tests" means tests administered during the school year using an online
2772	adaptive test system.
2773	(b) "Core standards for Utah public schools" means the standards established by the
2774	state board as described in Section 53E-4-202.
2775	(c) "Statewide assessment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2776	53E-4-301.
2777	(d) "Summative tests" means tests administered near the end of a course to assess
2778	overall achievement of course goals.
2779	(e) "Uniform online summative test system" means a single system for the online
2780	delivery of summative tests required as statewide assessments that:
2781	(i) is coordinated by the state board;
2782	(ii) ensures the reliability and security of statewide assessments; and

2783	(iii) is selected through collaboration between the state board and school district
2784	representatives with expertise in technology, assessment, and administration.
2785	(2) The state board may award grants to school districts and charter schools to
2786	implement:
2787	(a) a uniform online summative test system to enable school staff and parents of
2788	students to review statewide assessment scores by the end of the school year; or
2789	(b) an online adaptive test system to enable parents of students and school staff to
2790	measure and monitor a student's academic progress during a school year.
2791	(3) (a) Grant money may be used to pay for any of the following, provided it is directly
2792	related to implementing a uniform online summative test system, an online adaptive test
2793	system, or both:
2794	(i) computer equipment and peripherals, including electronic data capture devices
2795	designed for electronic test administration and scoring;
2796	(ii) software;
2797	(iii) networking equipment;
2798	(iv) upgrades of existing equipment or software;
2799	(v) upgrades of existing physical plant facilities;
2800	(vi) personnel to provide technical support or coordination and management; and
2801	(vii) teacher professional development.
2802	(b) Equipment purchased in compliance with Subsection (3)(a), when not in use for the
2803	online delivery of summative tests or adaptive tests required as statewide assessments, may be
2804	used for other purposes.
2805	(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
2806	Act, the state board shall make rules:
2807	(a) establishing procedures for applying for and awarding grants;
2808	(b) specifying how grant money is allocated among school districts and charter schools;
2809	(c) requiring reporting of grant money expenditures and evidence showing that the
2810	grant money has been used to implement a uniform online summative test system, an online
2811	adaptive test system, or both;

(d) establishing technology standards for an online adaptive testing system;

(e) requiring a school district or charter school that receives a grant under this section

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2814 to implement, in compliance with Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection, 2815 an online adaptive test system by the 2014-15 school year that: 2816 (i) meets the technology standards established under Subsection (4)(d); and 2817 (ii) is aligned with the core standards for Utah public schools; 2818 (f) requiring a school district or charter school to provide matching funds to implement 2819 a uniform online summative test system, an online adaptive test system, or both in an amount 2820 that is greater than or equal to the amount of a grant received under this section; and 2821 (g) ensuring that student identifiable data is not released to any person, except as 2822 provided by Title 53E, Chapter 9, Student Privacy and Data Protection, and rules of the state 2823 board adopted under the authority of those parts. 2824 (5) If a school district or charter school uses grant money for purposes other than those 2825 stated in Subsection (3), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing the state 2826 board in the amount of the grant money improperly used. 2827 (6) A school district or charter school may not use federal funds to provide the 2828 matching funds required to receive a grant under this section. 2829 (7) A school district may not impose a tax rate above the certified tax rate for the 2830 purpose of generating revenue to provide matching funds for a grant under this section. 2831 Section 60. Section **53F-5-202** is amended to read: 2832 53F-5-202. National Board certification reimbursement. 2833 (1) (a) The terms defined in Section 53E-6-102 apply to this section. 2834 (b) As used in this section, "eligible educator" means an educator who is employed as 2835 an educator by an LEA. 2836 (2) (a) Subject to legislative appropriations and Subsection (2)(b), the state board shall 2837 reimburse an eligible educator for a cost incurred by the eligible educator to attain or renew a 2838 National Board certification. 2839 (b) The state board may only issue a reimbursement under Subsection (2)(a) for: 2840 (i) a National Board certification attained or renewed after July 1, 2016, and before

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July 1, 2019; or

(3) Subject to legislative appropriations, and in accordance with this section, beginning

(ii) a cost incurred by an eligible teacher to attain or renew a National Board

certification after July 1, 2016, and before July 1, 2019.

2845	July 1, 2019, the state board may pay up to the total cost:
2846	(a) for an eligible educator who does not have a National Board certification to pursue
2847	a National Board certification; or
2848	(b) for an eligible educator who has a National Board certification, to renew the
2849	National Board certification.
2850	(4) An eligible educator who does not have a National Board certification and intends
2851	for the state board to pay for the eligible educator to pursue a National Board certification shall
2852	(a) submit to the state board:
2853	(i) an application;
2854	(ii) a letter of recommendation from the principal of the eligible educator's school; and
2855	(iii) a plan for completing the requirements for a National Board certification within
2856	three years of the state board approving the eligible educator's application; and
2857	(b) pay a registration fee directly to the organization that administers National Board
2858	certification.
2859	(5) An eligible educator who intends for the state board to pay to renew the eligible
2860	educator's National Board certification shall submit an application to the board.
2861	(6) The state board may not:
2862	(a) pay for an eligible educator to attempt to earn National Board certification over a
2863	period of longer than three years; or
2864	(b) pay for an individual to attempt National Board certification or a component of
2865	National Board certification more than once.
2866	(7) The state board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2867	Administrative Rulemaking Act, specifying procedures and timelines for:
2868	(a) reimbursing costs under Subsection (2); and
2869	(b) paying costs for an eligible educator to pursue or renew a National Board
2870	certification under Subsection (3).
2871	Section 61. Section 53F-5-204 is amended to read:
2872	53F-5-204. Initiative to strengthen college and career readiness.
2873	(1) As used in this section:
2874	(a) "College and career counseling" means:
2875	(i) nurturing college and career aspirations;

2876	(ii) assisting students in planning an academic program that connects to college and
2877	career goals;
2878	(iii) providing early and ongoing exposure to information necessary to make informed
2879	decisions when selecting a college and career;
2880	(iv) promoting participation in college and career assessments;
2881	(v) providing financial aid information; and
2882	(vi) increasing understanding about college admission processes.
2883	(b) "LEA" or "local education agency" means a school district or charter school.
2884	(2) There is created the Strengthening College and Career Readiness Program, a grant
2885	program for LEAs, to improve students' college and career readiness through enhancing the
2886	skill level of school counselors to provide college and career counseling.
2887	(3) The state board shall:
2888	(a) on or before August 1, 2015, collaborate with the State Board of Regents, and
2889	business, community, and education stakeholders to develop a certificate for school counselors
2890	that:
2891	(i) certifies that a school counselor is highly skilled at providing college and career
2892	counseling; and
2893	(ii) is aligned with the Utah Comprehensive Counseling and Guidance Program as
2894	defined in rules established by the state board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2895	Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2896	(b) subject to legislative appropriations, award grants to LEAs, on a competitive basis,
2897	for payment of course fees for courses required to earn the certificate developed by the state
2898	board under Subsection (3)(a); and
2899	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
2900	make rules specifying:
2901	(i) procedures for applying for and awarding grants under this section;
2902	(ii) criteria for awarding grants; and
2903	(iii) reporting requirements for grantees.
2904	(4) An LEA that receives a grant under this section shall use the grant for payment of
2905	course fees for courses required to attain the certificate as determined by the state board under
2906	Subsection (3)(a).

2907	Section 62. Section 53F-5-205 is amended to read:
2908	53F-5-205. Paraeducator to Teacher Scholarship Program Grants for math
2909	teacher training programs.
2910	(1) (a) The terms defined in Section 53E-6-102 apply to this section.
2911	(b) As used in this section, "paraeducator" means a school employee who:
2912	(i) delivers instruction under the direct supervision of a teacher; and
2913	(ii) works in an area where there is a shortage of qualified teachers, such as special
2914	education, Title I, ESL, reading remediation, math, or science.
2915	(2) The Paraeducator to Teacher Scholarship Program is created to award scholarships
2916	to paraeducators for education and training to become licensed teachers.
2917	(3) The state board shall use money appropriated for the Paraeducator to Teacher
2918	Scholarship Program to award scholarships of up to \$5,000 to paraeducators employed by
2919	school districts and charter schools who are pursuing an associate's degree or bachelor's degree
2920	program to become a licensed teacher.
2921	(4) A paraeducator is eligible to receive a scholarship if:
2922	(a) the paraeducator is employed by a school district or charter school;
2923	(b) is admitted to, or has made an application to, an associate's degree program or
2924	bachelor's degree program that will prepare the paraeducator for teacher licensure; and
2925	(c) the principal at the school where the paraeducator is employed has nominated the
2926	paraeducator for a scholarship.
2927	(5) (a) The state board shall establish a committee to select scholarship recipients from
2928	nominations submitted by school principals.
2929	(b) The committee shall include representatives of the state board, State Board of
2930	Regents, and the general public, excluding school district and charter school employees.
2931	(c) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
2932	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2933	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
2934	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
2935	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2936	63A-3-107.
2937	(d) The committee shall select scholarship recipients based on the following criteria:

2938	(i) test scores, grades, or other evidence demonstrating the applicant's ability to
2939	successfully complete a teacher education program; and
2940	(ii) the applicant's record of success as a paraeducator.
2941	(6) The maximum scholarship amount is \$5,000.
2942	(7) Scholarship money may only be used to pay for tuition costs:
2943	(a) of:
2944	(i) an associate's degree program that fulfills credit requirements for the first two years
2945	of a bachelor's degree program leading to teacher licensure; or
2946	(ii) the first two years of a bachelor's degree program leading to teacher licensure; and
2947	(b) at a higher education institution:
2948	(i) located in Utah; and
2949	(ii) accredited by the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities.
2950	(8) A scholarship recipient must be continuously employed as a paraeducator by a
2951	school district or charter school while pursuing a degree using scholarship money.
2952	(9) The state board shall make rules in accordance with this section and Title 63G,
2953	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer the Paraeducator to Teacher
2954	Scholarship Program, including rules establishing:
2955	(a) scholarship application procedures;
2956	(b) the number of, and qualifications for, committee members who select scholarship
2957	recipients; and
2958	(c) procedures for distributing scholarship money.
2959	(10) If the state obtains matching funds of equal sums from private contributors, the
2960	state board may award grants to institutions of higher education or nonprofit educational
2961	organizations for programs that provide:
2962	(a) mentoring and training leading to a secondary education license with a certificate in
2963	mathematics for an individual who:
2964	(i) is not a teacher in a public or private school;
2965	(ii) does not have a teaching license;
2966	(iii) has a bachelor's degree or higher; and
2967	(iv) demonstrates a high level of mathematics competency by:
2968	(A) successfully completing substantial course work in mathematics; and

2969	(B) passing a mathematics content exam; or
2970	(b) a stipend, professional development, and leadership opportunities to an experienced
2971	mathematics teacher who demonstrates high content knowledge and exemplary teaching and
2972	leadership skills to assist the teacher in becoming a teacher leader.
2973	(11) (a) The state board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2974	Administrative Rulemaking Act, that establish criteria for awarding grants under this section.
2975	(b) In awarding grants, the state board shall consider the amount or percent of matching
2976	funds provided by the grant recipient.
2977	Section 63. Section 53F-5-209 is amended to read:
2978	53F-5-209. Grants for school-based mental health supports.
2979	(1) As used in this section:
2980	(a) "Elementary school" means a school that includes any one or all of grades
2981	kindergarten through grade 6.
2982	(b) "Intergenerational poverty" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2983	35A-9-102.
2984	(c) "Qualifying personnel" means a school counselor or school social worker who:
2985	(i) is licensed by the state board; and
2986	(ii) collaborates with educators and a student's family or guardian on:
2987	(A) early identification and intervention of a student's academic and mental health
2988	needs; and
2989	(B) removing barriers to learning and developing skills and behaviors critical for a
2990	student's academic achievement.
2991	(2) Subject to legislative appropriations and Subsection (3), the state board shall award
2992	a grant to an LEA to provide targeted school-based mental health support in an elementary
2993	school, including trauma-informed care, through employment of qualifying personnel.
2994	(3) In awarding a grant under this section, the state board shall give:
2995	(a) first priority to an LEA that proposes to target funds to one or more elementary
2996	schools with a high percentage of students exhibiting risk factors for childhood trauma; and
2997	(b) second priority to an LEA that proposes to target funds to one or more elementary
2998	schools with a high percentage of students experiencing intergenerational poverty.
2999	(4) To qualify for a grant, an LEA shall:

3000	(a) submit an application to the state board that includes:
3001	(i) measurable goals on improving student safety, student engagement, school culture,
3002	and academic achievement; and
3003	(ii) how the LEA intends to meet goals submitted under Subsection (4)(a)(i) through
3004	the use of the grant funds; and
3005	(b) provide local funds to match grant funds received under this section in an amount
3006	equal to one-half of the amount of the grant funds.
3007	(5) An LEA may not replace federal, state, or local funds previously allocated to
3008	employ qualified personnel with funds distributed under this section.
3009	(6) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
3010	Act, the state board shall make rules specifying:
3011	(a) procedures for applying for and awarding grants under this section, including:
3012	(i) a definition of risk factors for childhood trauma;
3013	(ii) the duration of a grant; and
3014	(iii) a schedule for submission of matching grant funds; and
3015	(b) annual reporting requirements for grantees in accordance with Subsection (7).
3016	(7) An LEA that receives a grant under this section shall submit an annual report to the
3017	state board, including:
3018	(a) progress toward achieving the goals submitted under Subsection (4)(a)(i); and
3019	(b) if the LEA decides to discontinue the qualifying personnel position, the LEA's
3020	reason for discontinuing the position.
3021	(8) Beginning on or before July 1, 2019, the state board shall provide training that
3022	instructs educators on the impact of trauma on student learning, including information advising
3023	educators against practicing medicine, giving a diagnosis, or providing treatment.
3024	Section 64. Section 53F-5-210 is amended to read:
3025	53F-5-210. Educational Improvement Opportunities Outside of the Regular
3026	School Day Grant Program.
3027	(1) As used in this section:
3028	(a) "Applicant" means an LEA, private provider, nonprofit provider, or municipality
3029	that provides an existing program and applies for a grant under the provisions of this section.
3030	(b) "Existing program" means a currently funded and operating program, as described

3031	in Subsections 53E-3-508(1)(a) and (b).
3032	(c) "Grant program" means the Educational Improvement Opportunities Outside of the
3033	Regular School Day Grant Program created in Subsection (2).
3034	(d) "Grantor" means:
3035	(i) for an LEA that receives a grant under this section, the state board; or
3036	(ii) for a private provider, nonprofit provider, or municipality that receives a grant
3037	under this section, the Department of Workforce Services.
3038	(e) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or charter school.
3039	(2) There is created the Educational Improvement Opportunities Outside of the Regular
3040	School Day Grant Program to provide grant funds for an existing program to improve and
3041	develop the existing program in accordance with the high quality standards described in
3042	Section 53E-3-508.
3043	(3) Subject to legislative appropriation and in accordance with Subsection (7):
3044	(a) the state board shall:
3045	(i) solicit LEA applications to receive a grant under this section; and
3046	(ii) award a grant based on the criteria described in Subsection (5); and
3047	(b) the Department of Workforce Services shall:
3048	(i) solicit private provider, nonprofit provider, or municipality applications to receive a
3049	grant under this section; and
3050	(ii) award a grant based on the criteria described in Subsection (5).
3051	(4) To receive a grant under this section, an applicant shall submit a proposal to the
3052	grantor describing:
3053	(a) how the applicant proposes to develop and improve the existing program to meet
3054	the standards described in Section 53E-3-508;
3055	(b) information necessary for the state board to determine the impact of the applicant's
3056	program on the academic performance of participating students;
3057	(c) the total number of students the applicant proposes to serve through the existing
3058	program;
3059	(d) the estimated percentage of the students described in Subsection (4)(c) who qualify
3060	for free or reduced lunch; and

(e) the estimated cost of the applicant's existing program, per student.

3062	(5) In awarding a grant under Subsection (3), the grantor shall consider:
3063	(a) how an applicant's existing program proposes to meet the standards described in
3064	Section 53E-3-508; and
3065	(b) the percentage of students in that program who qualify for free and reduced lunch.
3066	(6) An applicant that receives a grant under this section shall:
3067	(a) use the grant to improve an existing program in accordance with the standards
3068	described in Section 53E-3-508; and
3069	(b) annually report to the grantor:
3070	(i) the number of students served by the existing program;
3071	(ii) the academic outcomes that the program is expected to have on participating
3072	students;
3073	(iii) program attendance rates of participating students; and
3074	(iv) other information required by the grantor.
3075	(7) (a) To receive a distribution of grant money under this section, an applicant shall
3076	identify and certify the availability of private matching funds in the amount of the grant to be
3077	distributed to the applicant.
3078	(b) Neither the state board nor the Department of Workforce Services shall be expected
3079	to seek private matching funds for this grant program.
3080	(8) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
3081	Act, the state board shall make rules to administer this section that include:
3082	(a) specific criteria to determine academic performance;
3083	(b) application and reporting procedures; and
3084	(c) criteria for an existing program to qualify for a grant under this section.
3085	(9) The Department of Workforce Services shall make rules in accordance with Title
3086	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to administer the grant program as
3087	described in Subsection (3)(b).
3088	(10) In accordance with 34 C.F.R. Sec. 99.35, the state board shall designate the
3089	Department of Workforce Services as an authorized representative for the purpose of sharing
3090	student data and evaluating and reporting the impact and effectiveness of the grant program.
3091	(11) The state board and the Department of Workforce Services may utilize up to 10%
3092	of the funds appropriated for administrative costs associated with the grant program and the

3093	report described in Subsection (12).
3094	(12) The state board shall report to the Education Interim Committee before November
3095	30, 2019, regarding:
3096	(a) the grant program's effect on the quality of existing programs that participate in the
3097	grant program; and
3098	(b) the impact of the existing programs on the academic performance of participating
3099	students.
3100	Section 65. Section 53F-5-212 is amended to read:
3101	53F-5-212. Grants for additional educators for high-need schools.
3102	(1) As used in this section:
3103	(a) "Educator" means an individual who holds a professional educator license
3104	described in Section 53E-6-201.
3105	(b) "First-year educator" means an educator who is:
3106	(i) a classroom teacher; and
3107	(ii) in the educator's first year of teaching.
3108	(c) "High-need school" means an elementary school in an LEA that qualifies for a grant
3109	under this section based on the criteria established by the state board under Subsection
3110	(5)(a)(ii).
3111	(d) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or charter school.
3112	(e) "Title I school" means a school that receives funds under Title I of the Elementary
3113	and Secondary Education Act of 1965, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et seq.
3114	(2) Subject to legislative appropriations, and in accordance with this section, the state
3115	board shall award a grant to an LEA to fund the salary and benefits for an additional first-year
3116	educator to teach in a high-need school.
3117	(3) The state board shall:
3118	(a) solicit proposals from LEAs to receive a grant under this section; and
3119	(b) award grants to LEAs on a competitive basis based on the LEA applications
3120	described in Subsection (4)(a).
3121	(4) To receive a grant under this section, an LEA shall:
3122	(a) submit an application to the state board that:
3123	(i) lists the school or schools for which the LEA intends to use a grant;

3124	(ii) describes how each school for which the LEA intends to use a grant meets the
3125	criteria for being a high-need school; and
3126	(iii) includes any other information required by the board under the rules described in
3127	Subsection (5); and
3128	(b) provide matching funds in an amount equal to the grant received by the LEA under
3129	this section.
3130	(5) (a) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3131	Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules specifying:
3132	(i) the procedure for an LEA to apply for a grant under this section, including
3133	application requirements; and
3134	(ii) the criteria for determining if an elementary school is a high-need school.
3135	(b) In establishing the criteria described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii), the state board shall
3136	consider the following factors:
3137	(i) Title I school status;
3138	(ii) low school performance, as indicated by the school accountability system described
3139	in Title 53E, Chapter 5, Part 2, School Accountability System;
3140	(iii) a high percentage of students enrolled in the school who are either experiencing or
3141	at risk of experiencing intergenerational poverty;
3142	(iv) a high ratio of students to educators in the school;
3143	(v) higher than average educator turnover in the school;
3144	(vi) a high percentage of students enrolled in the school who are experiencing
3145	homelessness; and
3146	(vii) other factors determined by the state board.
3147	(6) An LEA that receives a grant under this section shall:
3148	(a) (i) use the grant to fund a portion of the cost of the salary and benefits for an
3149	additional first-year educator who teaches in a high-need school; and
3150	(ii) maintain a class size of fewer than 20 students for a first-year educator whose
3151	salary and benefits are funded by the grant; and
3152	(b) annually submit a report to the state board describing:
3153	(i) how the LEA used the grant; and
3154	(ii) whether the grant was effective in maintaining a smaller class size for the first-year

3133	educator whose safary and benefits were funded by the grant.
3156	Section 66. Section 53F-5-406 is amended to read:
3157	53F-5-406. Rules.
3158	[The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
3159	the state board shall make rules to administer the Partnerships for Student Success Grant
3160	Program in accordance with this part.
3161	Section 67. Section 53F-5-502 is amended to read:
3162	53F-5-502. Competency-Based Education Grants Program State board duties
3163	Review committee Technical assistance training.
3164	(1) There is created the Competency-Based Education Grants Program consisting of
3165	the grants created in this part to improve educational outcomes in public schools by advancing
3166	student mastery of concepts and skills through the following core principles:
3167	(a) student advancement upon mastery of a concept or skill;
3168	(b) competencies that include explicit, measurable, and transferable learning objectives
3169	that empower a student;
3170	(c) assessment that is meaningful and provides a positive learning experience for a
3171	student;
3172	(d) timely, differentiated support based on a student's individual learning needs; and
3173	(e) learning outcomes that emphasize competencies that include application and
3174	creation of knowledge along with the development of important skills and dispositions.
3175	(2) The grant program shall incentivize an LEA to establish competency-based
3176	education within the LEA through the use of:
3177	(a) personalized learning;
3178	(b) blended learning;
3179	(c) extended learning;
3180	(d) educator professional learning in competency-based education; or
3181	(e) any other method that emphasizes the core principles described in Subsection (1).
3182	(3) The state board shall:
3183	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
3184	adopt rules:
3185	(i) for the administration of the grant program and awarding of grants; and

3186	(ii) to define outcome-based measures appropriate to the type of grant for an LEA that					
3187	is awarded a grant under this part to use to measure the performance of the LEA's plan or					
3188	program;					
3189	(b) establish a grant application process;					
3190	(c) in accordance with Subsection (4), establish a review committee to make					
3191	recommendations to the state board for:					
3192	(i) metrics to analyze the quality of a grant application; and					
3193	(ii) approval of a grant application; and					
3194	(d) with input from the review committee, adopt metrics to analyze the quality of a					
3195	grant application.					
3196	(4) (a) The review committee shall consist of STEM and blended learning experts,					
3197	current and former school administrators, current and former teachers, and at least one former					
3198	school district superintendent, in addition to other staff designated by the state board.					
3199	(b) The review committee shall:					
3200	(i) review a grant application submitted by an LEA;					
3201	(ii) make recommendations to the LEA to modify the application, if necessary; and					
3202	(iii) make recommendations to the state board regarding the final disposition of an					
3203	application.					
3204	(5) (a) The state board shall provide technical assistance training to assist an LEA with					
3205	a grant application under this part.					
3206	(b) An LEA may not apply for a grant under this part unless:					
3207	(i) a representative of the LEA attends the technical assistance training before the LEA					
3208	submits a grant application; and					
3209	(ii) the representative is a superintendent, principal, or a person in a leadership position					
3210	within the LEA.					
3211	(c) The technical assistance training shall include:					
3212	(i) instructions on completing a grant application, including grant application					
3213	requirements;					
3214	(ii) information on the scoring metrics used to review a grant application; and					
3215	(iii) information on competency-based education.					
3216	(6) The state board may use up to 5% of an appropriation provided to fund this part for					

3217	administration of the grant program.
3218	Section 68. Section 53F-5-506 is amended to read:
3219	53F-5-506. Waiver from state board rule State board recommended statutory
3220	changes.
3221	(1) An LEA may apply to the state board in a grant application submitted under this
3222	part for a waiver of a state board rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3223	Administrative Rulemaking Act, that inhibits or hinders the LEA from accomplishing its goals
3224	set out in its grant application.
3225	(2) The state board may grant the waiver, unless:
3226	(a) the waiver would cause the LEA to be in violation of state or federal law; or
3227	(b) the waiver would threaten the health, safety, or welfare of students in the LEA.
3228	(3) If the state board denies the waiver, the state board shall provide in writing the
3229	reason for the denial to the waiver applicant.
3230	(4) (a) The state board shall request from each LEA that receives a grant under this part
3231	for each year the LEA receives funds:
3232	(i) information on a state statute that hinders an LEA from fully implementing the
3233	LEA's program; and
3234	(ii) suggested changes to the statute.
3235	(b) The state board shall report any information received from an LEA under
3236	Subsection (4)(a) and the state board's recommendations in accordance with Section
3237	53E-1-203.
3238	Section 69. Section 53F-5-603 is amended to read:
3239	53F-5-603. Grant program to school districts and charter schools.
3240	(1) From money appropriated to the grant program, the state board shall distribute
3241	grant money on a competitive basis to a school district or charter school that applies for a grant
3242	and:
3243	(a) (i) has within the school district one or more American Indian and Alaskan Native
3244	concentrated schools; or
3245	(ii) is an American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated school; and
3246	(b) has a program to fund stipends, recruitment, retention, and professional
3247	development of teachers who teach at American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated

3248	schools.				
3249	(2) The grant money distributed under this section may only be expended to fund a				
3250	program described in Subsection (1)(b).				
3251	(3) (a) If a school district or charter school obtains a grant under this section, by no				
3252	later than two years from the date the school district or charter school obtains the grant, the				
3253	state board shall review the implementation of the program described in Subsection (1)(b) to				
3254	determine whether:				
3255	(i) the program is effective in addressing the need to retain teachers at American Indian				
3256	and Alaskan Native concentrated schools; and				
3257	(ii) the money is being spent for a purpose not covered by the program described in				
3258	Subsection (1)(b).				
3259	(b) If the state board determines that the program is not effective or that the money is				
3260	being spent for a purpose not covered by the program described in Subsection (1)(b), the state				
3261	board may terminate the grant money being distributed to the school district or charter school.				
3262	(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking				
3263	Act, the state board may make rules providing:				
3264	(a) criteria for evaluating grant applications; and				
3265	(b) procedures for:				
3266	(i) a school district to apply to the state board to receive grant money under this				
3267	section; and				
3268	(ii) the review of the use of grant money described in Subsection (3).				
3269	(5) The grant money is intended to supplement and not replace existing money				
3270	supporting American Indian and Alaskan Native concentrated schools.				
3271	Section 70. Section 53F-9-401 is amended to read:				
3272	53F-9-401. Autism Awareness Restricted Account.				
3273	(1) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Autism				
3274	Awareness Restricted Account."				
3275	(2) The account shall be funded by:				
3276	(a) contributions deposited into the account in accordance with Section 41-1a-422;				
3277	(b) private contributions: and				

(c) donations or grants from public or private entities.

3219	(3) Opon appropriation by the Legislature, the state superintendent shall:					
3280	(a) (i) ensure the inventory of Autism Awareness Support special group license plate					
3281	decals are in stock; and					
3282	(ii) transfer money to the Tax Commission to pay for the group license plate as needed;					
3283	(b) distribute funds in the account to one or more charitable organizations that:					
3284	(i) qualify as being tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;					
3285	(ii) has as the organization's sole mission to promote access to resources and					
3286	responsible information for individuals of all ages who have, or are affected by, autism or					
3287	autism spectrum related conditions;					
3288	(iii) is an independent organization that has representation from state agencies and					
3289	private providers serving individuals with autism spectrum disorder and their families in the					
3290	state;					
3291	(iv) includes representation of:					
3292	(A) national and local autism advocacy groups, as available; and					
3293	(B) interested parents and professionals; and					
3294	(v) does not endorse any specific treatment, therapy, or intervention used for autism.					
3295	(4) (a) An organization described in Subsection (3) may apply to the state					
3296	superintendent to receive a distribution in accordance with Subsection (3).					
3297	(b) An organization that receives a distribution from the state superintendent in					
3298	accordance with Subsection (3) shall expend the distribution only to:					
3299	(i) pay for autism education and public awareness of programs and related services in					
3300	the state;					
3301	(ii) enhance programs designed to serve individuals with autism;					
3302	(iii) provide support to caregivers providing services for individuals with autism;					
3303	(iv) pay administrative costs of the organization; and					
3304	(v) pay for academic scholarships and research efforts in the area of autism spectrum					
3305	disorder.					
3306	(c) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking					
3307	Act, the state board may make rules providing procedures for an organization to apply to the					
3308	state superintendent to receive a distribution under Subsection (3).					
3309	Section 71 Section 53C-4-410 is amended to read:					

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3310	53G-4-410.	Regional	service	centers

- (1) For purposes of this section, "eligible regional service center" means a regional service center formed by two or more school districts as an interlocal entity, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.
- (2) The Legislature strongly encourages school districts to collaborate and cooperate to provide educational services in a manner that will best utilize resources for the overall operation of the public education system.
- (3) An eligible regional service center formed by an interlocal agreement, in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, may receive a distribution described in Subsection (5) if the Legislature appropriates money for eligible regional service centers.
- (4) (a) If local school boards enter into an interlocal agreement to confirm or formalize a regional service center in operation before July 1, 2011, the interlocal agreement may not eliminate any rights or obligations of the regional service center in effect before entering into the interlocal agreement.
- (b) An interlocal agreement entered into to confirm or formalize an existing regional service center shall have the effect of confirming and ratifying in the regional service center, the title to any property held in the name, or for the benefit of the regional service center as of the effective date of the interlocal agreement.
- (5) (a) The state board shall distribute any funding appropriated to eligible regional service centers as provided by the Legislature.
- (b) The state board may provide funding to an eligible regional service center in addition to legislative appropriations.
- (6) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules regarding eligible regional service centers including:
 - (a) the distribution of legislative appropriations to eligible regional service centers;
- (b) the designation of eligible regional service centers as agents to distribute Utah Education and Telehealth Network services; and
- (c) the designation of eligible regional service centers as agents for regional coordination of public education and higher education services.
 - Section 72. Section **53G-5-205** is amended to read:

3341	53G-5-205. Charter school authorizers Power and duties Charter application
3342	minimum standard.
3343	(1) The following entities are eligible to authorize charter schools:
3344	(a) the State Charter School Board;
3345	(b) a local school board; or
3346	(c) a board of trustees of an institution in the state system of higher education as
3347	described in Section 53B-1-102.
3348	(2) A charter school authorizer shall:
3349	(a) annually review and evaluate the performance of charter schools authorized by the
3350	authorizer and hold a charter school accountable for the school's performance; and
3351	(b) monitor charter schools authorized by the authorizer for compliance with federal
3352	and state laws, rules, and regulations.
3353	(3) A charter school authorizer may:
3354	(a) authorize and promote the establishment of charter schools, subject to the
3355	provisions in this part;
3356	(b) make recommendations on legislation and rules pertaining to charter schools to the
3357	Legislature and state board, respectively;
3358	(c) make recommendations to the state board on the funding of charter schools;
3359	(d) provide technical support to charter schools and persons seeking to establish charter
3360	schools by:
3361	(i) identifying and promoting successful charter school models;
3362	(ii) facilitating the application and approval process for charter school authorization;
3363	(iii) directing charter schools and persons seeking to establish charter schools to
3364	sources of funding and support;
3365	(iv) reviewing and evaluating proposals to establish charter schools for the purpose of
3366	supporting and strengthening proposals before an application for charter school authorization is
3367	submitted to a charter school authorizer; or
3368	(v) assisting charter schools to understand and carry out their charter obligations; or
3369	(e) provide technical support, as requested, to another charter school authorizer relating
3370	to charter schools.
3371	(4) Within 60 days after an authorizer's approval of an application for a new charter

3372	school, the state board may direct an authorizer to do the following if the authorizer or charter
3373	school applicant failed to follow statutory or state board rule requirements made in accordance
3374	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
3375	(a) reconsider the authorizer's approval of an application for a new charter school; and
3376	(b) correct deficiencies in the charter school application or authorizer's application
3377	process as described in statute or state board rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
3378	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, before approving the new application.
3379	(5) The state board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3380	Rulemaking Act, make rules establishing minimum standards that a charter school authorizer is
3381	required to apply when:
3382	(a) evaluating a charter school application; or
3383	(b) monitoring charter school compliance.
3384	(6) The minimum standards described in Subsection (5) shall include:
3385	(a) reasonable consequences for an authorizer that fails to comply with statute or state
3386	board rule;
3387	(b) a process for an authorizer to review:
3388	(i) the skill and expertise of a proposed charter school's governing board; and
3389	(ii) the functioning operation of the charter school governing board of an authorized
3390	charter school;
3391	(c) a process for an authorizer to review the financial viability of a proposed charter
3392	school and of an authorized charter school;
3393	(d) a process to evaluate:
3394	(i) how well an authorizer's authorized charter school complies with the charter
3395	school's charter agreement;
3396	(ii) whether an authorizer's authorized charter school maintains reasonable academic
3397	standards; and
3398	(iii) standards that an authorizer is required to meet to demonstrate the authorizer's
3399	capacity to oversee, monitor, and evaluate the charter schools the authorizer authorizes.
3400	Section 73. Section 53G-5-304 is amended to read:
3401	53G-5-304. Charter schools authorized by the State Charter School Board
3402	Application process Prohibited basis of application denial.

3403	(1) (a) An applicant seeking authorization of a charter school from the State Charter
3404	School Board shall provide a copy of the application to the local school board of the school
3405	district in which the proposed charter school shall be located either before or at the same time it
3406	files its application with the State Charter School Board.
3407	(b) The local school board may review the application and may offer suggestions or
3408	recommendations to the applicant or the State Charter School Board prior to its acting on the
3409	application.
3410	(c) The State Charter School Board shall give due consideration to suggestions or
3411	recommendations made by the local school board under Subsection (1)(b).
3412	(d) The State Charter School Board shall review and, by majority vote, either approve
3413	or deny the application.
3414	(e) A charter school application may not be denied on the basis that the establishment
3415	of the charter school will have any or all of the following impacts on a public school, including
3416	another charter school:
3417	(i) an enrollment decline;
3418	(ii) a decrease in funding; or
3419	(iii) a modification of programs or services.
3420	(2) The state board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3421	Rulemaking Act, make a rule providing a timeline for the opening of a charter school following
3422	the approval of a charter school application by the State Charter School Board.
3423	(3) After approval of a charter school application and in accordance with Section
3424	53G-5-303, the applicant and the State Charter School Board shall set forth the terms and

- (4) The State Charter School Board shall, in accordance with state board rules, establish and make public the State Charter School Board's:
 - (a) application requirements, in accordance with Section 53G-5-302;

conditions for the operation of the charter school in a written charter agreement.

- (b) application process, including timelines, in accordance with this section; and
- 3430 (c) minimum academic, financial, and enrollment standards.
- Section 74. Section **53G-5-406** is amended to read:
- **53G-5-406.** Accountability -- Rules.

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3433 [The state board shall,] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

3434	Rulemaking Act, and after consultation with chartering entities, the state board shall make
3435	rules that:
3436	(1) require a charter school to develop an accountability plan, approved by its charter
3437	school authorizer, during its first year of operation;
3438	(2) require an authorizer to:
3439	(a) visit a charter school at least once during:
3440	(i) its first year of operation; and
3441	(ii) the review period described under Subsection (3); and
3442	(b) provide written reports to its charter schools after the visits; and
3443	(3) establish a review process that is required of a charter school once every five years
3444	by its authorizer.
3445	Section 75. Section 53G-5-501 is amended to read:
3446	53G-5-501. Noncompliance Rulemaking.
3447	(1) If a charter school is found to be out of compliance with the requirements of
3448	Section 53G-5-404 or the school's charter agreement, the charter school authorizer shall notify
3449	the following in writing that the charter school has a reasonable time to remedy the deficiency,
3450	except as otherwise provided in Subsection 53G-5-503(4):
3451	(a) the charter school governing board; and
3452	(b) if the charter school is a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in
3453	accordance with Part 6, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, the Utah Charter School
3454	Finance Authority.
3455	(2) If the charter school does not remedy the deficiency within the established timeline
3456	the authorizer may:
3457	(a) subject to the requirements of Subsection (4), take one or more of the following
3458	actions:
3459	(i) remove a charter school director or finance officer;
3460	(ii) remove a charter school governing board member; or
3461	(iii) appoint an interim director or mentor to work with the charter school; or
3462	(b) subject to the requirements of Section 53G-5-503, terminate the school's charter
3463	agreement.
3464	(3) The costs of an interim director or mentor appointed pursuant to Subsection (2)(a)

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Finance Authority.

3465	shall be paid from the funds of the charter school for which the interim director or mentor is
3466	working.
3467	(4) The authorizer shall notify the Utah Charter School Finance Authority before the
3468	authorizer takes an action described in Subsections (2)(a)(i) through (iii) if the charter school is
3469	a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in accordance with Part 6, Charter
3470	School Credit Enhancement Program.
3471	(5) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
3472	Act, the state board shall make rules:
3473	(a) specifying the timeline for remedying deficiencies under Subsection (1); and
3474	(b) ensuring the compliance of a charter school with its approved charter agreement.
3475	Section 76. Section 53G-5-503 is amended to read:
3476	53G-5-503. Termination of a charter agreement.
3477	(1) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (3), a charter school authorizer may
3478	terminate a school's charter agreement for any of the following reasons:
3479	(a) failure of the charter school to meet the requirements stated in the charter
3480	agreement;
3481	(b) failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management;
3482	(c) (i) designation as a low performing school under Title 53E, Chapter 5, Part 3,
3483	School Turnaround and Leadership Development; and
3484	(ii) failure to improve the school's grade under the conditions described in Title 53E,
3485	Chapter 5, Part 3, School Turnaround and Leadership Development;
3486	(d) violation of requirements under this chapter or another law; or
3487	(e) other good cause shown.
3488	(2) (a) The authorizer shall notify the following of the proposed termination in writing,
3489	state the grounds for the termination, and stipulate that the charter school governing board may
3490	request an informal hearing before the authorizer:
3491	(i) the charter school governing board; and
3492	(ii) if the charter school is a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in

(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), the authorizer shall conduct the hearing in

accordance with Part 6, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, the Utah Charter School

accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, within 30 days after receiving a written request under Subsection (2)(a).

- (c) If the authorizer, by majority vote, approves a motion to terminate a charter school, the charter school governing board may appeal the decision to the state board.
- (d) (i) The state board shall hear an appeal of a termination made pursuant to Subsection (2)(c).
 - (ii) The state board's action is final action subject to judicial review.
- (e) (i) If the authorizer proposes to terminate the charter agreement of a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in accordance with Part 6, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, the authorizer shall conduct a hearing described in Subsection (2)(b) 120 days or more after notifying the following of the proposed termination:
 - (A) the charter school governing board of the qualifying charter school; and
 - (B) the Utah Charter School Finance Authority.

- (ii) Prior to the hearing described in Subsection (2)(e)(i), the Utah Charter School Finance Authority shall meet with the authorizer to determine whether the deficiency may be remedied in lieu of termination of the qualifying charter school's charter agreement.
- (3) An authorizer may not terminate the charter agreement of a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in accordance with Part 6, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, without mutual agreement of the Utah Charter School Finance Authority and the authorizer.
- (4) (a) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules that require a charter school to report any threats to the health, safety, or welfare of its students to the State Charter School Board in a timely manner.
- (b) The rules under Subsection (4)(a) shall also require the charter school report to include what steps the charter school has taken to remedy the threat.
- (5) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (3), the authorizer may terminate a charter agreement immediately if good cause has been shown or if the health, safety, or welfare of the students at the school is threatened.
- 3525 (6) If a charter agreement is terminated during a school year, the following entities may apply to the charter school's authorizer to assume operation of the school:

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3527	(a) the school district where the charter school is located;
3528	(b) the charter school governing board of another charter school; or
3529	(c) a private management company.
3530	(7) (a) If a charter agreement is terminated, a student who attended the school may
3531	apply to and shall be enrolled in another public school under the enrollment provisions of
3532	Chapter 6, Part 3, School District Residency, subject to space availability.
3533	(b) Normal application deadlines shall be disregarded under Subsection (7)(a).
3534	Section 77. Section 53G-5-504 is amended to read:
3535	53G-5-504. Charter school closure.
3536	(1) If a charter school is closed for any reason, including the termination of a charter
3537	agreement in accordance with Section 53G-5-503 or the conversion of a charter school to a
3538	private school, the provisions of this section apply.
3539	(2) A decision to close a charter school is made:
3540	(a) when a charter school authorizer approves a motion to terminate described in
3541	Subsection 53G-5-503(2)(c);
3542	(b) when the state board takes final action described in Subsection 53G-5-503(2)(d)(ii)
3543	or
3544	(c) when a charter school provides notice to the charter school's authorizer that the
3545	charter school is relinquishing the charter school's charter.
3546	(3) (a) No later than 10 days after the day on which a decision to close a charter school
3547	is made, the charter school shall:
3548	(i) provide notice to the following, in writing, of the decision:
3549	(A) if the charter school made the decision to close, the charter school's authorizer;
3550	(B) the State Charter School Board;
3551	(C) if the state board did not make the decision to close, the state board;
3552	(D) parents of students enrolled at the charter school;
3553	(E) the charter school's creditors;
3554	(F) the charter school's lease holders;
3555	(G) the charter school's bond issuers;
3556	(H) other entities that may have a claim to the charter school's assets;
3557	(I) the school district in which the charter school is located and other charter schools

3558	located in that school district; and
3559	(J) any other person that the charter school determines to be appropriate; and
3560	(ii) post notice of the decision on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
3561	63F-1-701.
3562	(b) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a) shall include:
3563	(i) the proposed date of the charter school closure;
3564	(ii) the charter school's plans to help students identify and transition into a new school;
3565	and
3566	(iii) contact information for the charter school during the transition.
3567	(4) No later than 10 days after the day on which a decision to close a charter school is
3568	made, the closing charter school shall:
3569	(a) designate a custodian for the protection of student files and school business records;
3570	(b) designate a base of operation that will be maintained throughout the charter school
3571	closing, including:
3572	(i) an office;
3573	(ii) hours of operation;
3574	(iii) operational telephone service with voice messaging stating the hours of operation;
3575	and
3576	(iv) a designated individual to respond to questions or requests during the hours of
3577	operation;
3578	(c) assure that the charter school will maintain insurance coverage and risk
3579	management coverage throughout the transition to closure and for a period following closure of
3580	the charter school as specified by the charter school's authorizer;
3581	(d) assure that the charter school will complete by the set deadlines for all fiscal years
3582	in which funds are received or expended by the charter school a financial audit and any other
3583	procedure required by state board rule;
3584	(e) inventory all assets of the charter school; and
3585	(f) list all creditors of the charter school and specifically identify secured creditors and
3586	assets that are security interests.
3587	(5) The closing charter school's authorizer shall oversee the closing charter school's
3588	compliance with Subsection (4).

3589	(6) (a) A closing charter school shall return any assets remaining, after all liabilities
3590	and obligations of the closing charter school are paid or discharged, to the closing charter
3591	school's authorizer.
3592	(b) The closing charter school's authorizer shall liquidate assets at fair market value or
3593	assign the assets to another public school.
3594	(7) The closing charter school's authorizer shall oversee liquidation of assets and
3595	payment of debt in accordance with state board rule.
3596	(8) The closing charter school shall:
3597	(a) comply with all state and federal reporting requirements; and
3598	(b) submit all documentation and complete all state and federal reports required by the
3599	closing charter school's authorizer or the state board, including documents to verify the closing
3600	charter school's compliance with procedural requirements and satisfaction of all financial
3601	issues.
3602	(9) When the closing charter school's financial affairs are closed out and dissolution is
3603	complete, the authorizer shall ensure that a final audit of the charter school is completed.
3604	(10) On or before January 1, 2017, the state board shall, in accordance with Title 63G,
3605	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and after considering suggestions from
3606	charter school authorizers, make rules that:
3607	(a) provide additional closure procedures for charter schools; and
3608	(b) establish a charter school closure process.
3609	Section 78. Section 53G-6-302 is amended to read:
3610	53G-6-302. Child's school district of residence Determination Responsibility
3611	for providing educational services.
3612	(1) As used in this section:
3613	(a) "Health care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2.
3614	(b) "Human services program" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3615	62A-2-101.
3616	(c) "Supervision" means a minor child is:
3617	(i) receiving services from a state agency, local mental health authority, or substance
3618	abuse authority with active involvement or oversight; and
3619	(ii) engaged in a human services program that is properly licensed or certified and has

provided the school district receiving the minor child with an education plan that complies with

3621	the requirements of Section 62A-2-108.1.
3622	(2) The school district of residence of a minor child whose custodial parent resides
3623	within Utah is:
3624	(a) the school district in which the custodial parent resides; or
3625	(b) the school district in which the child resides:
3626	(i) while in the custody or under the supervision of a Utah state agency, local mental
3627	health authority, or substance abuse authority;
3628	(ii) while under the supervision of a private or public agency which is in compliance
3629	with Section 62A-4a-606 and is authorized to provide child placement services by the state;
3630	(iii) while living with a responsible adult resident of the district, if a determination has
3631	been made in accordance with rules made by the state board in accordance with Title 63G,
3632	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
3633	(A) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
3634	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
3635	(B) exigent circumstances exist that do not permit the case to be appropriately
3636	addressed under Section 53G-6-402; and
3637	(C) considering the child to be a resident of the district under this Subsection (2)(b)(iii)
3638	does not violate any other law or rule of the state board;
3639	(iv) while the child is receiving services from a health care facility or human services
3640	program, if a determination has been made in accordance with rules made by the state board in
3641	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
3642	(A) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
3643	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
3644	(B) exigent circumstances exist that do not permit the case to be appropriately
3645	addressed under Section 53G-6-402; and
3646	(C) considering the child to be a resident of the district under this Subsection (2)(b)(iv)
3647	does not violate any other law or rule of the state board; or
3648	(v) if the child is married or has been determined to be an emancipated minor by a
3649	court of law or by a state administrative agency authorized to make that determination.
3650	(3) A minor child whose custodial parent does not reside in the state is considered to be

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3651	a resident of the district in which the child lives, unless that designation violates any other law
3652	or rule of the state board, if:
3653	(a) the child is married or an emancipated minor under Subsection (2)(b)(v);
3654	(b) the child lives with a resident of the district who is a responsible adult and whom
3655	the district agrees to designate as the child's legal guardian under Section 53G-6-303;
3656	(c) if permissible under policies adopted by a local school board, it is established to the
3657	satisfaction of the local school board that:
3658	(i) the child lives with a responsible adult who is a resident of the district and is the
3659	child's noncustodial parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, or aunt;
3660	(ii) the child's presence in the district is not for the primary purpose of attending the
3661	public schools;
3662	(iii) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
3663	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes; and
3664	(iv) the child is prepared to abide by the policies of the school and school district in
3665	which attendance is sought; or
3666	(d) it is established to the satisfaction of the local school board that:
3667	(i) the child's parent moves from the state;
3668	(ii) the child's parent executes a power of attorney under Section 75-5-103 that:
3669	(A) meets the requirements of Subsection (4); and
3670	(B) delegates powers regarding care, custody, or property, including schooling, to a
3671	responsible adult with whom the child resides;
3672	(iii) the responsible adult described in Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(B) is a resident of the
3673	district;
3674	(iv) the child's physical, mental, moral, or emotional health will best be served by
3675	considering the child to be a resident for school purposes;
3676	(v) the child is prepared to abide by the policies of the school and school district in
3677	which attendance is sought; and
3678	(vi) the child's attendance in the school will not be detrimental to the school or school
3679	district.

(4) (a) If admission is sought under Subsection (2)(b)(iii), (3)(c), or (3)(d), then the

district may require the person with whom the child lives to be designated as the child's

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custodian in a durable power of attorney, issued by the party who has legal custody of the child, granting the custodian full authority to take any appropriate action, including authorization for educational or medical services, in the interests of the child.

- (b) Both the party granting and the party empowered by the power of attorney shall agree to:
- (i) assume responsibility for any fees or other charges relating to the child's education in the district; and
- (ii) if eligibility for fee waivers is claimed under Section 53G-7-504, provide the school district with all financial information requested by the district for purposes of determining eligibility for fee waivers.
- (c) Notwithstanding Section 75-5-103, a power of attorney meeting the requirements of this section and accepted by the school district shall remain in force until the earliest of the following occurs:
 - (i) the child reaches the age of 18, marries, or becomes emancipated;
 - (ii) the expiration date stated in the document; or

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- (iii) the power of attorney is revoked or rendered inoperative by the grantor or grantee, or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - (5) A power of attorney does not confer legal guardianship.
- (6) Each school district is responsible for providing educational services for all children of school age who are residents of the district.
 - Section 79. Section **53G-6-504** is amended to read:
- 53G-6-504. Approval of increase in charter school enrollment capacity -- Expansion.
 - (1) For the purposes of this section:
 - (a) "High growth area" means an area of the state where school enrollment is significantly increasing or projected to significantly increase.
 - (b) "Next school year" means the school year that begins on or after the July 1 immediately following the end of a general session of the Legislature.
 - (2) The state board may approve an increase in charter school enrollment capacity subject to the Legislature:
- 3712 (a) appropriating funds for an increase in charter school enrollment capacity in the next

3713 school year; or

- (b) authorizing an increase in charter school enrollment capacity in the school year immediately following the next school year.
- (3) In appropriating funds for, or authorizing, an increase in charter school enrollment capacity, the Legislature shall provide a separate appropriation or authorization of enrollment capacity for a charter school proposed and approved in response to a request for applications issued under Section 53G-5-301.
- (4) (a) A charter school may annually submit a request to the state board for an increase in enrollment capacity in the amount of .25 times the number of students in grades 9 through 12 enrolled in an online course in the previous school year through the Statewide Online Education Program.
- (b) A charter school shall submit a request for an increase in enrollment capacity pursuant to Subsection (4)(a) on or before October 1 of the school year for which the increase in enrollment capacity is requested.
- (c) The state board shall approve a request for an increase in enrollment capacity made under Subsection (4)(a) subject to the availability of sufficient funds appropriated under Title 53F, Chapter 2, Part 7, Charter School Funding, to provide the full amount of the per student allocation for each charter school student in the state to supplement school district property tax revenues.
- (d) An increase in enrollment capacity approved under Subsection (4)(c) shall be a permanent increase in the charter school's enrollment capacity.
- (5) (a) On or before January 1, 2017, the state board shall, <u>in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and</u> after considering suggestions from charter school authorizers, make rules establishing requirements, procedures, and deadlines for an expansion of a charter school.
 - (b) The rules described in Subsection (5)(a) shall include rules related to:
- (i) an expansion of a charter school when another charter school issues a notice of closure; and
 - (ii) the establishment of a satellite campus.
- 3742 (6) (a) If the Legislature does not appropriate funds for an increase in charter school enrollment capacity that is tentatively approved by the state board, the state board shall

prioritize the tentatively approved schools and expansions based on approved funds.

- (b) A charter school or expansion that is tentatively approved, but not funded, shall be considered to be tentatively approved for the next application year and receive priority status for available funding.
- (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b) or (7)(b), in approving an increase in charter school enrollment capacity for new charter schools and expanding charter schools, the state board shall give:
- (i) high priority to approving a new charter school or a charter school expansion in a high growth area; and
- (ii) low priority to approving a new charter school or a charter school expansion in an area where student enrollment is stable or declining.
- (b) An applicant seeking to establish a charter school in a high growth area may elect to not receive high priority status as provided in Subsection (7)(a)(i).
 - Section 80. Section **53G-6-702** is amended to read:

53G-6-702. Dual enrollment.

- (1) As used in this section, "minor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-6-201.
- (2) A person having control of a minor who is enrolled in a regularly established private school or a home school may also enroll the minor in a public school for dual enrollment purposes.
- (3) The minor may participate in any academic activity in the public school available to students in the minor's grade or age group, subject to compliance with the same rules and requirements that apply to a full-time student's participation in the activity.
- (4) (a) A student enrolled in a dual enrollment program in a district school is considered a student of the district in which the district school of attendance is located for purposes of state funding to the extent of the student's participation in the district school programs.
- (b) A student enrolled in a dual enrollment program in a charter school is considered a student of the charter school for purposes of state funding to the extent of the student's participation in the charter school programs.
 - (5) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking

Act, the state board shall make rules for purposes of dual enrollment to govern and regulate the transferability of credits toward graduation that are earned in a private or home school.

Section 81. Section **53G-6-803** is amended to read:

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53G-6-803. Parental right to academic accommodations.

- (1) (a) A student's parent is the primary person responsible for the education of the student, and the state is in a secondary and supportive role to the parent. As such, a student's parent has the right to reasonable academic accommodations from the student's LEA as specified in this section.
- (b) Each accommodation shall be considered on an individual basis and no student shall be considered to a greater or lesser degree than any other student.
- (c) The parental rights specified in this section do not include all the rights or accommodations that may be available to a student's parent as a user of the public education system.
- 3788 (d) An accommodation under this section may only be provided if the accommodation 3789 is:
 - (i) consistent with federal law; and
 - (ii) consistent with a student's IEP if the student already has an IEP.
 - (2) An LEA shall reasonably accommodate a parent's written request to retain a student in kindergarten through grade 8 on grade level based on the student's academic ability or the student's social, emotional, or physical maturity.
 - (3) An LEA shall reasonably accommodate a parent's initial selection of a teacher or request for a change of teacher.
 - (4) An LEA shall reasonably accommodate the request of a student's parent to visit and observe any class the student attends.
 - (5) Notwithstanding Part 2, Compulsory Education, an LEA shall record an excused absence for a scheduled family event or a scheduled proactive visit to a health care provider if:
 - (a) the parent submits a written statement at least one school day before the scheduled absence; and
 - (b) the student agrees to make up course work for school days missed for the scheduled absence in accordance with LEA policy.
 - (6) (a) An LEA shall reasonably accommodate a parent's written request to place a

3806	student in a specialized class, a specialized program, or an advanced course.
3807	(b) An LEA shall consider multiple academic data points when determining an
3808	accommodation under Subsection (6)(a).
3809	(7) Consistent with Section 53E-4-204, which requires the state board to establish
3810	graduation requirements that use competency-based standards and assessments, an LEA shall
3811	allow a student to earn course credit toward high school graduation without completing a
3812	course in school by:
3813	(a) testing out of the course; or
3814	(b) demonstrating competency in course standards.
3815	(8) An LEA shall reasonably accommodate a parent's request to meet with a teacher at
3816	a mutually agreeable time if the parent is unable to attend a regularly scheduled parent teacher
3817	conference.
3818	(9) (a) At the request of a student's parent, an LEA shall excuse a student from taking
3819	an assessment that:
3820	(i) is federally mandated;
3821	(ii) is mandated by the state under this public education code; or
3822	(iii) requires the use of:
3823	(A) a state assessment system; or
3824	(B) software that is provided or paid for by the state.
3825	(b) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
3826	Act, the state board shall make rules:
3827	(i) to establish a statewide procedure for excusing a student under Subsection (9)(a)
3828	that:
3829	(A) does not place an undue burden on a parent; and
3830	(B) may be completed online; and
3831	(ii) to prevent negative impact, to the extent authorized by state statute, to an LEA or
3832	an LEA's employees through school accountability or employee evaluations due to a student
3833	not taking an assessement under Subsection (9)(a).
3834	(c) An LEA:

(i) shall follow the procedures outlined in rules made by the state board under

Subsection (9)(b) to excuse a student under Subsection (9)(a);

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3837	(ii) may not require procedures to excuse a student under Subsection (9)(a) in addition
3838	to the procedures outlined in rules made by the state board under Subsection (9)(b); and
3839	(iii) may not provide a nonacademic reward to a student for taking an assessment
3840	described in Subsection (9)(a).
3841	(d) The state board shall:
3842	(i) maintain and publish a list of state assessments, state assessment systems, and
3843	software that qualify under Subsection (9)(a); and
3844	(ii) audit and verify an LEA's compliance with the requirements of this Subsection (9).
3845	(10) (a) An LEA shall provide for:
3846	(i) the distribution of a copy of a school's discipline and conduct policy to each student
3847	in accordance with Section 53G-8-204; and
3848	(ii) a parent's signature acknowledging receipt of the school's discipline and conduct
3849	policy.
3850	(b) An LEA shall notify a parent of a student's violation of a school's discipline and
3851	conduct policy and allow a parent to respond to the notice in accordance with Chapter 8, Part 2
3852	School Discipline and Conduct Plans.
3853	Section 82. Section 53G-7-306 is amended to read:
3854	53G-7-306. School district interfund transfers.
3855	(1) A school district shall spend revenues only within the fund for which they were
3856	originally authorized, levied, collected, or appropriated.
3857	(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, school district interfund transfers of
3858	residual equity are prohibited.
3859	(3) The state board may authorize school district interfund transfers of residual equity
3860	when a district states its intent to create a new fund or expand, contract, or liquidate an existing
3861	fund.
3862	(4) The state board may also authorize school district interfund transfers of residual
3863	equity for a financially distressed district if the state board determines the following:
3864	(a) the district has a significant deficit in its maintenance and operations fund caused
3865	by circumstances not subject to the administrative decisions of the district;
3866	(b) the deficit cannot be reasonably reduced under Section 53G-7-305; and
3867	(c) without the transfer, the school district will not be capable of meeting statewide

3868 educational standards adopted by the state board.

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- (5) The board shall develop [in rule] by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, standards for defining and aiding financially distressed school districts under this section.
- (6) (a) All debt service levies not subject to certified tax rate hearings shall be recorded and reported in the debt service fund.
- (b) Debt service levies under Subsection 59-2-924(5)(c) that are not subject to the public hearing provisions of Section 59-2-919 may not be used for any purpose other than retiring general obligation debt.
- (c) Amounts from these levies remaining in the debt service fund at the end of a fiscal year shall be used in subsequent years for general obligation debt retirement.
- (d) Any amounts left in the debt service fund after all general obligation debt has been retired may be transferred to the capital projects fund upon completion of the budgetary hearing process required under Section 53G-7-303.
 - Section 83. Section **53G-7-503** is amended to read:

53G-7-503. Fees -- Prohibitions -- Voluntary supplies -- Enforcement.

- (1) An LEA may only charge a fee if the fee is authorized and noticed by the LEA governing board in accordance with Section 53G-7-505.
- (2) (a) An LEA may not require a fee for elementary school activities that are part of the regular school day or for supplies used during the regular school day.
- (b) An elementary school or elementary school teacher may compile and provide to a student's parent a suggested list of supplies for use during the regular school day so that a parent may furnish on a voluntary basis those supplies for student use.
- (c) A list provided to an elementary student's parent in accordance with Subsection (2)(b) shall include and be preceded by the following language:
- "NOTICE: THE ITEMS ON THIS LIST WILL BE USED DURING THE REGULAR SCHOOL DAY. THEY MAY BE BROUGHT FROM HOME ON A VOLUNTARY BASIS, OTHERWISE, THEY WILL BE FURNISHED BY THE SCHOOL."
- 3896 (3) (a) Beginning with or after the 2021-2022 school year, if an LEA imposes a fee, the 3897 fee shall be equal to or less than the expense incurred by the LEA in providing for a student the 3898 activity, course, or program for which the LEA imposes the fee.

3899	(b) An LEA may not impose an additional fee or increase a fee to supplant or subsidize
3900	another fee.
3901	(4) (a) Beginning with or after the 2021-2022 school year, and notwithstanding Section
3902	53E-3-401, if the state board finds that an LEA has violated a provision of this part or Part 6,
3903	Textbook Fees, the state board shall impose corrective action against the LEA, which may
3904	include:
3905	(i) requiring an LEA to repay improperly charged fees;
3906	(ii) withholding state funds; and
3907	(iii) suspending the LEA's authority to charge fees for an amount of time specified by
3908	the state board.
3909	(b) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
3910	Act, the state board shall make rules:
3911	(i) that require notice and an opportunity to be heard for an LEA affected by a state
3912	board action described in Subsection (4)(a); and
3913	(ii) to administer this Subsection (4).
3914	Section 84. Section 53G-7-504 is amended to read:
3915	53G-7-504. Waiver of fees Appeal of decision.
3916	(1) (a) If an LEA or a school within an LEA charges one or more fees, the LEA shall
3917	grant a waiver to a student if charging the fee would deny the student the opportunity to fully
3918	participate or complete a requirement because of an inability to pay the fee.
3919	(b) An LEA governing board shall:
3920	(i) adopt policies for granting a waiver; and
3921	(ii) in accordance with Section 53G-7-505, give notice of waiver eligibility and
3922	policies.
3923	(2) (a) An LEA that charges a fee under this part and Part 6, Textbook Fees, may
3924	provide a variety of alternatives for a student or family to satisfy a fee requirement, including
3925	allowing a student to provide:
3926	(i) tutorial assistance to other students;
3927	(ii) assistance before or after school to teachers and other school personnel on school
3928	related matters; and
3929	(iii) general community or home service.

3930	(b) Each LEA governing board may add to the list of alternatives provided by the state
3931	board, subject to approval by the state board.
3932	(3) With regard to a student who is in the custody of the Division of Child and Family
3933	Services who is also eligible under Title IV-E of the federal Social Security Act, an LEA
3934	governing board shall require fee waivers or alternatives in accordance with this section.
3935	(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
3936	Act, the state board shall make rules:
3937	(a) requiring a parent of a student applying for a fee waiver to provide documentation
3938	and certification to the school verifying:
3939	(i) the student's eligibility to receive the waiver; and
3940	(ii) if applicable, that the student has complied with alternatives for satisfying the fee
3941	requirements under Subsection (2) to the fullest extent reasonably possible according to the
3942	individual circumstances of the student and the LEA; and
3943	(b) specifying the acceptable forms of documentation for the requirement under
3944	Subsection (4)(a), which shall include verification based on income tax returns or current pay
3945	stubs.
3946	(5) Notwithstanding the requirements under Subsection (4), an LEA is not required to
3947	keep documentation on file after the verification is completed.
3948	(6) If a school denies a student or parent request for a fee waiver, the school shall
3949	provide the student or parent:
3950	(a) the school's written decision to deny a waiver; and
3951	(b) the procedure to appeal in accordance with LEA policy.
3952	Section 85. Section 53G-7-1004 is amended to read:
3953	53G-7-1004. Rulemaking Reporting.
3954	The state board may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3955	Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding compliance standards and reporting requirements
3956	for local school boards with respect to the policy required by Section 53G-7-1002.
3957	Section 86. Section 53G-7-1206 is amended to read:
3958	53G-7-1206. School LAND Trust Program.
3959	(1) As used in this section:
3960	(a) "Charter school authorizer" means the same as that term is defined in Section

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3961	53G-5-102.
3962	(b) "Charter trust land council" means a council established by a charter school
3963	governing board under Section 53G-7-1205.
3964	(c) "Council" means a school community council or a charter trust land council.
3965	(d) "LAND trust plan" means a school's plan to use School LAND Trust Program
3966	money to implement a component of the school's success plan.
3967	(e) "School community council" means a council established at a district school in
3968	accordance with Section 53G-7-1202.
3969	(f) "Teacher and student success plan" or "success plan" means the same as that term is
3970	defined in Section 53G-7-1301.
3971	(2) There is established the School LAND (Learning And Nurturing Development)
3972	Trust Program under the state board to:
3973	(a) provide financial resources to public schools to enhance or improve student
3974	academic achievement and implement a component of a district school or charter school's
3975	teacher and student success plan; and
3976	(b) involve parents of a school's students in decision making regarding the expenditure
3977	of School LAND Trust Program money allocated to the school.
3978	(3) To receive an allocation under Section 53F-2-404:
3979	(a) a district school shall have established a school community council in accordance
3980	with Section 53G-7-1202;
3981	(b) a charter school shall have established a charter trust land council in accordance
3982	with Section 53G-7-1205; and
3983	(c) the school's principal shall provide a signed, written assurance that the school is in
3984	compliance with Subsection (3)(a) or (b).
3985	(4) (a) A council shall create a program to use the school's allocation distributed under
3986	Section 53F-2-404 to implement a component of the school's success plan, including:
3987	(i) the school's identified most critical academic needs;
3988	(ii) a recommended course of action to meet the identified academic needs;
3989	(iii) a specific listing of any programs, practices, materials, or equipment that the

school will need to implement a component of the school's success plan to have a direct impact

on the instruction of students and result in measurable increased student performance; and

3992 (iv) how the school intends to spend the school's allocation of funds under this section 3993 to enhance or improve academic excellence at the school. 3994 (b) (i) A council shall create and vote to adopt a LAND trust plan in a meeting of the 3995 council at which a quorum is present. 3996 (ii) If a majority of the quorum votes to adopt a LAND trust plan, the LAND trust plan 3997 is adopted. 3998 (c) A council shall: 3999 (i) post a LAND trust plan that is adopted in accordance with Subsection (4)(b) on the 4000 School LAND Trust Program website; and 4001 (ii) include with the LAND trust plan a report noting the number of council members 4002 who voted for or against the approval of the LAND trust plan and the number of council 4003 members who were absent for the vote. (d) (i) The local school board of a district school shall approve or disapprove a LAND 4004 4005 trust plan. 4006 (ii) If a local school board disapproves a LAND trust plan: 4007 (A) the local school board shall provide a written explanation of why the LAND trust 4008 plan was disapproved and request the school community council who submitted the LAND 4009 trust plan to revise the LAND trust plan; and 4010 (B) the school community council shall submit a revised LAND trust plan in response 4011 to a local school board's request under Subsection (4)(d)(ii)(A). 4012 (iii) Once a LAND trust plan has been approved by a local school board, a school 4013 community council may amend the LAND trust plan, subject to a majority vote of the school 4014 community council and local school board approval. 4015 (e) A charter trust land council's LAND trust plan is subject to approval by the: 4016 (i) charter school governing board; and 4017 (ii) charter school's charter school authorizer. 4018 (5) (a) A district school or charter school shall: 4019 (i) implement the program as approved; 4020 (ii) provide ongoing support for the council's program; and

(iii) meet state board reporting requirements regarding financial and performance

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accountability of the program.

4023	(b) (i) A district school or charter school shall prepare and post an annual report of the
4024	program on the School LAND Trust Program website each fall.
4025	(ii) The report shall detail the use of program funds received by the school under this
4026	section and an assessment of the results obtained from the use of the funds.
4027	(iii) A summary of the report shall be provided to parents of students attending the
4028	school.
4029	(6) On or before October 1 of each year, a school district shall record the amount of the
4030	program funds distributed to each school under Section 53F-2-404 on the School LAND Trust
4031	Program website to assist schools in developing the annual report described in Subsection
4032	(5)(b).
4033	(7) The president or chair of a local school board or charter school governing board
4034	shall ensure that the members of the local school board or charter school governing board are
4035	provided with annual training on the requirements of this section.
4036	(8) (a) The School LAND Trust Program shall provide training to the entities described
4037	in Subsection (8)(b) on:
4038	(i) the School LAND Trust Program; and
4039	(ii) (A) a school community council; or
4040	(B) a charter trust land council.
4041	(b) The School LAND Trust Program shall provide the training to:
4042	(i) a local school board or a charter school governing board;
4043	(ii) a school district or a charter school; and
4044	(iii) a school community council.
4045	(9) The School LAND Trust Program shall annually review each school's compliance
4046	with applicable law, including rules adopted by the state board in accordance with Title 63G,
4047	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, by:
4048	(a) reading each LAND trust plan submitted; and
4049	(b) reviewing expenditures made from School LAND Trust Program money.
4050	(10) The state board shall designate a staff member who administers the School LAND
4051	Trust Program:

(a) to serve as a member of the Land Trusts Protection and Advocacy Committee

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created under Section 53D-2-202; and

4054	(b) who may coordinate with the Land Trusts Protection and Advocacy Office director,
4055	appointed under Section 53D-2-203, to attend meetings or events within the School and
4056	Institutional Trust System, as defined in Section 53D-2-102, that relate to the School LAND
4057	Trust Program.
4058	Section 87. Section 53G-7-1304 is amended to read:
4059	53G-7-1304. Program requirements LEA governing board student success
4060	framework LEA distribution School allocation Reporting.
4061	(1) (a) To receive an LEA distribution, an LEA governing board shall:
4062	(i) adopt an LEA governing board student success framework to provide guidelines and
4063	processes for a school within the LEA governing board's LEA to follow in developing a teacher
4064	and student success plan; and
4065	(ii) submit the adopted LEA governing board student success framework to the state
4066	board.
4067	(b) An LEA governing board may include in the LEA governing board's student
4068	success framework any means reasonably designed to improve school performance or student
4069	academic achievement, including:
4070	(i) school personnel stipends for taking on additional responsibility outside of a typical
4071	work assignment;
4072	(ii) professional learning;
4073	(iii) additional school employees, including counselors, social workers, mental health
4074	workers, tutors, media specialists, information technology specialists, or other specialists;
4075	(iv) technology;
4076	(v) before- or after-school programs;
4077	(vi) summer school programs;
4078	(vii) community support programs or partnerships;
4079	(viii) early childhood education;
4080	(ix) class size reduction strategies;
4081	(x) augmentation of existing programs; or
4082	(xi) other means.
4083	(c) An LEA governing board student success framework may not support the use of
4084	program money

4085	(1) to supplant funding for existing public education programs;
4086	(ii) for district administration costs; or
4087	(iii) for capital expenditures.
4088	(2) (a) An LEA governing board shall use an LEA distribution as follows:
4089	(i) for increases to base salary and salary driven benefits for school personnel that,
4090	except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(i), total 25% or less of the LEA distribution; and
4091	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii) and in accordance with Subsection (3),
4092	for each school within the LEA governing board's LEA, an allocation that is equal to the
4093	product of:
4094	(A) the percentage of the school's prior year average daily membership compared to the
4095	total prior year average daily membership for all schools in the LEA; and
4096	(B) the remaining amount of the LEA governing board's LEA distribution after
4097	subtracting the amounts described in Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (2)(b)(ii).
4098	(b) (i) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
4099	Rulemaking Act, the state board shall make rules for an LEA governing board to calculate and
4100	distribute a school allocation for a school in the school's first year of operation.
4101	(ii) In accordance with Subsection (3) and the rules described in Subsection (2)(b)(i),
4102	an LEA governing board shall distribute a school allocation for a school in the school's first
4103	year of operation.
4104	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), the LEA governing board of a school
4105	district may use up to 40% of an LEA distribution for the purposes described in Subsection
4106	(2)(a)(i), if:
4107	(i) the LEA governing board has:
4108	(A) approved a board local levy for the maximum amount allowed under Section
4109	53F-8-302; or
4110	(B) after the LEA governing board has submitted an LEA governing board student
4111	success framework to the state board, increased the board local levy described in Section
4112	53F-8-302 by at least .0001 per dollar of taxable value; and
4113	(ii) the school district's average teacher salary is below the state average teacher salary
4114	described in Subsection (2)(f).
4115	(d) The LEA governing board of a school district in a county of the fourth, fifth, or

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4116	sixth class or the LEA governing board of a charter school may use up to 40% of an LEA
4117	distribution for the purposes described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), if the LEA's average teacher
4118	salary is below the state average teacher salary described in Subsection (2)(f).
4119	(e) An LEA governing board shall annually report information as requested by the state
4120	board for the state board to calculate a state average teacher salary.
4121	(f) The state board shall use the information described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii) to
4122	calculate a state average teacher salary amount and a state average teacher benefit amount.
4123	(3) An LEA governing board shall allocate a school allocation to a school with a
4124	teacher and student success plan that is approved as described in Section 53G-7-1305.
4125	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a school shall use a school allocation to
4126	implement the school's success plan.
4127	(b) A school may use up to 5% of the school's school allocation to fund school
4128	personnel retention at the principal's discretion, not including uniform salary increases.
4129	(c) A school may not use a school allocation for:
4130	(i) capital expenditures; or
4131	(ii) a purpose that is not supported by the LEA governing board student success
4132	framework for the school's LEA.
4133	(5) A school that receives a school allocation shall annually:
4134	(a) submit to the school's LEA governing board a description of:
4135	(i) the budgeted and actual expenditures of the school's school allocation;
4136	(ii) how the expenditures relate to the school's success plan; and
4137	(iii) how the school measures the success of the school's participation in the program;
4138	and
4139	(b) post on the school's website:
4140	(i) the school's approved success plan;
4141	(ii) a description of the school's school allocation budgeted and actual expenditures and
4142	how the expenditures help the school accomplish the school's success plan; and
4143	(iii) the school's current level of performance, as described in Section 53G-7-1306,
4144	according to the indicators described in Section 53E-5-205 or 53E-5-206.
4145	Section 88. Section 53G-7-1306 is amended to read:
4146	53G-7-1306. School improvement oversight Performance standards.

4147	(1) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4148	Act, the state board shall make rules that:
4149	(a) using a criteria-setting process, determine a threshold of points under the statewide
4150	school accountability system that designates a school as succeeding in school performance and
4151	student academic achievement; and
4152	(b) determine performance standards for a school described in Section 53E-5-203.
4153	(2) (a) For each year following the year in which a school received approval for a
4154	success plan, an LEA governing board shall determine if the school:
4155	(i) meets or exceeds the threshold of points described in Subsection (1);
4156	(ii) has demonstrated at least a 1% increase in the school's total points received under
4157	the statewide school accountability system compared to the previous school year; or
4158	(iii) qualifies for and satisfies the performance standards described in Subsection
4159	(1)(b).
4160	(b) If the LEA governing board determines that a school does not satisfy Subsection
4161	(2)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii), the LEA governing board shall:
4162	(i) work with the school's principal to modify the school's success plan to address the
4163	school's performance; and
4164	(ii) oversee and adjust the school's allocation expenditures until the LEA governing
4165	board determines the school satisfies Subsection (2)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii).
4166	Section 89. Section 53G-8-702 is amended to read:
4167	53G-8-702. School resource officer training Curriculum.
4168	(1) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4169	Act, the state board shall make rules that prepare and make available a training program for
4170	school principals and school resource officers to attend.
4171	(2) To create the curriculum and materials for the training program described in
4172	Subsection (1), the state board shall:
4173	(a) work in conjunction with the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice
4174	created in Section 63M-7-201;
4175	(b) solicit input from local school boards, charter school governing boards, and the
4176	Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind;
4177	(c) solicit input from local law enforcement and other interested community

41/8	stakeholders; and
4179	(d) consider the current United States Department of Education recommendations on
4180	school discipline and the role of a school resource officer.
4181	(3) The training program described in Subsection (1) may include training on the
4182	following:
4183	(a) childhood and adolescent development;
4184	(b) responding age-appropriately to students;
4185	(c) working with disabled students;
4186	(d) techniques to de-escalate and resolve conflict;
4187	(e) cultural awareness;
4188	(f) restorative justice practices;
4189	(g) identifying a student exposed to violence or trauma and referring the student to
4190	appropriate resources;
4191	(h) student privacy rights;
4192	(i) negative consequences associated with youth involvement in the juvenile and
4193	criminal justice systems;
4194	(j) strategies to reduce juvenile justice involvement; and
4195	(k) roles of and distinctions between a school resource officer and other school staff
4196	who help keep a school secure.
4197	(4) The state board shall work together with the Department of Public Safety, the State
4198	Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, and state and local law enforcement to establish
4199	policies and procedures that govern student resource officers.
4200	Section 90. Section 53G-8-802 is amended to read:
4201	53G-8-802. State Safety and Support Program State board duties.
4202	(1) There is created the State Safety and Support Program.
4203	(2) The state board shall:
4204	(a) develop in conjunction with the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health
4205	model student safety and support policies for an LEA, including:
4206	(i) evidence-based procedures for the assessment of and intervention with an individual
4207	whose behavior poses a threat to school safety;
4208	(ii) procedures for referrals to law enforcement; and

4209	(iii) procedures for referrals to a community services entity, a family support
4210	organization, or a health care provider for evaluation or treatment;
4211	(b) provide training:
4212	(i) in school safety;
4213	(ii) in evidence-based approaches to improve school climate and address and correct
4214	bullying behavior;
4215	(iii) in evidence-based approaches in identifying an individual who may pose a threat
4216	to the school community;
4217	(iv) in evidence-based approaches in identifying an individual who may be showing
4218	signs or symptoms of mental illness;
4219	(v) on permitted disclosures of student data to law enforcement and other support
4220	services under the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; and
4221	(vi) on permitted collection of student data under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232h and Sections
4222	53E-9-203 and 53E-9-305;
4223	(c) conduct and disseminate evidence-based research on school safety concerns;
4224	(d) disseminate information on effective school safety initiatives;
4225	(e) encourage partnerships between public and private sectors to promote school safety
4226	(f) provide technical assistance to an LEA in the development and implementation of
4227	school safety initiatives;
4228	(g) in conjunction with the Department of Public Safety, develop and make available to
4229	an LEA a model critical incident response training program that includes protocols for
4230	conducting a threat assessment, and ensuring building security during an incident;
4231	(h) provide space for the public safety liaison described in Section 53-1-106 and the
4232	school-based mental health specialist described in Section 62A-15-103;
4233	(i) create a model school climate survey that may be used by an LEA to assess
4234	stakeholder perception of a school environment and, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
4235	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, adopt rules:
4236	(i) requiring an LEA to:
4237	(A) create or adopt and disseminate a school climate survey; and
4238	(B) disseminate the school climate survey;
4239	(ii) recommending the distribution method, survey frequency, and sample size of the

4240	survey; and
4241	(iii) specifying the areas of content for the school climate survey; and
4242	(j) collect aggregate data and school climate survey results from each LEA.
4243	(3) Nothing in this section requires an individual to respond to a school climate survey
4244	Section 91. Section 53G-9-607 is amended to read:
4245	53G-9-607. Training, education, and prevention Standards.
4246	(1) (a) An LEA governing board shall include in the training of a school employee
4247	training regarding bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, and retaliation that meets
4248	the standards described in Subsection (4).
4249	(b) An LEA governing board may offer voluntary training to parents and students
4250	regarding abusive conduct.
4251	(2) To the extent that state or federal funding is available for this purpose, LEA
4252	governing boards are encouraged to implement programs or initiatives, in addition to the
4253	training described in Subsection (1), to provide for training and education regarding, and the
4254	prevention of, bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, and retaliation.
4255	(3) The programs or initiatives described in Subsection (2) may involve:
4256	(a) the establishment of a bullying task force; or
4257	(b) the involvement of school employees, students, or law enforcement.
4258	(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4259	Act, the state board shall make rules that establish standards for high quality training related to
4260	bullying, cyber-bullying, hazing, abusive conduct, and retaliation.
4261	Section 92. Section 53G-9-704 is amended to read:
4262	53G-9-704. Youth suicide prevention training for employees.
4263	(1) A school district or charter school shall require a licensed employee to complete a
4264	minimum of two hours of professional development training on youth suicide prevention every
4265	three years.
4266	(2) The state board shall:
4267	(a) develop or adopt sample materials to be used by a school district or charter school
4268	for professional development training on youth suicide prevention; and
4269	(b) [incorporate in rule] by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
4270	Administrative Rulemaking Act, incorporate the training described in Subsection (1) into

42/1	professional development training described in Section 33E-0-201.
4272	Section 93. Section 53G-9-801 is amended to read:
4273	53G-9-801. Definitions.
4274	As used in Section 53G-9-802:
4275	(1) "Attainment goal" means earning:
4276	(a) a high school diploma;
4277	(b) a Utah High School Completion Diploma, as defined in state board rule made in
4278	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
4279	(c) an Adult Education Secondary Diploma, as defined in state board rule made in
4280	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
4281	(d) an employer-recognized, industry-based certificate that is:
4282	(i) likely to result in job placement; and
4283	(ii) included in the state board's approved career and technical education industry
4284	certification list.
4285	(2) "Cohort" means a group of students, defined by the year in which the group enters
4286	grade 9.
4287	(3) "Designated student" means a student:
4288	(a) (i) who has withdrawn from an LEA before earning a diploma;
4289	(ii) who has been dropped from average daily membership; and
4290	(iii) whose cohort has not yet graduated; or
4291	(b) who is at risk of meeting the criteria described in Subsection (3)(a), as determined
4292	by the student's LEA, using risk factors defined in rules made by the state board <u>in accordance</u>
4293	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
4294	(4) "Graduation rate" means:
4295	(a) for a school district or a charter school that includes grade 12, the graduation rate
4296	calculated by the state board for federal accountability and reporting purposes; or
4297	(b) for a charter school that does not include grade 12, a proxy graduation rate defined
4298	in rules made by the state board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
4299	Rulemaking Act.
4300	(5) "Local education agency" or "LEA" means a school district or charter school that
4301	serves students in grade 9, 10, 11, or 12.

4302	(6) "Nontraditional program" means a program, as defined in rules made by the state
4303	board under Subsection 53E-3-501(1)(e), in which a student receives instruction through:
4304	(a) distance learning;
4305	(b) online learning;
4306	(c) blended learning; or
4307	(d) competency-based learning.
4308	(7) "Statewide graduation rate" means:
4309	(a) for a school district or a charter school that includes grade 12, the statewide
4310	graduation rate, as annually calculated by the state board; or
4311	(b) for a charter school that does not include grade 12, the average graduation rate for
4312	all charter schools that do not include grade 12.
4313	(8) "Third party" means:
4314	(a) a private provider; or
4315	(b) an LEA that does not meet the criteria described in Subsection 53G-9-802(3).
4316	Section 94. Section 53G-10-304 is amended to read:
4317	53G-10-304. Instruction on the flag of the United States of America.
4318	(1) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4319	Act, the state board shall provide by rule for a program of instruction within the public schools
4320	relating to the flag of the United States.
4321	(2) The instruction shall include the history of the flag, etiquette, customs pertaining to
4322	the display and use of the flag, and other patriotic exercises as provided by 4 U.S.C. Secs. 1 to
4323	10.
4324	(3) (a) The pledge of allegiance to the flag shall be recited once at the beginning of
4325	each day in each public school classroom in the state, led by a student in the classroom, as
4326	assigned by the classroom teacher on a rotating basis.
4327	(b) Each student shall be informed by posting a notice in a conspicuous place that the
4328	student has the right not to participate in reciting the pledge.
4329	(c) A student shall be excused from reciting the pledge upon written request from the
4330	student's parent.
4331	(d) (i) At least once a year students shall be instructed that:
4332	(A) participation in the pledge of allegiance is voluntary and not compulsory; and

4333	(B) not only is it acceptable for someone to choose not to participate in the pledge of
4334	allegiance for religious or other reasons, but students should show respect for any student who
4335	chooses not to participate.
4336	(ii) A public school teacher shall strive to maintain an atmosphere among students in
4337	the classroom that is consistent with the principles described in Subsection (3)(d)(i).
4338	Section 95. Section 53G-10-402 is amended to read:
4339	53G-10-402. Instruction in health Parental consent requirements Conduct
4340	and speech of school employees and volunteers Political and religious doctrine
4341	prohibited.
4342	(1) As used in this section:
4343	(a) "LEA governing board" means a local school board or charter school governing
4344	board.
4345	(b) "Refusal skills" means instruction:
4346	(i) in a student's ability to clearly and expressly refuse sexual advances by a minor or
4347	adult;
4348	(ii) in a student's obligation to stop the student's sexual advances if refused by another
4349	individual;
4350	(iii) informing a student of the student's right to report and seek counseling for
4351	unwanted sexual advances;
4352	(iv) in sexual harassment; and
4353	(v) informing a student that a student may not consent to criminally prohibited
4354	activities or activities for which the student is legally prohibited from giving consent, including
4355	the electronic transmission of sexually explicit images by an individual of the individual or
4356	another.
4357	(2) (a) The state board shall establish curriculum requirements under Section
4358	53E-3-501 that include instruction in:
4359	(i) community and personal health;
4360	(ii) physiology;
4361	(iii) personal hygiene;
4362	(iv) prevention of communicable disease;
4363	(v) refusal skills; and

4364	(vi) the harmful effects of pornography.
4365	(b) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4366	Act, the state board shall make rules that, and instruction shall:
4367	(i) stress the importance of abstinence from all sexual activity before marriage and
4368	fidelity after marriage as methods for preventing certain communicable diseases;
4369	(ii) stress personal skills that encourage individual choice of abstinence and fidelity;
4370	(iii) prohibit instruction in:
4371	(A) the intricacies of intercourse, sexual stimulation, or erotic behavior;
4372	(B) the advocacy of premarital or extramarital sexual activity; or
4373	(C) the advocacy or encouragement of the use of contraceptive methods or devices; and
4374	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), allow instruction to include information
4375	about contraceptive methods or devices that stresses effectiveness, limitations, risks, and
4376	information on state law applicable to minors obtaining contraceptive methods or devices.
4377	(c) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4378	Act, the state board shall make rules for an LEA governing board that adopts instructional
4379	materials under Subsection (2)(g)(ii) that:
4380	(i) require the LEA governing board to report on the materials selected and the LEA
4381	governing board's compliance with Subsection (2)(h); and
4382	(ii) provide for an appeal and review process of the LEA governing board's adoption of
4383	instructional materials.
4384	(d) The state board may not require an LEA to teach or adopt instructional materials
4385	that include information on contraceptive methods or devices.
4386	(e) (i) At no time may instruction be provided, including responses to spontaneous
4387	questions raised by students, regarding any means or methods that facilitate or encourage the
4388	violation of any state or federal criminal law by a minor or an adult.
4389	(ii) Subsection (2)(e)(i) does not preclude an instructor from responding to a
4390	spontaneous question as long as the response is consistent with the provisions of this section.
4391	(f) The state board shall recommend instructional materials for use in the curricula
4392	required under Subsection (2)(a) after considering evaluations of instructional materials by the
4393	State Instructional Materials Commission.
4394	(g) An LEA governing board may choose to adopt:

employee's or volunteer's official capacities if:

4395	(i) the instructional materials recommended under Subsection (2)(f); or
4396	(ii) other instructional materials in accordance with Subsection (2)(h).
4397	(h) An LEA governing board that adopts instructional materials under Subsection
4398	(2)(g)(ii) shall:
4399	(i) ensure that the materials comply with state law and board rules;
4400	(ii) base the adoption of the materials on the recommendations of the LEA governing
4401	board's Curriculum Materials Review Committee; and
4402	(iii) adopt the instructional materials in an open and regular meeting of the LEA
4403	governing board for which prior notice is given to parents of students attending the respective
4404	schools and an opportunity for parents to express their views and opinions on the materials at
4405	the meeting.
4406	(3) (a) A student shall receive instruction in the courses described in Subsection (2) on
4407	at least two occasions during the period that begins with the beginning of grade 8 and the end
4408	of grade 12.
4409	(b) At the request of the state board, the Department of Health shall cooperate with the
4410	state board in developing programs to provide instruction in those areas.
4411	(4) (a) The state board shall adopt rules that:
4412	(i) provide that the parental consent requirements of Sections 76-7-322 and 76-7-323
4413	are complied with; and
4414	(ii) require a student's parent to be notified in advance and have an opportunity to
4415	review the information for which parental consent is required under Sections 76-7-322 and
4416	76-7-323.
4417	(b) The state board shall also provide procedures for disciplinary action for violation of
4418	Section 76-7-322 or 76-7-323.
4419	(5) (a) In keeping with the requirements of Section 53G-10-204, and because school
4420	employees and volunteers serve as examples to their students, school employees or volunteers
4421	acting in their official capacities may not support or encourage criminal conduct by students,
4422	teachers, or volunteers.
4423	(b) To ensure the effective performance of school personnel, the limitations described
4424	in Subsection (5)(a) also apply to a school employee or volunteer acting outside of the school

(i) the employee or volunteer knew or should have known that the employee's or volunteer's action could result in a material and substantial interference or disruption in the normal activities of the school; and

- (ii) that action does result in a material and substantial interference or disruption in the normal activities of the school.
- (c) The state board or an LEA governing board may not allow training of school employees or volunteers that supports or encourages criminal conduct.
- (d) The state board shall adopt <u>in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,</u> rules implementing this section.
- (e) Nothing in this section limits the ability or authority of the state board or an LEA governing board to enact and enforce rules or take actions that are otherwise lawful, regarding educators', employees', or volunteers' qualifications or behavior evidencing unfitness for duty.
- (6) Except as provided in Section 53G-10-202, political, atheistic, sectarian, religious, or denominational doctrine may not be taught in the public schools.
- (7) (a) An LEA governing board and an LEA governing board's employees shall cooperate and share responsibility in carrying out the purposes of this chapter.
- (b) An LEA governing board shall provide appropriate professional development for the LEA governing board's teachers, counselors, and school administrators to enable them to understand, protect, and properly instruct students in the values and character traits referred to in this section and Sections 53E-9-202, 53E-9-203, 53G-10-202, 53G-10-203, 53G-10-204, and 53G-10-205, and distribute appropriate written materials on the values, character traits, and conduct to each individual receiving the professional development.
- (c) An LEA governing board shall make the written materials described in Subsection (7)(b) available to classified employees, students, and parents of students.
- (d) In order to assist an LEA governing board in providing the professional development required under Subsection (7)(b), the state board shall, as appropriate, contract with a qualified individual or entity possessing expertise in the areas referred to in Subsection (7)(b) to develop and disseminate model teacher professional development programs that an LEA governing board may use to train the individuals referred to in Subsection (7)(b) to effectively teach the values and qualities of character referenced in Subsection (7).
 - (e) In accordance with the provisions of Subsection (5)(c), professional development

4457	may not support or encourage criminal conduct.
4458	(8) An LEA governing board shall review every two years:
4459	(a) LEA governing board policies on instruction described in this section;
4460	(b) for a local school board of a school district, data for each county that the school
4461	district is located in, or, for a charter school governing board, data for the county in which the
4462	charter school is located, on the following:
4463	(i) teen pregnancy;
4464	(ii) child sexual abuse; and
4465	(iii) sexually transmitted diseases and sexually transmitted infections; and
4466	(c) the number of pornography complaints or other instances reported within the
4467	jurisdiction of the LEA governing board.
4468	(9) If any one or more provision, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this
4469	section, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is found to be
4470	unconstitutional, the balance of this section shall be given effect without the invalid provision,
4471	subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word.
4472	Section 96. Section 53G-10-406 is amended to read:
4473	53G-10-406. Underage Drinking Prevention Program State board rules.
4474	(1) As used in this section:
4475	(a) "Advisory council" means the Underage Drinking Prevention Program Advisory
4476	Council created in this section.
4477	(b) "Program" means the Underage Drinking Prevention Program created in this
4478	section.
4479	(c) "School-based prevention program" means an evidence-based program intended for
4480	students aged 13 and older that:
4481	(i) is aimed at preventing underage consumption of alcohol;
4482	(ii) is delivered by methods that engage students in storytelling and visualization;
4483	(iii) addresses the behavioral risk factors associated with underage drinking; and
4484	(iv) provides practical tools to address the dangers of underage drinking.
4485	(2) There is created the Underage Drinking Prevention Program that consists of:
4486	(a) a school-based prevention program for students in grade 7 or 8; and
4487	(b) a school-based prevention program for students in grade 9 or 10 that increases

4488	awareness of the dangers of driving under the influence of alcohol.
4489	(3) (a) Beginning with the 2018-19 school year, an LEA shall offer the program each
4490	school year to each student in grade 7 or 8 and grade 9 or 10.
4491	(b) An LEA shall select from the providers qualified by the state board under
4492	Subsection (6) to offer the program.
4493	(4) The state board shall administer the program with input from the advisory council.
4494	(5) There is created the Underage Drinking Prevention Program Advisory Council
4495	comprised of the following members:
4496	(a) the executive director of the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control or the
4497	executive director's designee;
4498	(b) the executive director of the Department of Health or the executive director's
4499	designee;
4500	(c) the director of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health or the director's
4501	designee;
4502	(d) the director of the Division of Child and Family Services or the director's designee;
4503	(e) the director of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services or the director's designee;
4504	(f) the state superintendent or the state superintendent's designee; and
4505	(g) two members of the state board, appointed by the chair of the state board.
4506	(6) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the state
4507	board shall qualify one or more providers to provide the program to an LEA.
4508	(b) In selecting a provider described in Subsection (6)(a), the state board shall consider:
4509	(i) whether the provider's program complies with the requirements described in this
4510	section;
4511	(ii) the extent to which the provider's underage drinking prevention program aligns
4512	with core standards for Utah public schools; and
4513	(iii) the provider's experience in providing a program that is effective at reducing
4514	underage drinking.
4515	(7) (a) The state board shall use money from the Underage Drinking Prevention

Program Restricted Account described in Section 53F-9-304 for the program.

Restricted Account to fund up to .5 of a full-time equivalent position to administer the

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(b) The state board may use money from the Underage Drinking Prevention Program

4519	program.
4520	(8) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4521	Act, the state board shall make rules that:
4522	(a) beginning with the 2018-19 school year, require an LEA to offer the Underage
4523	Drinking Prevention Program each school year to each student in grade 7 or 8 and grade 9 or
4524	10; and
4525	(b) establish criteria for the state board to use in selecting a provider described in
4526	Subsection (6).
4527	Section 97. Section 53G-10-502 is amended to read:
4528	53G-10-502. Driver education established by school districts.
4529	(1) (a) Local school districts may establish and maintain driver education for pupils.
4530	(b) A school or local school district that provides driver education shall provide an
4531	opportunity for each pupil enrolled in that school or local school district to take the written test
4532	when the pupil is 15 years and nine months of age.
4533	(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (1)(b), a school or local school
4534	district that provides driver education may provide an opportunity for each pupil enrolled in
4535	that school or school district to take the written test when the pupil is 15 years of age.
4536	(2) The purpose of driver education is to help develop the knowledge, attitudes, habits,
4537	and skills necessary for the safe operation of motor vehicles.
4538	(3) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4539	Act, the state board shall make rules for driver education offered in the public schools.
4540	(4) The rules under Subsection (3) shall:
4541	(a) require at least one hour of classroom training on the subject of railroad crossing
4542	safety for each driver education pupil;
4543	(b) require instruction, based on data and information provided by the Division of Air
4544	Quality, on:
4545	(i) ways drivers can improve air quality; and
4546	(ii) the harmful effects of vehicle emissions; and
4547	(c) establish minimum standards for approved driving ranges under Section
4548	53-3-505.5.
4549	(5) The requirements of Section 53-3-505.5 apply to any behind-the-wheel driving

S.B. 229 4550 training provided as part of driver education offered under this part and used to satisfy the 4551 driver training requirement under Section 53-3-204. 4552 Section 98. Section **53G-10-507** is amended to read: 4553 53G-10-507. Driver education teachers certified as license examiners. 4554 (1) The Driver License Division of the Department of Public Safety and the state board 4555 shall establish procedures and standards to certify teachers of driver education classes under 4556 this part to administer written and driving tests. 4557 (2) The division is the certifying authority. 4558 (3) (a) A teacher certified under this section shall give written and driving tests 4559 designed for driver education classes authorized under this part. 4560 (b) The Driver License Division shall, in conjunction with the state board, establish 4561 minimal standards for the driver education class tests that are at least as difficult as those required to receive a class D operator's license under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver 4562 License Act. 4563 4564 (c) A student who passes the written test but fails the driving test given by a teacher 4565 certified under this section may apply for a learner permit or class D operator's license under 4566 Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 2, Driver Licensing Act, and complete the driving test at a Driver License Division office. 4567 4568 (4) A student shall have a learner permit issued by the Driver License Division under 4569 Section 53-3-210.5 in the student's immediate possession at all times when operating a motor 4570 vehicle under this section. (5) A student who successfully passes the tests given by a certified driver education 4571 teacher under this section satisfies the written and driving parts of the test required for a learner 4572 4573 permit or class D operator's license. 4574 (6) The Driver License Division and the state board shall establish procedures to 4575 enable school districts to administer or process any tests for students to receive a learner permit 4576 or class D operator's license.

- 4577 (7) The division and state board shall establish the standards and procedures required 4578 under this section by rules made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 4579 Rulemaking Act.

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Section 99. Section **53G-10-508** is amended to read:

4581	53G-10-508. Programs authorized Minimum standards.
4582	(1) Local school districts may:
4583	(a) allow students to complete the classroom training portion of driver education
4584	through home study;
4585	(b) provide each parent with driver education instructional materials to assist in parent
4586	involvement with driver education including behind-the-wheel driving materials;
4587	(c) offer driver education outside of school hours in order to reduce the cost of
4588	providing driver education;
4589	(d) offer driver education through community education programs;
4590	(e) offer the classroom portion of driver education in the public schools and allow the
4591	student to complete the behind-the-wheel portion with a private provider:
4592	(i) licensed under Section 53-3-504; and
4593	(ii) not associated with the school or under contract with the school under Subsection
4594	53G-10-503(3); or
4595	(f) any combination of Subsections (1)(a) through (e).
4596	(2) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4597	Act, the state board shall establish in rule minimum standards for the school-related programs
4598	under Subsection (1).
4599	Section 100. Section 53G-11-304 is amended to read:
4600	53G-11-304. Educator exit survey Rulemaking Local education agencies to
4601	create and administer exit surveys Reporting.
4602	(1) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4603	Act, the state board shall make rules that establish:
4604	(a) minimum standards for an exit survey described in Subsection (2), including a
4605	model exit survey; and
4606	(b) LEA exit survey reporting requirements.
4607	(2) An LEA shall, in accordance with the rules described in Subsection (1):
4608	(a) for an educator who is leaving employment at the LEA:
4609	(i) create an exit survey; and
4610	(ii) make the LEA's best effort to administer the exit survey to the educator before the
4611	educator leaves employment at the LEA; and

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4612	(b) report the results of an administered exit survey to the state board.
4613	(3) The state board shall:
4614	(a) before taking final action on the rules described in Subsection (1), report the
4615	proposed rules to the Education Interim Committee and consider recommendations from the
4616	committee regarding the proposed rules; and
4617	(b) on or before November 30, 2020, and as requested by the Education Interim
4618	Committee, report to the committee on the results described in Subsection (2)(b).
4619	Section 101. Section 53G-11-504 is amended to read:
4620	53G-11-504. Evaluation of employee performance.
4621	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local school board shall require that the
4622	performance of each school district employee be evaluated annually in accordance with rules of
4623	the state board adopted in accordance with this part and Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
4624	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
4625	(2) Rules adopted by the state board under Subsection (1) may include an exemption
4626	from annual performance evaluations for a temporary employee or a part-time employee.
4627	Section 102. Section 53G-11-508 is amended to read:
4628	53G-11-508. Summative evaluation timelines Review of summative evaluations.
4629	(1) The person responsible for administering an educator's summative evaluation shall:
4630	(a) at least 15 days before an educator's first evaluation:
4631	(i) notify the educator of the evaluation process; and
4632	(ii) give the educator a copy of the evaluation instrument, if an instrument is used;
4633	(b) allow the educator to respond to any part of the evaluation;
4634	(c) attach the educator's response to the evaluation if the educator's response is
4635	provided in writing;
4636	(d) within 15 days after the evaluation process is completed, discuss the written
4637	evaluation with the educator; and
4638	(e) based upon the educator's performance, assign to the educator one of the four levels
4639	of performance described in Section 53G-11-507.
4640	(2) An educator who is not satisfied with a summative evaluation may request a review
4641	of the evaluation within 15 days after receiving the written evaluation.
4642	(3) (a) If a review is requested in accordance with Subsection (2), the school district

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teachers; and

4643	superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall appoint a person not employed by the
4644	school district who has expertise in teacher or personnel evaluation to review the evaluation
4645	procedures and make recommendations to the superintendent regarding the educator's
4646	summative evaluation.
4647	(b) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4648	Act, the state board shall make rules prescribing standards for an independent review of an
4649	educator's summative evaluation.
4650	(c) A review of an educator's summative evaluation under Subsection (3)(a) shall be
4651	conducted in accordance with state board rules made under Subsection (3)(b).
4652	Section 103. Section 53G-11-510 is amended to read:
4653	53G-11-510. State board to describe a framework for the evaluation of educators.
4654	(1) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4655	Act, the state board shall make rules:
4656	(a) describing a framework for the evaluation of educators that is consistent with the
4657	requirements of Part 3, Licensed Employee Requirements, and Sections 53G-11-506,
4658	53G-11-507, 53G-11-508, 53G-11-509, 53G-11-510, and 53G-11-511; and
4659	(b) requiring an educator's summative evaluation to be based on:
4660	(i) educator professional standards established by the state board; and
4661	(ii) the requirements described in Subsection 53G-11-507(1).
4662	(2) The rules described in Subsection (1) shall prohibit the use of end-of-level
4663	assessment scores in educator evaluation.
4664	Section 104. Section 53G-11-511 is amended to read:
4665	53G-11-511. Report of performance levels.
4666	(1) A school district shall report to the state board the number and percent of educators
4667	in each of the four levels of performance assigned under Section 53G-11-508.
4668	(2) The data reported under Subsection (1) shall be separately reported for the
4669	following educator classifications:
4670	(a) administrators:

(b) teachers, including separately reported data for provisional teachers and career

(c) other classifications or demographics of educators as determined by the state board.

4674	(3) The state superintendent shall include the data reported by school districts under
4675	this section in the State Superintendent's Annual Report required by Section 53E-3-301.
4676	(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4677	Act, the state board shall make rules to ensure the privacy and protection of individual
4678	evaluation data.
4679	Section 105. Section 53G-11-518 is amended to read:
4680	53G-11-518. State board to make rules on performance compensation.
4681	(1) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4682	Act, the state board shall make rules requiring a school district's employee compensation
4683	system to be aligned with the district's annual evaluation system described in Section
4684	53G-11-507.
4685	(2) Rules adopted under Subsection (1) shall:
4686	(a) establish a timeline for developing and implementing an employee compensation
4687	system that is aligned with an annual evaluation system; and
4688	(b) provide that beginning no later than the 2016-17 school year:
4689	(i) any advancement on an adopted wage or salary schedule:
4690	(A) shall be based primarily on an evaluation; and
4691	(B) may not be based on end-of-level assessment scores; and
4692	(ii) an employee may not advance on an adopted wage or salary schedule if the
4693	employee's rating on the most recent evaluation is at the lowest level of an evaluation
4694	instrument.
4695	Section 106. Section 63A-1-105.5 is amended to read:
4696	63A-1-105.5. Rulemaking authority of executive director.
4697	The executive director shall, upon the recommendation of the appropriate division
4698	directors or the director of the Office of Administrative Rules, make rules consistent with state
4699	and federal law, and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
4700	Act, governing:
4701	(1) administrative services; and
4702	(2) the provision and use of administrative services furnished to state agencies and
4703	institutions.
4704	Section 107. Section 63G-3-102 is amended to read:

63G-3-102. Definitions.

4706	As used in this chapter:
4707	(1) "Administrative record" means information an agency relies upon when making a
4708	rule under this chapter including:
4709	(a) the proposed rule, change in the proposed rule, and the rule analysis form;
4710	(b) the public comment received and recorded by the agency during the public
4711	comment period;
4712	(c) the agency's response to the public comment;
4713	(d) the agency's analysis of the public comment; and
4714	(e) the agency's report of its decision-making process.
4715	(2) "Agency" means each state board, authority, commission, institution, department,
4716	division, officer, or other state government entity other than the Legislature, its committees, the
4717	political subdivisions of the state, or the courts, which is authorized or required by law to make
4718	rules, adjudicate, grant or withhold licenses, grant or withhold relief from legal obligations, or
4719	perform other similar actions or duties delegated by law.
4720	(3) "Bulletin" means the Utah State Bulletin.
4721	(4) "Catchline" means a short summary of each section, part, rule, or title of the code
4722	that follows the section, part, rule, or title reference placed before the text of the rule and serves
4723	the same function as boldface in legislation as described in Section 68-3-13.
4724	(5) "Code" means the body of all effective rules as compiled and organized by the
4725	office and entitled "Utah Administrative Code."
4726	(6) "Department" means the Department of Administrative Services created in Section
4727	63A-1-104.
4728	(7) "Director" means the director of the office.
4729	[(7)] (8) "Effective" means operative and enforceable.
4730	[8] (9) "Executive director" means the executive director of the department.
4731	[(9)] (10) (a) "File" means to submit a document to the office as prescribed by the
4732	[department] <u>office</u> .
4733	[(b)] (11) "Filing date" means the day and time the document is recorded as received by
4734	the office.
4735	[(10)] (12) "Interested person" means any person affected by or interested in a

summarize and analyze rules.

4736 proposed rule, amendment to an existing rule, or a nonsubstantive change made under Section 4737 63G-3-402. 4738 [(11)] (13) "Office" means the Office of Administrative Rules created in Section 4739 63G-3-401. 4740 [(12)] (14) "Order" means an agency action that determines the legal rights, duties, 4741 privileges, immunities, or other interests of one or more specific persons, but not a class of 4742 persons. 4743 [(13)] (15) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, 4744 governmental entity, or public or private organization of any character other than an agency. 4745 [(14)] (16) "Publication" or "publish" means making a rule available to the public by 4746 including the rule or a summary of the rule in the bulletin. 4747 [(15)] (17) "Publication date" means the inscribed date of the bulletin. 4748 [(16)] (18) "Register" may include an electronic database. 4749 [(17)] (19) (a) "Rule" means an agency's written statement that: 4750 (i) is explicitly or implicitly required by state or federal statute or other applicable law; 4751 (ii) implements or interprets a state or federal legal mandate; and (iii) applies to a class of persons or another agency. 4752 4753 (b) "Rule" includes the amendment or repeal of an existing rule. 4754 (c) "Rule" does not mean: 4755 (i) orders; 4756 (ii) an agency's written statement that applies only to internal management and that 4757 does not restrict the legal rights of a public class of persons or another agency; 4758 (iii) the governor's executive orders or proclamations: 4759 (iv) opinions issued by the attorney general's office; 4760 (v) declaratory rulings issued by the agency according to Section 63G-4-503 except as 4761 required by Section 63G-3-201; 4762 (vi) rulings by an agency in adjudicative proceedings, except as required by Subsection 4763 63G-3-201(6); or 4764 (vii) an agency written statement that is in violation of any state or federal law. 4765 [(18)] (20) "Rule analysis" means the format prescribed by the [department] office to

- 4767 [(19)] (21) "Small business" means a business employing fewer than 50 persons. 4768 [(20)] (22) "Substantive change" means a change in a rule that affects the application 4769 or results of agency actions. 4770 Section 108. Section **63G-3-201** is amended to read: 4771 63G-3-201. When rulemaking is required. 4772 (1) Each agency shall: 4773 (a) maintain a current version of its rules; and 4774 (b) make it available to the public for inspection during its regular business hours. 4775 (2) In addition to other rulemaking required by law, each agency shall make rules when 4776 agency action: 4777 (a) authorizes, requires, or prohibits an action: 4778 (b) provides or prohibits a material benefit; 4779 (c) applies to a class of persons or another agency; and 4780 (d) is explicitly or implicitly authorized by statute. 4781 (3) Rulemaking is also required when an agency issues a written interpretation of a 4782 state or federal legal mandate. 4783 (4) Rulemaking is not required when: 4784 (a) agency action applies only to internal agency management, inmates or residents of a 4785 state correctional, diagnostic, or detention facility, persons under state legal custody, patients 4786 admitted to a state hospital, members of the state retirement system, or, except as provided in 4787 Title 53B, Chapter 27, Part 3, Student Civil Liberties Protection Act, students enrolled in a 4788 state education institution; (b) a standardized agency manual applies only to internal fiscal or administrative 4789 4790 details of governmental entities supervised under statute; 4791 (c) an agency issues policy or other statements that are advisory, informative, or 4792 descriptive, and do not conform to the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3); or 4793 (d) an agency makes nonsubstantive changes in a rule, except that the agency shall file 4794 all nonsubstantive changes in a rule with the office. 4795 (5) (a) A rule shall enumerate any penalty authorized by statute that may result from its
 - (b) A violation of a rule may not be subject to the criminal penalty of a class C

violation, subject to Subsections (5)(b) and (c).

4798 misdemeanor or greater offense, except as provided under Subsection (5)(c). 4799 (c) A violation of a rule may be subject to a class C misdemeanor or greater criminal 4800 penalty under Subsection (5)(a) when: 4801 (i) authorized by a specific state statute; 4802 (ii) a state law and programs under that law are established in order for the state to 4803 obtain or maintain primacy over a federal program; or 4804 (iii) state civil or criminal penalties established by state statute regarding the program 4805 are equivalent to or less than corresponding federal civil or criminal penalties. 4806 (6) Each agency shall enact rules incorporating the principles of law not already in its 4807 rules that are established by final adjudicative decisions within 120 days after the decision is 4808 announced in its cases. 4809 (7) (a) Each agency may enact a rule that incorporates by reference: 4810 (i) all or any part of another code, rule, or regulation that has been adopted by a federal 4811 agency, an agency or political subdivision of this state, an agency of another state, or by a nationally recognized organization or association; 4812 4813 (ii) state agency implementation plans mandated by the federal government for 4814 participation in the federal program; (iii) lists, tables, illustrations, or similar materials that are subject to frequent change. 4815 4816 fully described in the rule, and are available for public inspection; or 4817 (iv) lists, tables, illustrations, or similar materials that the [executive director or the 4818 executive director's designee] director determines are too expensive to reproduce in the 4819 administrative code. 4820 (b) Rules incorporating materials by reference shall: (i) be enacted according to the procedures outlined in this chapter; 4821 4822 (ii) state that the referenced material is incorporated by reference; 4823 (iii) state the date, issue, or version of the material being incorporated; and 4824 (iv) define specifically what material is incorporated by reference and identify any

(c) The agency shall identify any substantive changes in the material incorporated by reference by following the rulemaking procedures of this chapter.

agency deviations from it.

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(d) The agency shall maintain a complete and current copy of the referenced material

4829	available for public review at the agency and at the office.
4830	(8) (a) This chapter is not intended to inhibit the exercise of agency discretion within
4831	the limits prescribed by statute or agency rule.
4832	(b) An agency may enact a rule creating a justified exception to a rule.
4833	(9) An agency may obtain assistance from the attorney general to ensure that its rules
4834	meet legal and constitutional requirements.
4835	Section 109. Section 63G-3-301 is amended to read:
4836	63G-3-301. Rulemaking procedure.
4837	(1) An agency authorized to make rules is also authorized to amend or repeal those
4838	rules.
4839	(2) Except as provided in Sections 63G-3-303 and 63G-3-304, when making,
4840	amending, or repealing a rule agencies shall comply with:
4841	(a) the requirements of this section;
4842	(b) consistent procedures required by other statutes;
4843	(c) applicable federal mandates; and
4844	(d) rules made by the [department] office to implement this chapter.
4845	(3) Subject to the requirements of this chapter, each agency shall develop and use
4846	flexible approaches in drafting rules that meet the needs of the agency and that involve persons
4847	affected by the agency's rules.
4848	(4) (a) Each agency shall file the agency's proposed rule and rule analysis with the
4849	office.
4850	(b) Rule amendments shall be marked with new language underlined and deleted
4851	language struck out.
4852	(c) (i) The office shall publish the information required under Subsection (8) on the
4853	rule analysis and the text of the proposed rule in the next issue of the bulletin.
4854	(ii) For rule amendments, only the section or subsection of the rule being amended
4855	need be printed.
4856	(iii) If the [executive director or the executive director's designee] director determines
4857	that the rule is too long to publish, the office shall publish the rule analysis and shall publish

(5) Before filing a rule with the office, the agency shall conduct a thorough analysis,

the rule by reference to a copy on file with the office.

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consistent with the criteria established by the Governor's Office of Management and Budget, of the fiscal impact a rule may have on businesses, which criteria may include:

- (a) the type of industries that will be impacted by the rule, and for each identified industry, an estimate of the total number of businesses within the industry, and an estimate of the number of those businesses that are small businesses;
- (b) the individual fiscal impact that would incur to a typical business for a one-year period;
- (c) the aggregated total fiscal impact that would incur to all businesses within the state for a one-year period;
 - (d) the total cost that would incur to all impacted entities over a five-year period; and
 - (e) the department head's comments on the analysis.

- (6) If the agency reasonably expects that a proposed rule will have a measurable negative fiscal impact on small businesses, the agency shall consider, as allowed by federal law, each of the following methods of reducing the impact of the rule on small businesses:
- (a) establishing less stringent compliance or reporting requirements for small businesses;
- (b) establishing less stringent schedules or deadlines for compliance or reporting requirements for small businesses;
- (c) consolidating or simplifying compliance or reporting requirements for small businesses;
- (d) establishing performance standards for small businesses to replace design or operational standards required in the proposed rule; and
- (e) exempting small businesses from all or any part of the requirements contained in the proposed rule.
- (7) If during the public comment period an agency receives comment that the proposed rule will cost small business more than one day's annual average gross receipts, and the agency had not previously performed the analysis in Subsection (6), the agency shall perform the analysis described in Subsection (6).
 - (8) The rule analysis shall contain:
 - (a) a summary of the rule or change;
- (b) the purpose of the rule or reason for the change;

4891	(c) the statutory authority or federal requirement for the rule;
4892	(d) the anticipated cost or savings to:
4893	(i) the state budget;
4894	(ii) local governments;
4895	(iii) small businesses; and
4896	(iv) persons other than small businesses, businesses, or local governmental entities;
4897	(e) the compliance cost for affected persons;
4898	(f) how interested persons may review the full text of the rule;
4899	(g) how interested persons may present their views on the rule;
4900	(h) the time and place of any scheduled public hearing;
4901	(i) the name and telephone number of an agency employee who may be contacted
4902	about the rule;
4903	(j) the name of the agency head or designee who authorized the rule;
4904	(k) the date on which the rule may become effective following the public comment
4905	period;
4906	(1) the agency's analysis on the fiscal impact of the rule as required under Subsection
4907	(5);
4908	(m) any additional comments the department head may choose to submit regarding the
4909	fiscal impact the rule may have on businesses; and
4910	(n) if applicable, a summary of the agency's efforts to comply with the requirements of
4911	Subsection (6).
4912	(9) (a) For a rule being repealed and reenacted, the rule analysis shall contain a
4913	summary that generally includes the following:
4914	(i) a summary of substantive provisions in the repealed rule which are eliminated from
4915	the enacted rule; and
4916	(ii) a summary of new substantive provisions appearing only in the enacted rule.
4917	(b) The summary required under this Subsection (9) is to aid in review and may not be
4918	used to contest any rule on the ground of noncompliance with the procedural requirements of
4919	this chapter.
4920	(10) A copy of the rule analysis shall be mailed to all persons who have made timely
4921	request of the agency for advance notice of the agency's rulemaking proceedings and to any

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other person who, by statutory or federal mandate or in the judgment of the agency, should also receive notice.

- (11) (a) Following the publication date, the agency shall allow at least 30 days for public comment on the rule.
- (b) The agency shall review and evaluate all public comments submitted in writing within the time period under Subsection (11)(a) or presented at public hearings conducted by the agency within the time period under Subsection (11)(a).
- (12) (a) Except as provided in Sections 63G-3-303 and 63G-3-304, a proposed rule becomes effective on any date specified by the agency that is:
- (i) no fewer than seven calendar days after the day on which the public comment period closes under Subsection (11); and
 - (ii) no more than 120 days after the day on which the rule is published.
- (b) The agency shall provide notice of the rule's effective date to the office in the form required by the [department] office.
- (c) The notice of effective date may not provide for an effective date before the day on which the office receives the notice.
- (d) The office shall publish notice of the effective date of the rule in the next issue of the bulletin.
- (e) A proposed rule lapses if a notice of effective date or a change to a proposed rule is not filed with the office within 120 days after the day on which the rule is published.
- (13) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (13)(d), before an agency enacts a rule, the agency shall submit to the appropriations subcommittee and interim committee with jurisdiction over the agency the agency's proposed rule for review, if the proposed rule, over a three-year period, has a fiscal impact of more than:
 - (i) \$250,000 to a single person; or
 - (ii) \$7,500,000 to a group of persons.
- (b) An appropriations subcommittee or interim committee that reviews a rule submitted under Subsection (13)(a) shall:
- (i) before the review, directly inform the chairs of the Administrative Rules Review Committee of the coming review, including the date, time, and place of the review; and
- (ii) after the review, directly inform the chairs of the Administrative Rules Review

Committee of the outcome of the review, including any recommendation.

- (c) An appropriations subcommittee or interim committee that reviews a rule submitted under Subsection (13)(a) may recommend to the Administrative Rules Review Committee that the Administrative Rules Review Committee not recommend reauthorization of the rule in the omnibus legislation described in Section 63G-3-502.
 - (d) The requirement described in Subsection (13)(a) does not apply to:
- 4959 (i) the State Tax Commission; or

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- (ii) the State Board of Education.
- (14) (a) As used in this Subsection (14), "initiate rulemaking proceedings" means the filing, for the purposes of publication in accordance with Subsection (4), of an agency's proposed rule that is required by state statute.
- (b) A state agency shall initiate rulemaking proceedings no later than 180 days after the day on which the statutory provision that specifically requires the rulemaking takes effect, except under Subsection (14)(c).
- (c) When a statute is enacted that requires agency rulemaking and the affected agency already has rules in place that meet the statutory requirement, the agency shall submit the rules to the Administrative Rules Review Committee for review within 60 days after the day on which the statute requiring the rulemaking takes effect.
- (d) If a state agency does not initiate rulemaking proceedings in accordance with the time requirements in Subsection (14)(b), the state agency shall appear before the legislative Administrative Rules Review Committee and provide the reasons for the delay.
 - Section 110. Section **63G-3-401** is amended to read:
 - 63G-3-401. Office of Administrative Rules created -- Director.
- (1) There is created within the Department of Administrative Services the Office of Administrative Rules, to be administered by a [coordinator] director.
 - (2) (a) The executive director shall appoint the director.
- 4979 [(2)] (b) The [coordinator] director shall hire, train, and supervise staff necessary for the office to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
- 4981 Section 111. Section **63G-3-402** is amended to read:
- 4982 **63G-3-402.** Office of Administrative Rules -- Duties generally.
- 4983 (1) The office shall:

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4984 (a) record in a register the receipt of all agency rules, rule analysis forms, and notices 4985 of effective dates; 4986 (b) make the register, copies of all proposed rules, and rulemaking documents available 4987 for public inspection; 4988 (c) publish all proposed rules, rule analyses, notices of effective dates, and review 4989 notices in the bulletin at least monthly, except that the office may publish the complete text of 4990 any proposed rule that the [executive director or the executive director's designee] director 4991 determines is too long to print or too expensive to publish by reference to the text maintained 4992 by the office; 4993 (d) compile, format, number, and index all effective rules in an administrative code, 4994 and periodically publish that code and supplements or revisions to it; 4995 (e) publish a digest of all rules and notices contained in the most recent bulletin; 4996 (f) publish at least annually an index of all changes to the administrative code and the 4997 effective date of each change; 4998 (g) print, or contract to print, all rulemaking publications the [executive] director 4999 determines necessary to implement this chapter; 5000 (h) distribute without charge the bulletin and administrative code to state-designated 5001 repositories, the Administrative Rules Review Committee, the Office of Legislative Research 5002 and General Counsel, and the two houses of the Legislature; 5003 (i) distribute without charge the digest and index to state legislators, agencies, political 5004 subdivisions on request, and the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel; 5005 (j) distribute, at prices covering publication costs, all paper rulemaking publications to 5006 all other requesting persons and agencies; 5007 (k) provide agencies assistance in rulemaking; 5008 (l) if the department operates the office as an internal service fund agency in 5009 accordance with Section 63A-1-109.5, submit to the Rate Committee established in Section 5010 63A-1-114:

5011 (i) the proposed rate and fee schedule as required by Section 63A-1-114; and

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- (ii) other information or analysis requested by the Rate Committee;
- (m) administer this chapter and require state agencies to comply with filing, publication, and hearing procedures; and

5015	(n) make technological improvements to the rulemaking process, including
5016	improvements to automation and digital accessibility.
5017	(2) The [department] office shall establish by rule in accordance with Title 63G,
5018	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, all filing, publication, and hearing procedures
5019	necessary to make rules under this chapter.
5020	(3) The office may after notifying the agency make nonsubstantive changes to rules
5021	filed with the office or published in the bulletin or code by:
5022	(a) implementing a uniform system of formatting, punctuation, capitalization,
5023	organization, numbering, and wording;
5024	(b) correcting obvious errors and inconsistencies in punctuation, capitalization,
5025	numbering, referencing, and wording;
5026	(c) changing a catchline to more accurately reflect the substance of each section, part,
5027	rule, or title;
5028	(d) updating or correcting annotations associated with a section, part, rule, or title; and
5029	(e) merging or determining priority of any amendment, enactment, or repeal to the
5030	same rule or section made effective by an agency.
5031	(4) In addition, the office may make the following nonsubstantive changes with the
5032	concurrence of the agency:
5033	(a) eliminate duplication within rules;
5034	(b) eliminate obsolete and redundant words; and
5035	(c) correct defective or inconsistent section and paragraph structure in arrangement of
5036	the subject matter of rules.
5037	(5) For nonsubstantive changes made in accordance with Subsection (3) or (4) after
5038	publication of the rule in the bulletin, the office shall publish a list of nonsubstantive changes
5039	in the bulletin. For each nonsubstantive change, the list shall include:
5040	(a) the affected code citation;
5041	(b) a brief description of the change; and
5042	(c) the date the change was made.
5043	(6) All funds appropriated or collected for publishing the office's publications shall be
5044	nonlapsing.

Section 112. Section **63G-3-403** is amended to read:

5046	63G-3-403. Repeal and reenactment of Utah Administrative Code.
5047	(1) When the [executive] director determines that the Utah Administrative Code
5048	requires extensive revision and reorganization, the office may repeal the code and reenact a
5049	new code according to the requirements of this section.
5050	(2) The office may:
5051	(a) reorganize, reformat, and renumber the code;
5052	(b) require each agency to review its rules and make any organizational or substantive
5053	changes according to the requirements of Section 63G-3-303; and
5054	(c) require each agency to prepare a brief summary of all substantive changes made by
5055	the agency.
5056	(3) The office may make nonsubstantive changes in the code by:
5057	(a) adopting a uniform system of punctuation, capitalization, numbering, and wording;
5058	(b) eliminating duplication;
5059	(c) correcting defective or inconsistent section and paragraph structure in arrangement
5060	of the subject matter of rules;
5061	(d) eliminating all obsolete or redundant words;
5062	(e) correcting obvious errors and inconsistencies in punctuation, capitalization,
5063	numbering, referencing, and wording;
5064	(f) changing a catchline to more accurately reflect the substance of each section, part,
5065	rule, or title;
5066	(g) updating or correcting annotations associated with a section, part, rule, or title; and
5067	(h) merging or determining priority of any amendment, enactment, or repeal to the
5068	same rule or section made effective by an agency.
5069	(4) (a) To inform the public about the proposed code reenactment, the office shall
5070	publish in the bulletin:
5071	(i) notice of the code reenactment;
5072	(ii) the date, time, and place of a public hearing where members of the public may
5073	comment on the proposed reenactment of the code;
5074	(iii) locations where the proposed reenactment of the code may be reviewed; and
5075	(iv) agency summaries of substantive changes in the reenacted code.
5076	(b) To inform the public about substantive changes in agency rules contained in the

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5077	proposed reenactment, each agency shall:
5078	(i) make the text of their reenacted rules available:
5079	(A) for public review during regular business hours; and
5080	(B) in an electronic version; and
5081	(ii) comply with the requirements of Subsection 63G-3-301(10).
5082	(5) The office shall hold a public hearing on the proposed code reenactment no fewer
5083	than 30 days nor more than 45 days after the publication required by Subsection (4)(a).
5084	(6) The office shall distribute complete text of the proposed code reenactment without
5085	charge to:
5086	(a) state-designated repositories in Utah;
5087	(b) the Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
5088	(c) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
5089	(7) The former code is repealed and the reenacted code is effective at noon on a date
5090	designated by the office that is not fewer than 45 days nor more than 90 days after the
5091	publication date required by this section.
5092	(8) Repeal and reenactment of the code meets the requirements of Section 63G-3-305
5093	for a review of all agency rules.
5094	Section 113. Section 63G-3-601 is amended to read:
5095	63G-3-601. Interested parties Petition for agency action.
5096	(1) As used in this section, "initiate rulemaking proceedings" means the filing, for the
5097	purposes of publication in accordance with Subsection 63G-3-301(4), of an agency's proposed
5098	rule to implement a petition for the making, amendment, or repeal of a rule as provided in this
5099	section.
5100	(2) An interested person may petition an agency to request the making, amendment, or
5101	repeal of a rule.
5102	(3) The [department] office shall prescribe by rule the form for petitions and the
5103	procedure for their submission, consideration, and disposition.

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(4) A statement shall accompany the proposed rule, or proposed amendment or repeal

of a rule, demonstrating that the proposed action is within the jurisdiction of the agency and

(5) Within 60 days after submission of a petition, the agency shall either deny the

appropriate to the powers of the agency.

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5108	petition in writing, stating its reasons for the denial, or initiate rulemaking proceedings.
5109	(6) (a) If the petition is submitted to a board that has been granted rulemaking authority
5110	by the Legislature, the board shall, within 45 days of the submission of the petition, place the
5111	petition on its agenda for review.
5112	(b) Within 80 days of the submission of the petition, the board shall either:
5113	(i) deny the petition in writing stating its reasons for denial; or
5114	(ii) initiate rulemaking proceedings.
5115	(7) If the agency or board has not provided the petitioner written notice that the agency
5116	has denied the petition or initiated rulemaking proceedings within the time limitations specified
5117	in Subsection (5) or (6) respectively, the petitioner may seek a writ of mandamus in state

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district court.